


6-3-1963

Kabul Times (June 3, 1963, vol. 2, no. 78)

Bakhtar News Agency

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THE WEATHER

YESTERDAY Max. +28°C.
Minimum +13°C.
Sun sets today at 7:11 p.m.
Sun rises tomorrow at 4:38 a.m.
TOMORROW'S OUTLOOK:
Clear.
—Forecast by Air Authority

KABUL TIMES

KABUL TIMES

NEWS STALLS
Near Shahl Pul; Blue
Mosque Shar-e-naw; Khyber
Restaurant; International
Club; Pamir Cinema; Near
Ariana Afghan Airlines.

PRICE AF. 1

VOL. II, NO. 78

KABUL, MONDAY, JUNE 3, 1963 (JOWZA 12, 1342 S.H.)

All Public Meetings In British Guiana Banned Country In Grip Of General Strike

GEORGETOWN, June 3, (Reuter).—The Governor of British Guiana, Sir Ralph Grey, has banned public meetings in Georgetown and its suburbs, where hostile crowds threw stones at the Prime Minister, Dr. Cheddi Jagan, on Thursday.

The country is in the grip of a six-week-old general strike called to protest Government labour legislation.

About 50 people were injured and 20 arrested in Thursday's incidents which followed a funeral for the Home Affairs Minister, Mr. Claude Christian. Hostile crowds gathered near the church and threw stones at Government Ministers and attacked Indians.

Police arrested about 10 persons for various offences on Friday night.

Anwari Hopes For Rapid Progress Of College Of Science

KABUL, June 3.—Professor Dr. Mohammad Osman Anwari, President of Kabul University inspected on Saturday the new laboratories of zoology, geology and parasitology as well as the zoological museum of the College of Science of Kabul University.

Professor Anwari expressed hope that the College of Science and its different departments would make rapid headway.

Professor Kakar, the Dean of the College in an interview told a Bakhtar correspondent that the laboratory of zoology has been patterned after its counterpart in Bonn University and it was completed last week with the help of the team of professors serving in the Faculty under the provisions of the affiliation between this College and that of the Natural Science and Mathematics of Bonn University.

Describing the assistance given by Bonn University under this agreement during 1963, Professor Kakar said that grants amounting to DM 114,000 have been made for the Departments of zoology, chemistry and palaeontology.

It is learnt that tuition has already begun in these newly established laboratories.

French Socialists Reject Alliance With Communists

PARIS, June 3, (Reuter).—The French Socialist Party on Saturday night rejected any alliance with the communists after a heart-searching National Congress which sought a means of effective opposition to the Gaullist regime.

In a policy resolution the Party took a step towards co-operation with the communists by "not excluding" common defensive tactics with them in the face of specific peril.

The socialists also decided not to vote for ratification of the Franco-German Co-operation Treaty when it comes before Parliament soon.

U.S.S.R. To Help Surveying New Road In North

KABUL, June 3.—Representatives of the Ministry of Public Works and the Soviet Technoexport signed on Saturday a contract for surveying the Pul-i-Khumri, Mazar-i-Sharif Shibeighan highway; the contract was signed at the Ministry of Public Works in Kabul.

It provides for surveying and carrying out preliminary studies about the 360 km. long highway; the task is expected to be completed within the next 16 months.

The contract was signed by Mr. Abdul Aziz Attaye, Chief of the Administrative Department for the Ministry of Public Works, and by Mr. Yakuchev, Vice Economic Counsellor to the Soviet Embassy in Kabul on behalf of Technoexport.

WALLACE NOT TO ATTEND PERSONALLY FEDERAL COURT

NEW YORK, June 3, (AP).—Alabama Gov. George Wallace said Sunday he would be represented by Attorneys in Federal Court Monday in answer to a US Justice Department subpoena "but there is no need for my physical presence."

He was served the subpoena earlier Sunday before leaving Birmingham. It ordered him to appear before US District Judge Seybourne Lynne in Birmingham to show cause why a temporary injunction should not be issued to prevent him from interfering with Federal Court-ordered integration at the University of Alabama. Mr. Wallace, appearing on the "meet the press" television programme, said he opposed the enrollment of two negro students at the University of Alabama on June 10 and would attempt to block the move by the tactic of interposition—placing himself between the State of Alabama and the United States.

CHINESE FREIGHTER MAY 1 HITS ROCK AND SINKS, REPORTS NCNA

PEKING, June 3, (Reuter).—Chinese investigations have disclosed that the 9,842 freighter Yue Jin, which sank off South Korea on May 1, went down after striking a rock, the New China News Agency reported on Sunday.

The Chinese freighter's crew, all 55 of whom were rescued by a Japanese fishing boat, claimed that she had been torpedoed. The News Agency said it had



Mr. Rishya, Minister of Press and Information being welcomed by Mr. Carlo Cimino, the Italian Ambassador at a function held in the Embassy yesterday on the occasion of the Italian National Day.

His Majesty Greets President Segni On Italian National Day

KABUL, June 3.—A telegraphic message has been despatched on behalf of His Majesty the King to His Excellency President Antonio Segni of Italy congratulating him on the Italian National Day.

A reception was held at the Italian Embassy last evening on this occasion which was attended by His Royal Highness Marshal Shah Wali Khan Ghazi, the Victor of Kabul, First Deputy Prime Minister and the Minister of Finance, Mr. Abdullah Ma'ikyar; some members of the Cabinet; the Minister of Court; high-ranking officials members of the Diplomatic Corps at the Court of Kabul and newspapers editors.

MEDAL FOR ATHLETICS CONFERRED ON SERAJ

BY U.A.R.

KABUL, June 3.—President Gamal Abdel Nasser of the United Arab Republic has conferred the Medal for Athletics, First Class, upon Mr. Mohammad Farouk Seraj, President of the Afghan Olympic Federation. Report of this investiture has been published in the daily Al-Ahram of Cairo.

sador at a function held in the Embassy yesterday on the occasion of the Italian National Day.

HRH Ahmad Shah Attends Muharram Memorial Services

KABUL, June 3.—The 10th of Muharram, coinciding with the anniversary of the martyrdom of Imam Hussein, was observed yesterday.

His Royal Highness Prince Ahmad Shah, His Majesty's eldest son, accompanied by Mr. Ali Mohammad, the Minister of Court, took part in the memorial services and prayers yesterday morning.

His Royal Highness Marshal Shah Wali Khan Ghazi, the Victor of Kabul also took part in the Fateha ceremony.

Heavy Casualties On Infiltrators, Claims Radio Sana's

DAMASCUS, Syria, June 3, (AP).—Heavy casualties were inflicted on "Saudi infiltrators" in northeast Yemen, a Sana's Radio broadcast said Sunday.

Yemen accused Saudi Arabia of continuing operations on the Yemeni border in support of the deposed Imam Mohammed el Badr. All the infiltrators were driven back by UAR and Yemeni troops, the Radio said.

Earlier reports spoke of attempt by the Imam to move 3,000 Saudi trained Yemeni warriors into positions in northern Yemen before UN observers arrive.

Their Majesties The King & Shahinshah Exchange Messages

KABUL, June 3.—Friendly messages have been exchanged between His Majesty the King and His Majesty the Shahinshah of Iran on the successful conclusion of talks between the Afghan and Pakistani delegations which resulted in the re-establishment of diplomatic, consular and trade relations between the two countries.

His Majesty the King has thanked His Majesty the Shahinshah for his good offices in this connexion and His Majesty the Shahinshah has congratulated His Majesty the King on the attainment of the agreement.

His Majesty Receives German Ambassador

KABUL, June 3.—An announcement from the Department of Royal Protocol said that His Majesty the King received Dr. Schmidt Horix, the outgoing Ambassador of the Federal Republic of Germany, at Gulkhana Palace at 7:00 p.m. Saturday. Dr. Horix's tenure of office as FRG Ambassador to Afghanistan has come to an end.

Rishya And Etemadi Report To Cabinet On Tehran Meeting

KABUL, June 3.—At a Cabinet meeting on Saturday Mr. Rishya, the Minister of Press and Information and Mr. Nour Ahmad Etemadi, Secretary-General of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, presented their report about the Tehran Gathering, which led to the resumption of diplomatic, consular and trade relations between Afghanistan and Pakistan.

Grave Concern Over Deteriorating Health Of Ajmal Khatak

KABUL, June 3.—Grave concern is being expressed in Paktunistan over the deteriorating health and continued incarceration of Mr. Ajmal Khatak.

A report from Pesnawar in Central Occupied Paktunistan says that a group of prominent literary figures of Kohat District, in a recently issued joint statement, have expressed deep anxiety about this famous nationalist and writer's health in a Pakistani prison.

The group has also urged the Government of Pakistan to release him without delay.

In another literary meeting held at Charsada under the chairmanship of Mirza Taj Mohammad Khamosh, a resolution was unanimously passed demanding the immediate release of Mr. Khatak.

The meeting declared that the behaviour of the Government of Pakistan towards Paktunistani men of letters has deeply grieved the people of Paktunistan.

having struck a rock," the Agency reported.

The Yue Jin, China's first big ocean-going freighter, had left the North China Port of Tsingtao bound for Japan with a 13,600-ton cargo when she sank.

The voyage was to be the first by a large Chinese cargo vessel between China and Japan following last year's non-governmental trade agreement.

been authorised to state that the Ministry of Communications sent an operations fleet to find the exact cause of the disaster. The Chinese Navy also took part in the search.

They located the sunken freighter off South Korea after a 15-day search among known rocks in the area.

"Careful investigation established that the sinking of the freighter Yue Jin was due to its

KABUL TIMES

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KABUL TIMES

JUNE 3, 1963

SUKARNO AND TUNKU RAHMAN'S MEETING

The "heart-to-heart" talks between President Sukarno of Indonesia and Tunku Abdul Rahman of Malaya on the proposed Federation of Malaysia...

The understanding reached between the two comes just before a meeting which is to take place between the foreign ministers of Indonesia, Malaya and the Philippines to discuss the discord of their countries on the proposed Federation...

We have made primary vaccination compulsory in Afghanistan. We produce our own smallpox vaccine lymph at our Vaccine Institute...

fact to remember is that the people of these areas should be given the fullest choice. Truly enough, the Federation of Malaysia will be a step forward as far as the fulfillment of the legitimate aspirations of the peoples of the territories are concerned...

It will be a very difficult thing to speculate at this juncture as to what position exactly the Philippines and Indonesia would adopt about the proposed Federation after these series of talks are ended.

UN FINANCIAL CRISIS THE LANGUAGE Permanent Solution Should Be Found

By KHATAK The additional financial burden which directives of the Security Council imposed on the United Nations...

It may be recalled that the Soviet Union and a number of other countries refused to pay their share of the additional share of the extra financial burden imposed on the world body to maintain peace and also to help the Government of the Congo...

One of the favourable trends that might lead to an eventual solution of this problem is the fact that the General Assembly decided last December to accept the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice...

Afghanistan's Campaign Against Smallpox

The following is the text of a speech by Mr. Abdul Rahman Hakim on Afghanistan's efforts to eradicate smallpox which he delivered in World Health Organization's General Assembly recently in Geneva.

In Afghanistan we have at times outbreaks of smallpox throughout the country. There appears to be a specific periodicity of 3 to 4 years cycle. The highest incidence is during the winter.

We have made primary vaccination compulsory in Afghanistan. We produce our own smallpox vaccine lymph at our Vaccine Institute. WHO assistance to strengthen and upgrade this institution had been obtained in the past.

fact to remember is that the people of these areas should be given the fullest choice. Truly enough, the Federation of Malaysia will be a step forward as far as the fulfillment of the legitimate aspirations of the peoples of the territories are concerned...

In the future we propose to use the national malaria staff, engaged in the programme for carrying out vaccination in the course of their work, particularly of surveillance. We will see that this additional duty does not affect their legitimate work of malaria eradication.

ing of the United Nations Charter. Minor groups within the United Nations are trying to suggest ways and means of temporarily solving the problem leaving the long term solution to the next general assembly opening in September...

There is also a determined effort to collect contributions and to sell additional United Nations bonds up to the limit of \$200 million. The United Nations will have less expenditure now that the main target of maintaining peace in the Congo has been achieved.

While there are all these arguments in favour of a likelihood for finding a solution to the present financial crisis in the United Nations, one must not forget that a permanent solution has to be agreed upon because both in the Congo and the Middle East the United Nations has to continue spending money for some time; and what is more, similar problems might crop up in the future in other parts of the world.

In addition to, the goodwill existing all round for the UN survival as the only instrument for maintaining international peace, it is necessary for the two big powers to pay greater attention towards the strengthening of the United Nations and try to iron out their differences affecting the world body financially.

USSR Wins Six Gold Medals In Boxing Championship

MOSCOW, June 3, (Reuters).—The Soviet Union, with representatives in all ten finals, won six gold medals in the European amateur boxing championships, which ended here on Sunday.

The European champions are: Flyweight: Viktor Bystrov (Soviet Union). Bantamweight: Oleg Grigoryev (Soviet Union). Featherweight: Stanislav Stepashkin (Soviet Union). Lightweight: Janos Kajdi (Hungary).

Light-Welterweight: Jerzy Kulij (Poland). Welterweight: Richard Tamulpis (Soviet Union). Light-Middleweight: Boris Lagutin (Soviet Union). Middleweight: Vladimir Popchenko (Soviet Union). Light-heavyweight: Zibigniew Pietrzykowski (Poland). Heavyweight: Josef Nemecek (Czechoslovakia).

Sallal In Cairo

CAIRO, June 3, (Reuters).—President Sallal of Yemen, who is touring the UAR on Sunday visited a military factory in a Cairo suburb the official Middle East News Agency reported.

Last night he was to dine with Marshal Abdel Hakim Amer, Deputy Supreme Commander of the UAR Armed Forces. He was due to resume talks with President Nasser on Sunday afternoon.

AT A GLANCE

Yesterday's papers carried leading articles on the importance and religious significance of Moharam-el-Haram, the month in which the grandson of Prophet Mohammed gave his life for the noble cause of ridding the country from corruption, injustice and lawlessness.

AT A GLANCE

Isiah in its editorial in this connexion said the heroic deed of Hazrat-e-Imam Hussein, in sacrificing his life for a noble cause, is a lesson for all. It demonstrates how important it is to fight for the right and the attainment of one's rights.

The paper after briefly touching upon the contemporary history of Italy and pointing out that the people of Italy sixteen years ago established in their country with a majority vote a republican system of Government. Ever since that day, said the paper, the country has been progressing rapidly.

Italy has been able to reconstruct a great number of buildings and other property demolished during the Second World War. Relations between Afghanistan and Italy, concluded the paper, go a long way back in the history.

Relations between Afghanistan and Italy, concluded the paper, go a long way back in the history. These relations, fortunately, have been constantly developing on the basis of mutual respect and co-operation.

Thursday's Anis editorially welcomed the step taken by the National Assembly to amend one of its longstanding and traditional rules by which Vice-Presidents and Secretaries to the Assembly were being elected for a full term of three years.

This arrangement should make it possible for a greater number of deputies to hold these important posts in the National Assembly. The paper said similar difficulties were also present in other departments and organizations.

Important Telephones

Fire Brigade 26121-26122 Police 26607-21122 Traffic 26229-24044 Ariana Book Office 24731-24728 Airport 26010

Pharmacies

Karte Char Phone No. 23829 Afghan Phone No. 22919 Iqbal Phone No. 22743 Inayat Phone No. 20900 Nizami Phone No. 22598

Radio Kabul Programme

MONDAY EXTERNAL SERVICES

First English Programme: On 19 Metre Band 3-00-3-30 p.m. A.S.T. = 10-30 GMT Music 3-07; 3-10 Commentary 3-10-3-13; Music 3-13-3-16; article on "Men who made history" 3-16-3-20 Music 3-20-3-30.

Second English Programme: On 19 Metre Band for South East Asia and Indonesia. Urdu Programme: 6-00-6-30 p.m. A.S.T. on 63 Metre Band in the Short Wave.

Third English Programme: 6-30-7-00 p.m. A.S.T. = 14-00 GMT on 63 Metre Band. News 6-30-6-37; Music 6-37-6-40; Commentary 6-40-6-49; Music 6-49-7-00.

Russian Programme: 10-00-10-30 p.m. A.S.T. on 63 Metre Band. Arabic Programme: 10-30-11-00 p.m. A.S.T. on 25 Metre Band. German Programme: 11-00-11-30 p.m. A.S.T. on 19 Metre Band.

French Programme: 11-30-12-00 p.m. A.S.T. on 19 Metre Band. Western Music: 5-00-5-30 p.m. three times a week 9-00-9-45 p.m. Sunday, classical and light music, alternating weeks.

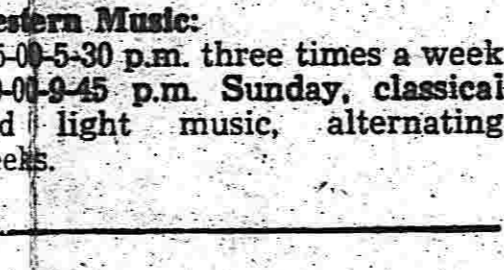
Air Services

TUESDAY ARIANA AFGHAN AIRLINES DEPARTURES:

KABUL-KANDAHAR Dep. 11-00 Arr. 12-30 KABUL-DELHI Dep. 10-00 Arr. 16-40 KABUL-BEIRUT Dep. 11-00 Arr. 19-10

ARRIVALS: KANDAHAR-KABUL Dep. 7-30 Arr. 9-30

Blondie



Co-Education In Afghanistan



Co-education is becoming a popular feature in Afghanistan's drive towards progress. Boys and girls attend joint classes in Malaya Girl School. Picture shows Mrs. Saleha Farouk, Etimadi, Principal of the School among junior boys and girls attending in school.

MAULANA JALAL-UD DIN BALKHI: Great Sufi Poet And Philosopher

MAULANA IN HIS MATHNAVI tries to drive home a subtle point by means of analogies, and this is one of the chief causes that has led to the popularity of his work. Here is an interesting example where in Maulana wants to impress upon people the importance of eloquence and good voice for a preacher. He says there was Muezzan (one who calls men to prayer), who had an extremely unpleasant voice. The people in order to get rid of him persuaded him to go to pilgrimage, and even contributed large sums of money for his journey. On the way to Mecca, the Muezzan called men to prayer. Shortly afterwards a Zoroastrian came there offering a dish of sweets to the Muezzan. All were surprised to see and could not make out the reason. So they approached the Zoroastrian himself to solve the riddle. He said that he had a young beautiful daughter, who was much inclined to Islam. He did what he could to dissuade her from her intention, but she persisted in her view. Fortunately, the voice of the Muezzan came to his help. The girl, listening to it, had totally changed her mind. This made him to appreciate the services of the Muezzan.

PRESS REVIEW

(Contd. from page 2) manned by experts. The Council for National Guidance should then draft a systematic programme for the enlightenment of the people along democratic principles. This it could do through the press; the school teachers could be asked to incorporate such a training as an integral part of their teaching programme; the religious leaders and mullahs could be persuaded to help in this connexion and the university colleges as well as the military establishments could be used as forums where teachers and even the ministers could lecture about law, discipline and the responsibilities of the individual. The Economic Council likewise can draw long term economic policies based on scientific investigations.

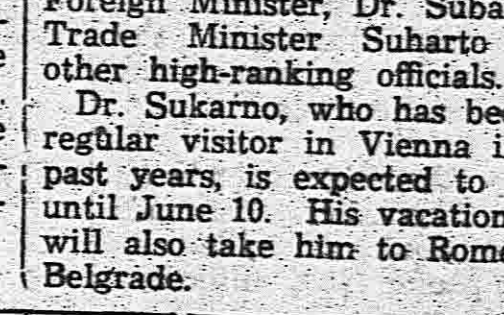
Simple, sincere, and selfless, Maulana was respected by all, for he, too, respected them. Being broad-minded, he stood for tolerance and co-existence. It was through his spirit of tolerance and love that he won the unflinching admiration and respect of all those who came into contact with him. It is said that after his death, when his remains

SUKARNO ARRIVES IN VIENNA ON VACATION

VIENNA, June 3, (AP).—Indonesian President Sukarno flew into Vienna Sunday for what was officially described as a vacation. Rumours, however, said Sukarno would meet with Prince Bernhard of the Netherlands in the Austrian capital. The reports were not confirmed by the Dutch Embassy here, but an Indonesian Foreign Ministry spokesman had indicated earlier that plans were being made through "private friends" to hold such meeting.

The 61-year-old President arrived here in a chartered plane from Tokyo. He was accompanied by Foreign Minister, Dr. Subandrio, Trade Minister Suharto and other high-ranking officials. Dr. Sukarno, who has been a regular visitor in Vienna in the past years, is expected to stay until June 10. His vacation tour will also take him to Rome and Belgrade.

By Chic Young



How Constant Are Nature's Constants?

Everybody knows the law of gravitation discovered more than 250 years ago by Isaac Newton. It dwells with the so-called gravitational attraction of bodies and includes a quantity called the constant of gravitation. Further progress of science and in particular Albert Einstein's general theory of relativity refined that great law which operates in every part of the universe accessible to man's observation. But was it always so? Perhaps, the constants are not constant and other physical laws were true many billions of billions of years ago? Recent findings of physics indicate that it is so.

It is common knowledge that electric charges interact according to a law which is close in form to the law of gravitation. Processes taking place in elementary particles and connected with an electromagnetic interaction are characterised by a certain time. On the other hand, we can roughly estimate quite a different time—the age of our section of the universe. It has been proved that the characteristic time of elementary particles is as many times smaller than the age of the universe as gravitational interaction is weaker than electromagnetic. This striking coincidence has led the British physicist P. Dirac to propose in 1937 that the value of gravitational interaction changes with time at the expense of change of the constant of gravitation. In early years of formation of our section of the universe the electromagnetic and gravitational interactions were the same in quantity. In the course of time as the universe "grew old", the gravitational interaction weakened and is still in the process of weakening. The constant of gravitation has also diminished during that time. Naturally, this change is a very slow one from our point of view. In the time interval embracing man's history the constant of gravitation has changed by a negligibly small magnitude. Moreover, scientists being convinced of the infallibility of the law of gravitation made no serious attempts to detect this change.

However, all laws in physics are interconnected and one of them cannot be revised at will. It can easily be proved that if the change in time of the constant of gravitation alone be accepted this would lead to a violation of the law of conservation of energy. Recently the Soviet scientist Kirill Stanukovich advanced a hypothesis firmly based on the idea of the change in time of other physical constants characterising natural processes. He believes that it is possible to go a way further than Dirac and suppose that not only the constant of gravitation but other constants as well (for example, the charge of an electron) can change in time. We just need to proceed from a premise that the energy and the full charge of the universe are preserved. Such conception brings us to far-reaching conclusions. Processes in space (for example, the cosmic constant characterising the expanding universe) appear to be closely connected with processes taking place in elementary particles (for instance, the mass of a proton) inasmuch as all cosmic and nuclear constants change with world time, being mutually dependent on one another.

It has been established in

(Contd. on page 4)

NATURE'S CONSTANTS

(Contd. from page 3)

agreement with the general theory of relativity that any material bodies in motion emanate gravitational waves connected with the field of gravitation similarly to the emanation of electromagnetic waves during the motion of charges. Elementary particles emit gravitational waves. Any wave carries energy, therefore such radiation reduces the energy of elementary particles. However, the relativity theory says that energy is inseparably linked with rest mass. Therefore, the mass of the elementary particles must substantially decrease along with gravitational emission. It can be presumed that matter, and the elementary particles in particular, expend part of their energy to set up the gravitational field.

The logical result of the Stanukovich theory is an interesting hypothesis about the formation of all celestial bodies of the universe. We are led to suppose that some time in the past (about 10 billion years) there was a collision between two, so-called ultrarelativistic particles moving at velocities close to the speed of light, which gave birth to a multitude of new particles, and the process is still going on. The particles, themselves, grow old, but their number is growing. Gravitational particles—gravitons, that have appeared earlier, give rise to pairs of new particles. It is a process, as it were, of an uninterrupted creation of matter out of the gravitational field.

Further research will show in what degree is this bold hypothesis correct.

Israel Criticizes Arms Shipment To U.A.R.

JERUSALEM, Israel Section, June 3, (AP).—Israel's reply to the Soviet Union on turning the Mediterranean into a nuclear Free Zone declares sympathy with the Soviet bid but adds that peace is no less endangered by the mounting arms flow to the U.A.R.

The note, approved by the Israel Government Sunday, reportedly says the creation of a nuclear free zone would only work within a global settlement.

The newspaper Jerusalem Post, which often reflects Foreign Ministry's views, said the Soviet Union had suggested Israel should protest about polaris submarines in the Mediterranean, ignoring the threat to Israel by the Soviet-backed U.A.R. heavy bombers and rockets.

Israel would be more interested to hear what Soviet Leaders thought of Prime Minister Ben Gurion's suggestion for American and Soviet Union to jointly pledge an intention to preserve peace in the Middle East the note said.

STOCKHOLM, June 3, (Reuter).—About 500 Swedish ban-the-bomb marchers completed a 25-mile protest march into Stockholm on Sunday with a rally, attending by about 2,000 people, in a Central Park. Speakers urged a ban on all nuclear weapons and tests.

POPE SURVIVES ANOTHER DAY BUT HIS CONDITION DESCRIBED VERY GRAVE

VATICAN, City, June 3, (AP).—Pope John XXIII survived a sunset collapse Sunday night and stayed off death to another day.

Samadi Returns From Educational Meeting

KABUL, June 3.—Dr. Saifurrahman Samadi, Chief of Vocational and Technical Education in the Ministry of Education, returned to Kabul Saturday after attending a UNESCO-sponsored Conference on Teacher-training in Manila.

The Conference, which lasted from May 21 to 25 discussed teacher-training programmes from the qualitative and quantitative points of view.

Dr. Samadi said at the airport that the training programme of the UNESCO Teacher-Training Centre at Manila also came up for discussion and the viewpoints as well as recommendations of experts employed in the Centre were taken into consideration and certain decisions were also passed.

This Centre was opened by UNESCO last year to enhance the qualification of teachers in Asian countries.

Since Friday his doctors have said each day probably would be his last. But Monday his strong heart still beat.

Despite a rising temperature and an alarming collapse, which brought a Vatican Radio plea to the world for prayer, he lived through Pentecost Sunday.

It was a day that should have been festival and 81-year-old Pontiff began it by gathering his strength for one more blessing to the world.

It was a day of sadness marked by a steady stream of Vatican bulletins showing that the Pope—in the words of one high prelate—was passing away most slowly going out like a candle. Death almost came at sunset.

The Vatican announced that the dying Pope suffered a collapse at 1930 (1830 GMT) on Sunday.

After the collapse, the Vatican said, he "rallied a little".

Doctors said: "the end is not imminent the collapse apparently brought the Pope the closest to death he had been."

Without telling the public that the collapse had occurred, the Vatican Press Office announced at 1930 a one word Italian communique:

"Very grave".

The Vatican Radio went on the air with a brief communique, repeated in European languages:

"The Pope is very grave. All faithful in the world are asked to pray."

IF WELENSKY PERSISTS ON HIS VIEWS, AFRICANS TO DESTROY BRIDGE ON VICTORIA FALLS

LUSAKA, Northern Rhodesia, June 3, (AP).—African Nationalist Leaders threatened Sunday to tear down the rail and road bridge across the Victoria Falls and bar Central African Federation Premier Sir Roy Welensky from the country when the Federation is dissolved.

Harry Nkumbula, President of the African National Congress joint leader of the Coalition Government, accused Sir Roy of causing chaos in the Rhodesias. If he persisted in his attitude, Mr. Nkumbula said, Northern Rhodesians would dismantle the bridge and sever communications with Southern Rhodesia.

Northern Rhodesia depends on Southern Rhodesia's railroads system. It would stockpile its 120-million-pound (\$336 million) a year copper production until a new outlet could be found.

Mr. Mainze Chona, Secretary of the United National Independence Party, said Sir Roy would be declared a prohibited immigrant in Northern Rhodesia after the Federation's dissolution. It was in Northern Rhodesia that Sir Roy began his political career after giving up driving railroad locomotives.

The attack on Sir Roy came after Federal Immigration Officers had tried to arrest Mr. Zola Ngaba, Leader of a Political

refugee group from South Africa. Mr. Ngaba escaped after about 30 Africans came to his aid and scuffled with the immigration officers.

Federal police combed Lusaka Sunday, but there were "no reports of finding Ngaba."

ILO OFFICIAL ARRIVES IN KABUL

KABUL, June 3.—Mr. Snyder, Chief of Manpower Planning Section, ILO arrived in Kabul yesterday morning.

During his week-long stay in Kabul, he will discuss problems of manpower with officials of the Ministries of Planning and Education. Mr. Snyder was met at the airport by Mr. Bashir Ahmad Atal, Director of the Labour Bureau in the Ministry of Mines and Industries, Mr. Sharma, Advisor on Manpower Resources to the Ministry of Planning, and Mr. Tarzi, Administrative Assistant at the United Nations Technical Assistance Board in Kabul.

Home News In Brief

KABUL, June 1.—Mr. Dhamija, the Indian Ambassador in Kabul called on Dr. Abdul Zahir, the President of the Afghan National Assembly in his office on Saturday morning.

KABUL June 3.—A seminar on introducing the new system of accounting was launched at the Ministry of Finance on Saturday; those attending this Seminar include 25 directors and deputy directors of accounting from provincial revenue departments.

The Seminar will be conducted by experts in two hourly sessions over a period of fifteen days.

KABUL, June 3.—Dr. Shaw, Prof. of Surgery serving at Ibn-i-Sina Hospital left Kabul for the United States on Saturday at the termination of his term of service.

Dr. Shaw was sent to Afghanistan by MEDICO 18 months ago to help the Ministry of Public Health.

KABUL, June 3.—Mr. Abdul Majid, Acting Director-General of the Economic and Social Affairs Department in the Ministry of Agriculture and Mr. Halizulla, Director-General of the Labour Department in the Ministry of Mines and Industries left Kabul on Saturday for the United States and Geneva to attend the World Food Congress in Washington and the 47th ILO Conference in Geneva respectively.

KABUL, June 3.—The Law Commission of the National Assembly on Saturday resumed discussion of amendments to Article 26 of the Telegraph Act and Article 6 of the Postal Revenue Act; these two subjects were under the Commission's consideration since last year.

Answers to questions in this regard will be provided by a representative of the Ministry of Communication at the Commission's next meeting.

Similarly, the Finance and Commerce Commission discussed the Trade Agreement between Afghanistan and India.

Clarifications in this regard were provided by the Chief of Marketing and Chief of Trade of the Ministry of Commerce.

KABUL, June 3.—A number of Government officials left Kabul on Saturday for training abroad.

Mr. Janbaz, Technical Assistant to the Airport Administration in Kabul left for the United States under a USAID grant for training in Civil Airport Administration.

Mr. Aminulla Faizi, an official of the Department of Petroleum Prospecting left for Tehran for training in drilling operations; he has been awarded a UN Technical Assistance Fellowship.

Mr. Sher Aga Keshawarz, Director of the Department of Demography in the Ministry of Planning left for Bangkok for training in economic and statistical planning; he has been given a scholarship by ECAFE.

AT THE CINEMA

PARK CINEMA:
At 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m. English film; **THE ROUGH AND THE SMOOTH**, starring: Nadja Tilier and Tony Britton.

KABUL CINEMA:
At 5 and 7-30 p.m. Russian film; **DANCE TEACHER** with translation in Persian.

BEHZAD CINEMA:
At 5 and 7-30 p.m. Russian film; **BURNING HEART**.

ZAINEB CINEMA:
At 5 and 7-30 p.m. English film; **SEAVENGAL**.

Free Exchange Rates At Da Afghanistan Bank

KABUL, June 3.—The following are the foreign free exchange rates at the Da Afghanistan Bank **Buying Rates In Afghanis**

Af. 50 per U.S. Dollar.
Af. 140 per Pound Sterling
Af. 12.50 per Deutsche Mark
Af. 11.6414 per Swiss Franc
Af. 10.1214 per French Franc
Af. 7.90 per Indian Rupee (cheque)
Af. 7.90 per Indian Rupee (cash)

Selling Rates In Afghanis

Per unit of foreign currency:
Af. 50.65 per U.S. Dollar
Af. 141.82 per Pound Sterling
Af. 12.6625 per Deutsche Mark
Af. 11.7928 per Swiss Franc
Af. 10.2530 per New French Franc

Af. 8.00 per Indian Rupee (cheque)
Af. 8.00 per Indian Rupee (cash)

Kabul Sports Round-Up

KABUL, June 3.—These are the results of Thursday's events in the capital:

Hockey: Nedjat and Nadiriyya teams, draw; Rahman Baba School won by one goal to nil from the School of Commerce.

Handball: The School of Physical Education beat Khushal Khan School by 7-0.

Football: Afghan Institute of Technology beat Khushal Khan School by 2-1; the School of Commerce beat Ibn-i-Sina School by 4-1.

Volleyball: Nedjat School and Rahman Baba School beat Navay Kabul and the School of Agriculture respectively.

Basketball: Rahman Baba School beat the Teacher-Training School and Ghazi School beat Esteklal School by 43-9 and 26-8 points respectively.

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PIANO CONCERT

Eugene Istomin, the famous American pianist Tuesday, June 4, at 8 p.m., U.S. Cultural Centre, Kabul Tickets at Af. 50 available U.S. Library.