

10-31-1962

## Kabul Times (October 31, 1962, vol. 1, no. 196)

Bakhtar News Agency

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## THE WEATHER

### YESTERDAY:

Maximum +16°C.  
Minimum -1°C.  
Sun sets today at 5-17 p.m.  
Sun rises tomorrow at 6-18 a.m.

# KABUL TIMES

## KABUL TIMES

NEWS STALLS  
Near Shabi Pul; Blue  
Mosque Shar-e-Naw; Khyber  
Restaurant; International  
Club; Pamir Cinema; Near  
Ariana Afghan Airlines.

VOL. I, NO. 196

KABUL, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1962 (AQAB 9, 1341 S. H.)

PRICE Af. 1

## Need To Continue Efforts His Majesty's For Tests Ban Accord Messages To U.S. U.N. & Britain Asked To WESTERN DELEGATES' PLEA AT & Soviet Leaders Intervene In GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS South Rhodesian Dispute

GENEVA, Oct. 31, (Reuter).—The Western delegates at the nuclear test ban negotiations yesterday urged that the "momentum of events" accompanying the Cuban crisis easing should be kept going in efforts to agree on a halt to tests.

KABUL, Oct. 31.—Messages have been despatched on behalf of His Majesty the King to President Kennedy of the United States and Mr. Khrushchev, Prime Minister of the Soviet Union expressing the appreciation and praise of the Government and people of Afghanistan for their peaceful efforts and good will for the settlement of the Cuban crisis.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31, (AP).—African-Asian delegates presented to the Trusteeship Committee yesterday a 40-nation resolution calling on the acting Secretary-General, U Thant, and Britain to intervene in the Southern Rhodesian dispute.

No immediate vote was taken on the motion, but African-Asian delegates expressed determination to make the 110-member Committee vote on the document today.

### Foreign Minister Naim Meets Khrushchev

The negotiations—which enter their fifth year on Thursday—are stalled over the issue of underground tests.

The United States delegate, Mr. Charles Stelle, and his British colleague, Mr. Peter Smithers, noted that Mr. Khrushchev had accepted the need for international verification of agreement in his pledge to dismantle missiles in Cuba under a United Nations check.

### His Majesty Returns

KABUL, Oct. 31.—His Majesty the King returned to Kabul at 11 p.m. yesterday after an unofficial visit to the northern parts of the country. His Majesty had left Kabul on October 22.

### Soviet Minister Meets Premier Daoud

KABUL, Oct. 31.—Mr. Sidorenko, U.S.S.R.'s Minister of Geology, was received by the Prime Minister, Sardar Mohammad Daoud, yesterday afternoon. Dr. Mohammad Yusuf the Minister of Mines and Industries and Mr. Mesah, the President of Petroleum exploration, were also present during the meeting.

Earlier in the day the Soviet Minister met Dr. Yusuf in the Ministry of Mines and Industries and talked about petroleum exploration and industrial matters. Mr. Sidorenko also visited the College of Science yesterday.

A reception was arranged in his honour by Dr. Yusuf which was attended by officials of the Ministry of Mines and Industries, the Charge d'Affairs and some officials of the Soviet Embassy in Kabul.

The resolution, in most respects similar to the one adopted by the last General Assembly, was hammered out at a six-hour meeting of African-Asian delegates late on Monday.

It was introduced before the Committee by Mr. Adballahi Ould Erebi of Mauritania, Chairman of the African-Asian group for October.

The resolution expressed the concern of its sponsors over reports that a new Constitution would be enforced tomorrow in that African territory. It requested Britain to take the necessary measures to secure "the immediate suspension of the enforcement of the Constitution...and cancellation of the general elections scheduled to take place there shortly."

The new Constitution, which would replace the one in existence since 1923, has been severely criticized by African leaders and U.N. delegates because it would grant only 15 seats in the 65-member Parliament to the African native majority.

### Pakistani Soldier Killed In Clash With Nationalists

KABUL, Oct. 31.—In a clash between Pakistani forces and Momand nationalists on October 21, one Pakistani soldier was killed, while one of the nationalists, Mr. Ghulam Hazrat, was captured by the Pakistani forces.

The clash took place when the nationalists, led by Mr. Malik Akbar Said Khan, attacked a Pakistani military post between Shar and Jar. They set fire to the annexe of the post. The report adds that Pakistani soldiers were supported by artillery in the camp of khar.

### 18 KAKAR TRIBESMEN

### ARRESTED

KABUL, Oct. 31.—A report from Quetta Southern Occupied Pakhtunistan states that the Government of Pakistan has arrested 18 people of the Kakar tribe of the Zhawb area for their freedom seeking activities.

### 5 Indian Posts

### "Removed"

### By Chinese

PEKING, Oct. 31.—Chinese frontier guards have "removed" more than five Indian strong-points after more fierce fighting on the western sector of the Sino-Indian border, the New China News Agency reported last night.

It said Indian troops, who had been repeatedly attacking the Chinese in the past three days in the area and "other places in China's Tibet region", fled towards India when the Chinese "resolutely counter-attacked."

This was the first report here for two days on the fighting at the western end of the 2,500-mile border.

It appeared to be the largest number of Indian posts overrun at one time in Ladakh since heavy fighting flared up 10 days ago. (See also pages 3 and 4)

### Censure Move By British Labour Party

LONDON, Oct. 31, (Reuter).—The Labour (Opposition) Party in Parliament last night announced a bid to censure the Conservative Government on its economic policies.

It was contained in an official amendment to the Government's motion asking Parliament to thank Queen Elizabeth for her speech from the throne at yesterday's opening of a new session.

The speech, written for the Queen by the Cabinet, outlined the Government's plans.

The Labour amendment "regrets" that the Royal speech "proposes no adequate policies for lifting Britain out of the prolonged industrial stagnation from which the country is still suffering, and for getting rid of the heavy and growing unemployment, especially in Scotland, the North of England, Wales and northern Ireland."

Signed by Mr. Hugh Gaitskell, the Labour Party Chief, and five of his aides, the amendment will be debated next Monday.

If a critical amendment of this kind were carried, the Government would be obliged to seek a fresh vote of confidence from Parliament. But as Mr. Harold Macmillan's administration has an overall House of Commons majority of around 100, it is in no danger of defeat.

Events in the Caribbean made it perfectly clear that there could be no peace or security for anybody without appropriate safeguards and guarantees, he declared.

Mr. Semyon Tsarapkin, the Soviet delegate, said the West was trying to see the favourable impetus of events in Cuba as support for "its demands for control which cannot be implemented."

### SAUDI ARABIA URGES

### TOTAL BAN ON TESTS

NEW YORK, Oct. 31, (AP).—A Saudi Arabian spokesman yesterday opposed U.S. and British pleas for at least a partial ban on all nuclear testing in the air, outer space and oceans, with negotiations to continue for banning underground tests under verification checks.

Mr. Ahmad Shukairy, the Saudi Arabian Minister of State, insisted there must be a total ban on all testing.

"A partial ban does not rise to the present danger and challenge now facing the world," Mr. Shukairy told the Assembly's main Political Committee.

(See also back page)

## Thant's Talks With Cuban Leaders In Havana

NEW YORK, Oct. 31, (Reuter).—U Thant, the acting Secretary-General, yesterday began talks in Havana with Cuban President, Prime Minister, and Foreign Minister, a UN spokesman announced here.

The spokesman told correspondents that U Thant met President Dorticos, Dr. Fidel Castro, and Dr. Raul Roa, the Foreign Minister, in the Presidential Palace in Havana after flying in from New York. He is due back here this evening.

U Thant is trying to work out a system of verification of the dismantling and withdrawal of the Soviet missile bases in Cuba.

The spokesman said U Thant made no statement on arrival at Havana airport. Before leaving New York U Thant was going to Cuba "in hopes of a speedy solution of the Cuban problem."

The spokesman stressed that the Secretary-General was not going to Cuba solely in connexion with arrangements for dismantling missile bases in that country. He recalled that U Thant told Dr. Cas-

tro, when accepting the latter's invitation, that he hoped to discuss with him "all important aspects of the problem."

The Cuban Foreign Minister, Senior Raul Roa, will come to New York to lead the delegation to the General Assembly shortly after U Thant, returns from Havana, informed sources said yesterday.

They said that Dr. Carlos Lecuga, Cuban Ambassador to Mexico and former envoy to the Organization of American States, would accompany the foreign Minister.

Reports circulated in the UN corridors that the present Cuban delegate to the U.N., Dr. Mario Garcia-Inchaustegui, was being recalled to Havana, but there was no immediate confirmation.







## 2 More W.H.O. Specialists For Afghanistan

KABUL, Oct. 31.—Dr. Kaul, the Assistant Director of the World Health Organization, yesterday met Dr. Abdul Qadir, the Vice-President of the Malaria Eradication Department.

Dr. Qadir later said that Dr. Kaul, after looking into the reports of the activities of the Afghan Malaria Eradication Department, praised the work. He promised to send two more specialists at Dr. Qadir's request.

During the meeting doctors and specialists of the Department and Dr. Krishnan, Acting Representative of the World Health Organization in Afghanistan, were also present.

Dr. Kaul also visited various branches of the College of Medicine and the Ali Abad Health Institutes.

## Another U.S. Nuclear Device Exploded

HONOLULU, Oct. 31, (AP).—A plane-dropped nuclear device was exploded in the Johnston island area. An Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) spokesman strongly indicated it was the biggest of the 34 United States tests this year.

Seismographs on Hawaii island, 750 miles away, recorded the blast and scientists first mistook the disturbance for an earthquake.

An AEC spokesman said yesterday's blast was in the megaton range, then explained this "means more than several megatons."

## ALGERIA'S NATIONAL DAY TOMORROW People Look To Future With Confidence

ALGIERS, Oct. 31, (Tass).—Tomorrow Algeria will celebrate the National Day of her struggle for independence. A festive spirit is already in evidence in the streets and squares of the city.

Thousands of national flags of the Algerian Republic are flying over flat roofs and balconies of multistoreyed buildings. The inscriptions, recalling the sinister days of the rampage of the OAS men, are being scrubbed off house walls and fences. Numerous foreign delegations are arriving in the Algerian capital to take part in the national festivities. Government delegations from the People's Republic of China, Hun-

the Mongolian People's Republic, Sudan, Syria and a number of other countries are already here. The widow of Mr. Patrice Lumumba, the national hero of the Congolese people, is among the guests.

For the first time the Algerian people freely and joyfully celebrate the day of the struggle for independence in peaceful conditions. Eight years ago, on November 1, 1954, a small group of patriots in Ores mountains raised the banner of uprising against colonial oppression and exploitation. Algeria emerged victorious from the unequal struggle.

### Traces of War

An independent republic rose up on the ruins of the colony. But the traces of the long fierce war are still to be seen everywhere in the capital. All windows are broken in the building housing the Natural Sciences Faculty of Algiers University. Only brick walls remain of the demolished building of the Prefecture. Wind howls in the half burned building of the Communications Department.

War demolished thousands of villages, pitted vineyards with trenches, left barbed wire in the

## Chinese Representation In U.N. Pazhwak Explains Afghanistan's Views On The Issue

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Speaking in the U.N. General Assembly recently on the issue of Chinese representation at the U.N., the leader of the Afghan delegation, Mr. Pazhwak, said: "We regret very much that once again the Assembly is confronted with the crucial question of the restoration of the lawful rights of the People's Republic of China in the United Nations, an issue which has been so controversial for so long a time."

He added: "Our greatest concern in this matter is the interest of the Chinese people and the interest of the United Nations... It is on the basis of this concern that we have ventured to ask for permission to speak in this Assembly."

"We do not wish to see this concern clouded in any way by irrelevant considerations. There is one consideration before the Assembly at the present time—in our view and that is the rightful representation of a Member State in the United Nations."

Mr. Pazhwak said: "Our support for the seating of the representatives of the People's Republic of China is not based merely on the fact that we have recognized the Government of the People's Republic of China, for our recognition itself has evolved from our

knowledge, as a neighbouring country, that the People's Republic of China is the only legitimate Government of China, now and for many years past, enjoying the support of the overwhelming majority of the Chinese people."

### Universality of U.N.

"Moreover, in all cases we have always supported the principle of the universality of the United Nations. The absence of a delegation representing the people of China and, as I said, the overwhelming majority of the people of China, from the United Nations is a glaring deviation from this concept which in fact excludes the great majority of the Chinese people from among the peoples of the United Nations. Moreover, the refusal to seat the representatives of the People's Republic of China cannot be based on the existence of ideological differences since this Organization is and should be composed of representatives of different ideologies and systems."

"This refusal cannot be based on political differences, especially when the fundamental purpose of the United Nations is co-existence and peaceful negotiation for the solution of all international problems in a world organization established only for this purpose. And this refusal cannot be based on the political differences between some countries and the People's Republic of China."

Mr. Pazhwak said: "In the interests of peace in Asia, the part of the world to which we belong, the aspirations of the Asian people should not and in the long run, we believe, cannot be overlooked in the consideration of this matter by the United Nations General Assembly."

### No New Member

"As I have said, we are not discussing the admission of a new member to the United Nations, but rather we are faced with the question of the credentials of a Member State. The nature of the question itself cannot be changed even though the issue has wide political implications—and we are fully aware of all these wide political implications. We fully recognize the impact that the participation of the People's Republic of China in the United Nations will have on improving the international situation and the practical solution of many international problems. We emphasize this aspect because it is the positive aspect."

"Therefore, we hope that at this session the General Assembly will at last take a decision and adopt a resolution which will be just, fair, right and realistic."

KABUL, Oct. 31.—Mr. Thbosa, WHO Adviser of sanitation in South-East Asia, left Afghanistan yesterday. On Thursday he met Dr. Omar the President of Public Health Institute, and submitted a report on the training of sanitarians. He had come to Afghanistan two weeks ago.

## Home News In Brief

KABUL, Oct. 31.—Mr. Abdul Wahab Tarzi, the President of the Afghan Tourist Bureau, left Bangkok yesterday to represent Afghanistan in the International Conference on Tourism.

KABUL, Oct. 31.—The Ministry of Commerce gave a luncheon yesterday in honour of Mr. Libich the Deputy Trade Counsellor of the Czechoslovak Government in Kabul. It was attended by Mr. Ghulam Mohammad Sherzad, the Minister, and some members of the Ministry of Commerce; the Czechoslovak Ambassador and members of the Czechoslovak trade mission in Kabul. In a brief statement during the reception Mr. Sherzad referred to the economic relations between Afghanistan and Czechoslovakia and expressed satisfaction at the manner in which Mr. Libich had discharged his duties during his term of office in Afghanistan. In reply the Czechoslovak Ambassador thanked the Minister for his appreciation.

KABUL, Oct. 31.—Professor Kordes, the Dean of the College of Economics in Cologne University and Professor Koenig, the Dean of the College of natural Sciences, of the University of Bonn, met Rector Anwari of Kabul University. During the meeting matters concerning the academic affairs of the Colleges of Science and Economics of the Kabul University which are affiliated with the Bonn and Cologne Universities were discussed. It was agreed that the two German universities should meet the requirement of the Colleges of Science and Economics for the next year also.

KABUL, Oct. 31.—Mr. Heppling, the United Nations Resident Representative in Afghanistan yesterday met Dr. Mahammad Omar the President of the Public Health Institute. Dr. Omar explained to Mr. Heppling the plans and activities of the Department.

## SINO-INDIAN BORDER ISSUE U.S.S.R. Calls For Negotiations

NEW YORK, Oct. 31, (Reuter).—The Soviet Union yesterday made another appeal for a negotiated settlement of the Chinese-Indian border dispute—after another Soviet bid to seat the People's Republic of China in the United Nations had failed.

Speaking after the USSR proposal on Chinese admission had been defeated by 56 votes to 42, Mr. Valerian Zorin, the Soviet delegate, told the General Assembly that his country believed the border dispute should be settled by peaceful means, through negotiations.

The Soviet Union believed that events on the border were contrary to China and India's national interests.



### PARK CINEMA:

At 4-30, 7-00 and 9-00 p.m. American film; **THE SHEEPMAN**; starring, Glenn Ford and Shirley Maclaine.

### KABUL CINEMA:

At 4-00 and 6-00 p.m. Russian film; **HOUSE ON THE CROSS ROAD**.

### BEHZAD CINEMA:

At 4-00 and 6-00 p.m. Russian film; **WORLD'S CHAMPION**.

### ZAINAB CINEMA:

At 4-00 and 6-30 p.m. Russian film; **PRETTY WALCE**.

## KABUL GOLF CLUB

### INFORMATION FROM THE TOURNAMENT COMMITTEE

The following matches will be played on Friday, November 2, 1962.

#### 1. Champion Flight

8-00 a.m. J. Robinson (13) vs L. A. Flynn (11); T. B. Wheeler (14) vs N. Farris (2).  
8-10 a.m. C. M. Messall (5) vs O. af Strom (6); J. Hampton (8) vs J. Polley (10).  
8-20 a.m. J. Holley (8) vs M. Beavers (9); Ch. Brown (+1) vs J. N. Dhamija (5).  
8-30 a.m. H. Leggett (9) vs J. Steeves (11); B. Reardon (6) vs C. Garber (6).

#### 2nd Flight

8-40 a.m. A. Syrdahl (24) vs S. Heppling (24); K. Sheehan (20) vs S. Cobert (20).  
8-50 H. Thomas (10) vs E. Seraj (6); M. Hyder (22) vs B. Moore (10).  
9-00 a.m. R. Miller (12) vs A. Tarzi (12); J. Fabricius (18) vs S. Moulin (24).  
9-10 a.m. B. Kupitz (22) vs J. Angotti (19); D. Davis (9) vs B. Waffel (17).

#### 3. Ladies Handicap Championship.

The first round, 18 holes, stroke play, full handicap will be played on Friday, 2nd November, and the second and final round on Friday, 9th November. Will the ladies please make up their own games? suggested teeing-off time for the first players, 09-15.

#### 4. Junior Handicap Championship.

The first matches will be played on Friday, November 2. Participating players should meet in the Club House at 2 o'clock; their competition will consist of 9 holes, stroke play, half handicap.

—ADVT.

## CLASSIFIED ADVT.

Wanted Interpreter English/Persian interpreter required. Typing essential. Please apply in handwriting to: P. O. Box 84.