

1-8-1964

Kabul Times (January 8, 1964, vol. 2, no. 260)

Bakhtar News Agency

Follow this and additional works at: <https://digitalcommons.unomaha.edu/kabultimes>

 Part of the [International and Area Studies Commons](#)

Please take our feedback survey at: https://unomaha.az1.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_8cchtFmpDyGfBLE

Recommended Citation

Bakhtar News Agency, "Kabul Times (January 8, 1964, vol. 2, no. 260)" (1964). *Kabul Times*. 532.
<https://digitalcommons.unomaha.edu/kabultimes/532>

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the Digitized Newspaper Archives at DigitalCommons@UNO. It has been accepted for inclusion in Kabul Times by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@UNO. For more information, please contact unodigitalcommons@unomaha.edu.

THE WEATHER

YESTERDAY Max +3°C.
Minimum -3°C.
Sun sets today at 4:58 p.m.
Sun sets tomorrow at 6:59 a. m.
Tomorrow's Outlook:
Cloudy & snow
—Forecast by Air Authority

KABUL TIMES

KABUL TIMES

NEWS STALLS
Shar-e-naw; Khyber Restaurant
Near Shahi Pul; Blue Mosque
International Club; Pamir Cinema

VOL. II, NO. 260

KABUL, WEDNESDAY JANUARY 8, 1964. (JADY 17, 1342, S.H.)

PRICE Af. 1

RELAPSE IN COLD WAR THAW MAY LEAD "FROM CRISIS TO CRISIS" THANT CALLS FOR ALLOUT DRIVE

NEW YORK, Jan. 8. (AP).—

SECRETARY-General U Thant warned Tuesday night that a relapse in the cold war thaw may lead the world "from crisis to crisis, until eventually we find that we are pretty close to open war".

He urged world leaders to take advantages of the present favourable atmosphere to wage an all-out global campaign for peaceful co-existence, which he described as tolerance for racial, religious and ideological differences.

In a speech for a series of Dag Hammarskjöld memorial lectures at Columbia University, Thant said:

"The war we have to wage today has only one aim that is to make the world safe for diversity".

He made these other major points:—"The greatest danger facing the world today is the nuclear arms race. The race has to be halted, and reversed, if humanity is to survive".

"The outlook of the Middle East is threatening and is likely to be a subject for U.N. debate during 1964".

The present year starts with the auspicious prospects of arms reduction and cutback of armed forces. He congratulated both the United States and the Soviet Union for their recent unilateral decisions to cut defence expenditures—and the U.S. for its decision to liquidate some of its military bases.

—The present congenial atmosphere is favourable for settling the financial crisis which the U.N. faces as a result of huge unpaid assessments piled up by the Eastern bloc and others.

If there is a will to solve this problem, he said, a way out may be found.

Thant expressed some concern over what he called "the implications of article 19 of the (UN) Charter". This was a reference to the possibility that the Eastern bloc may lose its voting privileges in the General Assembly.

"I believe that it is a time for all countries", he asserted, "whatever their stand on the merits of particular peace-keeping operations may have been in the past, to make a special effort in 1964 to put the organization back on its financial feet".

Thant indicated that, while the international atmosphere had been improved by U.S.—Soviet agreement on nuclear testing and on banning nuclear weapons from outer space, he was much more impressed by the announced plans of the two countries to reduce defence expenditures. These plans, he said, auger well for the new year.

"Although the United States and the Soviet Union have not subscribed to the policy of unilateralism", he said, "they seem to have come to the conclusion that no progress towards ending the arms race will be made until they slow down themselves".

Turning to the question of co-existence, he declared: "the concept of peaceful co-existence has been criticized by any who do not see the need to make the world safe for diversity".

"I wonder if they have ever paused to ask themselves the question, 'what is the alternative to co-existence'?"

"The world is inhabited by over three billion human beings and yet fingerprint experts tell us that no two human beings have identical fingerprints. Human beings come in all sizes and shapes and in a variety of colours. This rich diversity is matched by an equal diversity in regard to religious beliefs and political ideologies."

"We are thrown together on this planet and we have to live together. That is why the Charter imposes the imperative on all human beings to practice tolerance and live together in peace with one another as good neighbours. To my mind this is the simplest definition of co-existence."

Achakzai Will Not Accept Foreign Law In Its Territory

KABUL, Jan. 8.—A report from Southern Independent Pakhtunistan says that a large meeting of Achakzai tribesmen and chieftains considered the recent discussions at the Pakistan Assembly in Dacca, East Pakistan, to extend the influence of Pakistani judicial system to the territories in independent Pakhtunistan.

The jirga resolved that the entire Achakzai tribe will in no way accept foreign laws in its territory and condemned the idea unanimously.

The jirga warned the government of Pakistan to give up the idea adding that the Achakzai tribe was prepared to safeguard its freedom by giving every sacrifice needed in this connexion.

Another report states that Pakhtunistan in Baluchistan have considered the action of the Pakistan Assembly as an outright violation of rights of the people of Pakhtunistan warning that Pakistan must give-up such ideas.

KABUL, Jan. 8.—The first seminar on veterinary services for this year was launched at the Ministry of Agriculture Tuesday. It is being attended by vets from the capital and provinces.

An official of the Ministry has said that the seminar is to acquaint the participants with laboratory tests, campaign against various infectious diseases, practical work at the ministry's veterinary centre and the farm at Bini Hissar.

Foreign experts will give lectures and train the participants with the latest veterinary practices.

Message By Marshal Tito Presented To His Majesty

KABUL JAN. 8. The Yugoslav Ambassador, at the court of Kabul, Mr. Peter Ivkovic, Presented to His Majesty the King a message by His Excellency Marshal Josip Broz Tito, President of Yugoslavia at Gul Khana Palace on Tuesday evening.

DR. YOUSUF RECEIVED BY HIS MAJESTY

KABUL, Jan. 8.—The department of Royal Protocol announces that Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf was received in audience by His Majesty the King at Gul Khana Palace Tuesday afternoon.

Younger Brother Of Madame Nhu Flees To France

SAIGON, Jan. 8. (AP).—Tran Van Khiem, younger brother of Madame Ngo Dinh Nhu, has fled to France from South Vietnam, the Saigon press reported Tuesday.

Usually reliable sources reported that Khiem boarded a plane at Saigon airport sometime during recent weeks using a false passport. The escape reportedly was made possible through the intercession of Khiem's father, Tran Van Choung, Ambassador to Washington under the Ngo Dinh Diem regime.

Khiem had been in hiding since the November 1 military coup in which Diem and Khiem's brother in law, Ngo Dinh Nhu, were overthrown and killed.

Khiem, an attorney and National Assembly Deputy, had a hand in the direction of the secret police in the final weeks Diem was in power. He was widely regarded as a playboy.

Khiem's sister, the once powerful Madame Nhu, has been living in France with her children since the coup.

BONN NOT TO MAKE NEW CONCESSIONS ON VISITS TO EAST BERLIN: ERHARD

BONN, Germany, Jan. 8. (AP).—

CHANCELLOR Ludwig Erhard said Tuesday that his government will not make any new concessions to reopen the Berlin wall, a spokesman reported.

The Chancellor's remarks were quoted by a party spokesman.

Erhard told the party Committee that West Berlin Mayor Willy Brandt will come to Bonn this week for a thoroughgoing discussion of the Berlin wall situation.

The Chancellor said the government is taking its no concessions stand to insure "that the Soviet three-state theory is not helped to come in through the back door".

The West German government fears that further wall negotia-

WEST'S CONTACTS WITH USSR MUST INCREASE, SAYS BRITISH PREMIER

KINROSS, Scotland, Jan. 8. (AP).—

PRIME Minister Sir Alec Douglas-Home said Tuesday night the West's contacts with the Soviet Union must be increased and new areas of agreement sought in order to continue the present easing of world tension.

Sir Alec, visiting the district which elected him to parliament last November, was speaking at a dinner organized by the local branch of the National Union of farmers.

He said: "We have been pro-

claiming from Britain for some years now that nuclear armament have reached such a point of perfection and multiplication that war between the Soviet Union and the West is unthinkable.

"The logic of this is that, without dropping our guard, we must seek areas of agreement with the Soviet Union, and increase our contacts."

"Now the United States and Germany have publicly announced that they have reached the same conclusion, while Mr. Khrushchov, although not specific in his proposals is, urging others publicly to renounce the use of force as an instrument of policy, clearly revealing himself as anxious to avoid war with the West."

Sir Alec said there had been a number of significant events lately, including the Soviet purchases of wheat from Canada, and the United States.

Another was the opening of the Berlin wall over Christmas and the new year. He profoundly hoped that this would be extended over longer periods during the rest of the year.

Sir Alec added: "There is the evidence of greater flexibility and more independence in the countries of Eastern Europe and a greater tendency both on their part, and on the part of the Soviet Union, to look for opportunities for trade with the West."

Agriculture Ministry Begins "Wheat Reform" Plan

KABUL, Jan. 8.—In order to improve the quality of wheat crop the Ministry of Agriculture has launched a "wheat reform" project which will come into effect next March.

The project will include measures to improve both the irrigated and the non-irrigated wheat crops, the promotion of agro-techniques and the procurement of improved seeds.

Mr. Abdul Ghaffoor, a ministry official has said, after testing some five hundred varieties of local and foreign seeds only two variety of seeds have been found which are weather resistant and had better yield.

He said a typical wheat disease locally known as "surkhi" inflicts great losses and cuts down crops production by about 30%. He added that a large quantity of special weather-resistant wheat seeds will be distributed for sowing.

He pointed out a great deal of research work has yet to be carried out in this field since the disease manifests itself in various ways. International organizations will assist in the implementation of the project.

College Of Theology Graduates Received By Doctor Anwari

KABUL, Jan. 8.—Graduates from the College of Theology were introduced Tuesday to Dr. Anwari, Rector of Kabul University by Assistant Dean of College, Mr. Serat.

Addressing the thirteen graduates, Dr. Anwari said you are being presented to the society at a time when the country finds itself at the threshold of social changes laying heavy burdens of responsibilities upon your shoulders.

He urged them, as future staff of country's system of judiciary, to discharge their duties impartially, adding that they should also take a keen interest in discovering the motives and causes of incidents and crimes, such investigations, the Rector went on, would certainly prove useful in improving the country's social conditions and facilitate planning of scientific, educational and administrative institutions.

Referring to the importance of the duties of judges, Rector Anwari urged the graduates to perform their duties with greater vigilance and enthusiasm.

One of the graduates expressed gratitude for the Education Ministry and Kabul University's interest in promoting the country's system of jurisprudence and promised full co-operation.

KABUL TIMES

Published By:
BAKHTAR NEWS
AGENCY
Editor-in-Chief
Sabahuddin Kushkaki
Editor
S. Khalil
Address:
Joy Sheer-3,
Kabul, Afghanistan
Telegraphic Address:
"Times, Kabul"
Telephones:
21494 [Extns. 03
22851 [4, 5 and 6
Subscription Rates:
AFGHANISTAN
Yearly Af. 250
Half yearly Af. 150
Quarterly Af. 80
FOREIGN
Yearly \$ 16
Half Yearly \$ 8
Quarterly \$ 4
Subscription from abroad
will be accepted by cheques
of local currency at the official
dollar exchange rate.
Government Printing House
Printed at:-

KABUL TIMES

JANUARY 8, 1964

post Graduate Course
On Jurisprudence

The University of Kabul has announced that next year it will establish a post graduate course in jurisprudence. The course will be devoted to problems of judiciary in Afghanistan for the benefit of graduates of College of Theology who have also worked in the Ministry of Justice for some time.

This is a welcome decision especially at a time when under the revised version of the constitution it is expected that the three branches of the government will have their identity and freedom of action. But to have an independent judiciary will of course mean to train capable staff who will be able to run this vital branch of the government and preserve the integrity of the high offices of judges throughout the country.

The fact cannot be ignored that today one of our main problems is that we do not have an adequate machinery in the country to be able to interpret and then enforce even the existing laws. Surely that we have to enact more laws to cover the many ranges of our social activities which become further complex with the lapse of time. But along with this, it is essential that a stepped-up plan should be launched to provide the personnel who will be able to understand the letter and spirit of these laws and enforce them honestly and objectively.

Today the University of Kabul has a college in which judges are being trained. Experience has proved that the limited number of graduates from this college have done a good service in their field after they have entered the judiciary. But the fact is that with the introduction of the new reform, the role of the judiciary in our country will have an extra meaning, perhaps more than the two other branches of the government. For we must have a society where law shall reign.

And with such a plan, we think to go to work throughout the land both the Kabul University country. Under the plan it is also possible that the existing should draft a comprehensive members of our judiciary, who plan under which more people are young and can become capable in this field should be trainable judges be also trained.

STAGE IS BEING SET FOR LONDON THE LANGUAGE
CONFERENCE ON CYPRUS PRESS
AT A GLANCE

ATHENS, Jan. 7. (Reuters) - Reference to seek solution to the island's problems. Those negotiations are expected to open in about two major political parties to work out a joint policy on Cyprus before the forthcoming London conference.

The meeting was being attended by the leader of the Union of the Centre Party, leader of the radical union Mr. John Parnis, and his Foreign Minister, Mr. Christos Xanthopoulos-Palamos.

Diplomatic sources here said the move would allow Greece to handle the Cyprus problem with some "responsibility" before the general election due on February 16.

In London, British Foreign Secretary Richard A. Butler arrived back in London Tuesday from a storm-protracted Christmas vacation and seemed a bit "miffed" having been left out of the Cyprus crisis.

Arriving at London railway station, Butler told newsmen he was in a hurry to get back to work. Then, in what seemed like a defensive tone, he said:

"I had a week's holiday with the Prime Minister's approval. I haven't had one for some time." He arranged an early meeting with Commonwealth Secretary Duncan Sandys, who increased his personal prestige by his quick handling of the Cyprus affair. Meanwhile, fighting had broken out between the Greek and Turkish Cypriots. Sandys flew to the former British colony. He arranged for British troops to separate the feuding communities and secure agreement for a London conference.

SUKARNO-MACAPAGAL TALKS MAY
DECIDE INDONESIA-MALAYSIA TIES

The Philippines Foreign Minister, Mr. Salvador Lopez Monday declared that his government wanted talks beginning Tuesday with an Indonesian delegation led by President Sukarno to "set the spirit of Manila moving again."

Talks between President Sukarno and President Macapagal of the Philippines may decide the future of Malaysian-Indonesian relations, observers here believe.

Last August, the two presidents, with Prime Minister Tunku Abdul Rahman of Malaya, reached agreement in Manila on the setting up of the Malaysian Federation. But the agreement broke down, and both Indonesia and the Philippines declined to recognize Malaysia.

President Sukarno, who has since sworn to destroy the federation, is expected in the forthcoming talks to urge the Philippines to give him all-out support to this end, but the feeling here is that he will have a difficult task.

Philippines officials have indicated that their government sees its role primarily as mediator in the dispute.

Commenting on the forthcoming talks Monday Mr. Lopez told reporters: "I hope the talks will contribute to a lessening of tension in the area and to the maintenance of lasting peace, security and stability among the nations concerned under the principles of the United Nations."

President Sukarno is expected to offer Indonesian support, including finance, for the building of a free port in the south Philippines to handle the bulk of Indonesia's export and import trade valued at about 71 million sterling a year.

Much of this trade has been diverted to Hong Kong following the boycott of Indonesian trade in Singapore and Penang ports.

Diplomatic sources said statements by Malaysian Prime Minister Tunku Abdul Rahman and Britain's Defence Minister, Peter Thorneycroft have freed Australia from fear of premature

Meanwhile, Reuters reported from Nicosia that Greek and Turkish Cypriots will today dismantle barricades and roadblocks they set up during the recent island clash.

Sir Arthur Clark, British High Commissioner, announced in Nicosia Tuesday.

He said the step was part of an agreement reached between the two sides to restore freedom of movement and communications throughout the island.

The pact affects Greek and Turkish Cypriot armed police positions and the armed irregulars of both sides, in Nicosia and in the countryside, Sir Arthur told a press conference.

General Peter Young, Commander of the truce force, had offered helicopters, vehicles and escorts for emissaries to take orders to outlying or surrounded villages.

Both sides had already begun sending out preliminary instructions.

Sir Arthur said British troops who had put up an incomparable performance would stay in position.

The agreement also covers telephone lines. Sir Arthur said the agreement would begin to take effect at 6 a.m. local (0400 GMT) Wednesday and it was hoped normal freedom of movement, transport and communications would be achieved by Thursday morning, with the exception of Lefka, a minor township where there are difficulties in communication.

It is expected that U Thant will inform the Security Council of the agreement and he will appoint a representative to the London conference.

Ensuring individual rights is the utmost desire of all under the present conditions in Afghanistan. This is possible only if a new movement takes place in our judiciary system. It is the capable and honest judges who in fact ensure a democratic system of government. In conclusion the editorial welcomed the decision taken by the concerned authorities to launch a post graduate course for students of the College of Theology and expressed the hope that a new and desirable movement would take place in our system of judiciary through the joint co-operation of the Ministry of Justice and the Kabul University.

One of the letters to the editor published in yesterday's Anis complained that the entrance fees to the concerts by artists of Afghanistan Radio at the Bohani Theatre were excessive as compared with the means of an average citizen and urged the authorities to reconsider these fees.

An article by Dr. Mohammad Ayoub Roohani, also published in yesterday's Anis complained about the mal-practices of certain quacks pretending that it is they who are true physicians and not those who have received proper education. The practice of such persons is based on a lot of superstition and the lack of understanding on the part of people who fall prey to their tactics. The letter urged the authorities in the Ministry of Public Health to take resolute steps in banning such practices in the public interest.

Mr. Azram commented in an article in the latest Municipal announcement banning the export of potatoes and onions. His step has been taken to safeguard against possible local shortages.

The session was attended by representatives of the ministries of Education, Information and Press, Interior and the Kabul Municipal Corporation and foreign experts.

The Committee is expected to hold bi-weekly meetings at the Ministry of Education until it approves the regulation for submitting it to higher authorities.

KABUL, Jan. 8.—The Committee for campaign against illiteracy studied Tuesday afternoon regulations pertaining to the popularization of literacy and the enlightenment of the people.

The session was attended by representatives of the ministries of Education, Information and Press, Interior and the Kabul Municipal Corporation and foreign experts.

(Contd. on page 3)

Radio Afghanistan
Programme

WEDNESDAY

EXTERNAL SERVICES

I. English Programme:
9.550 kcs = 31m band
3.00-3.30 p.m. AST

II. English Programme:

9.595 kcs = 31 m band
3.30-4.00 p.m. AST

Urdu programme:

6.000 kcs = 50 m band
6.00-6.30 p.m. AST

III. English Programme:

6.900 kcs = 50 m band
6.30-7.00 p.m. AST

Russian Programme:

6.000 kcs = 50 m band
10.00-10.30 p.m. AST

Arabic Programme:

11.955 kcs = 25 m band
10.30-11.00 p.m. AST

German Programme:

9.635 kcs = 31 m band
11.00-11.30 p.m. AST

French Programme:

9.635 kcs = 31 m band
11.30-12.00 midnight

The programmes include news, topical and historical reports, commentaries, interviews and music.

Western Music

Sunday, 9.00-9.55 p.m.
Tuesday, 5.00-5.30 p.m.
Thursday, 5.00-5.30 p.m.
Friday, 12.00-1.00 p.m.
Programmes will be published in "KABUL TIMES", one day before. Subject to change without notice.

Air Services

THURSDAY

ARIANA AFGHAN AIRLINES
ARRIVALS

Karachi, Kandahar
Arr. Kabul 13-15.
Kunduz-Kabul
Arr. 15-25.
Amritsar-Kabul
Arr. 15-45.
T. M. A.
Beirut-Kabul
Arr. Kabul 11-30.

IRANIAN AIRLINES

Tehran-Zahedan
Arr. Kabul 11-50.
Kabul-Zahedan, Tehran
Dep. Kabul 13-00.
DEPARTURES
Kabul-Kunduz
Dep. Kabul 13-30.
Kabul-Amritsar
Dep. 8-00.

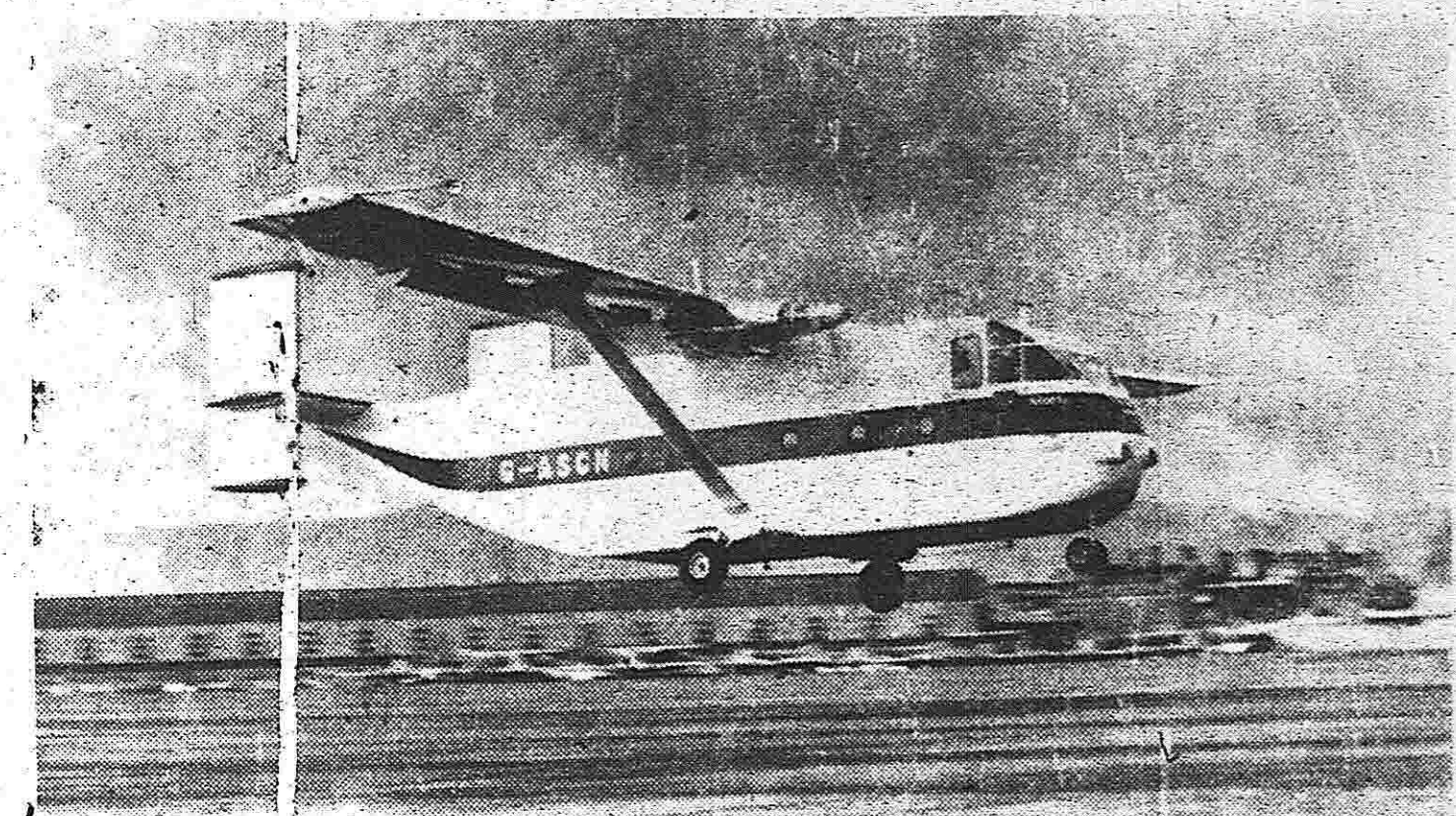
Important
Telephones

Fire Brigade 20121-20122
Police 26607-21122
Traffic 20158-24041
Ariana Booking Office
Airport 24731-24732
22318

Pharmacies

Jahid Phone No. 20354
Mahmood Phone No. 21438
Parwan Phone No. 20887

Turbo Skyv in Makes successful First Flight



The Turbo Skyv, light freighter aircraft, takes off on its flight from Short Brothers and Harland airfield at Belfast.

With a top cruising speed of 220 miles per hour the Turbo Skyv, a derivative of

the piston-engine Skyvan, can carry a payload of 2 tons at a speed of 172 miles per hour over a stage length of 230 miles.

Several airline operators have stated their intention

to order the aircraft if flight development proceeds satisfactorily including Wren Airways, Northern Consolidated, also of Alaska, and Trans Australian Airlines.

Agriculture In Afghanistan

IMPROVED SEED AND TECHNIQUES
MAKE HERAT TOP COTTON PRODUCING PROVINCE

Cotton production in areas where cotton is cultivated has greatly increased. It is anticipated by the Ministry of Agriculture that cotton production will reach a target of 90,000 tons in the current year (1342).

Increase in the price of cotton, extensive use of chemical fertilizer, employment of modern agricultural techniques and above all tireless efforts made by farmers are factors which contributed largely to the increase of cotton production in Afghanistan.

Although cotton cultivation has been a long time occupation of our farmers in the north, yet it was undertaken on an organized basis during the past two decades. Cotton production was specially accelerated during the First Five Year Plan.

According to Dr. Ihsan Rafique, President of Agriculture Extension Department in the Ministry of Agriculture the total production of cotton reached 50,000 tons and 78,285 tons during 1340 (1961-62) and 1341 (1962-63) respectively. Production target for the current 1963-64 was set at 90,000 tons. He added that in the past cotton cultivation in Herat was simple and primitive. Farmers could annually produce small quantities of cotton using local seeds due to unfavourable climatic conditions.

In a bid to improve production,

the Ministry of Agriculture imported two kinds of foreign seeds and distributed them among farmers. The imported seeds are more weather-resistant.

Dr. Rafique said that the Ministry of Agriculture tried two varieties of seed in 5,000 acres of land in different areas of Herat province. During the current year over 10,000 acres of land have been cultivated with cotton and is said to yield 5,000 tons.

The cotton production, said Dr. Rafique, is satisfactory in Herat and will be given to most priority in the future plans for the promotion of cotton production.

Spinger company has been the chief patron of promoting cotton cultivation in the north. For the first time this year the Company made available over 105,000 kg of imported cotton seed to farmers in Mazar province to be used as part of a development plan for the promotion of cotton cultivation during subsequent years.

Similarly another variety of cotton seed has also been given in Shiberghan, Maimana, and some parts of Mazar.

It is to be noticed, continued Dr. Rafique, that the Ministry of Agriculture supplied the Taluqan, Katighan, Mazar and Shiberghan provinces with over 5000 tons of Ammonium Nitrate last year with the object of raising the level of cotton production. In the

same manner over 7500 tons of Ammonium Nitrate and 7500 tons of super Phosphate have been used for cotton cultivation in Herat, Katighan and Mazar provinces. In general, over 211,540 acres of land have been brought under cotton cultivation throughout the country during the current year. This figure shows an increase of 16,030 acres over the last year.

Dr. Rafique voiced his hope that under the programmes undertaken by the Ministry of Agriculture, improvement will be made in cotton production to promote annual output of cotton throughout the country.

Press Review

(Contd from page 2)

during the winter, it is a right, said the article, but if it is to become regular practice, then it must be reconsidered. There are vast tracts of land in our country which are either barren or else. They are used for producing food grains but not vegetables. Vegetable production should be encouraged both for increased local consumption as well as for export, urged Mr. Azram.

Blondie

By Chic Young

I Want Everybody
Happy, Says Fisher
In Divorcing Liz

Tuesday was the day of decision—at least one lawyer predicts in the divorce battle between Elizabeth Taylor and Eddie Fisher.

Lawyers representing the actress, her husband, and her lover, Actor Richard Burton, are meeting in New York. They hope to reach a property settlement that will expedite the divorce and the marriage of Miss Taylor and Burton.

Milton Rudin of Los Angeles, lawyer for the actress, said:

"I know by Jan. 7 it is final day for me. There's nothing more I can say."

Louis Nizer, counsel for Fisher, had no comment. Also sitting in on the meeting is Frosch of New York, Burton's Attorney.

Rudin and Frosch spent the weekend in Mexico, where Burton and Miss Taylor are living.

Miss Taylor filed for divorce over the weekend in Puerto Vallarta without Fisher's consent.

Last Thursday, Fisher, in Las Vegas, Nevada, told a reporter:

"Tell Elizabeth she can have anything she wants. I just want everybody to be happy, especially me. I don't want to drag this thing out any longer."

(AP)

Free Exchange

Rates At Da

Afghanistan Bank

KABUL, Jan. 8.—The following are the foreign free exchange rates at Da Afghanistan Bank.

Buying Rates In Afghani

Af. 50 per U.S. Dollar.
Af. 140 per Pound Sterling.
Af. 1250 per cent Deutsch Mark.
Af. 1164-14 per cent Swiss Franc.
Af. 1012-14 per cent French Franc.
Af. 7-60 per Indian Rupee (cheque)
Af. 7-30 per Indian Rupee (cash)

Af. 6-80 per Pakistani Rupee (cheque)
Af. 6-55 per Pakistani Rupee (cash)

Selling Rates In Afghani

Af. 50-65 per U.S. Dollar.
Af. 141-52 per Pound Sterling.
Af. 1268-25 per cent Deutsch Mark.
Af. 1173-28 per cent Swiss Franc.
Af. 1025-30 per cent French Franc.
Af. 7-70 per Indian Rupee.

(Cash)

Af. 7-70 per Indian Rupee.
Af. 6-90 per Pakistani Rupee (cheque)
Af. 6-90 per Pakistani Rupee

Transatlantic Air Fair To Be Reduced From April First

MONTREAL, Canada, Jan. 8 (AP)—All 18 airlines involved have agreed to lower transatlantic air fares April 1, International Air Transport Association announced Tuesday.

Every one is in agreement with the Nassau Package, Sir William P. Hildred, IATA Director General, told a press conference.

According to a few small technical points, was needed before a final agreement could be signed. This was expected within the next day or two, he added.

The new fare schedule, proposed at a meeting of the transatlantic carriers in Nassau last month, would reduce first class, economy and excursion fares by about 20 per cent.

Prophet Mohammad

Hair Incident Used For Political End

Indian Home Ministry Blames Foreign Elements

NEW DELHI, Jan. 8 (Reuters)—India's home ministry said last night anti-social and foreign elements were trying to spread the idea that the reputed hair of the prophet Mohammad recovered in Srinagar is not the one which disappeared from a mosque there last month.

All right-thinking people are bound to see through this mischievous attempt to exploit this incident for political and anti-social purposes, the statement said.

Riots and mourning processions followed the disappearance of the hair, in a silver-capped bowl, from its shrine in a mosque outside Srinagar, capital of Indian-ruled Kashmir, on December 27. Kashmir's Prime Minister, Mr. Khatwa Shamsuddin, announced its recovery last Saturday.

Last night's statement said custodians of the shrine as well as responsible local leaders had satisfied themselves "that the relic that has been found is in fact the original and genuine relic". Indian officials in Srinagar were also satisfied.

Several Killed In Oran As Unemployed Ones Demonstrate

ALGERIERS, Jan. 8 (DPA)—Several persons were reported killed last night following demonstrations of unemployed before the city hall of the Western Algerian port city of Oran.

Several thousand Algerians, most of them unemployed workers and widows of Algerians killed in the war of liberation met before the city hall Tuesday afternoon to demand work and compensation.

When a group of young demonstrators shouted anti-government slogans, police and soldiers attacked the crowd.

Fist-fighting was followed by shots, first fired in the air then among the demonstrators.

Algerian Interior Minister Ahmed Medeghri flew into Oran last night and called a meeting of the City Council.

KHRUSHCHOV BACK FROM UNOFFICIAL TRIP TO POLAND

MOSCOW Jan. 8 (Tass)—Nikolai Khrushchov, the First Secretary of the CPSU Central Committee and chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR, Tuesday returned to Moscow from an



A view of the new seven-storey modern building recently occupied by the Ministry of Education. The building has been constructed by Hochtief at an estimated cost of Af. 61 million.

U.S.A WELCOMES FRENCH MILITARY AND ECONOMIC AID TO CAMBODIAN GOVT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (DPA)—The United States welcomes French assistance to Cambodia to the extent that it helps that Southeast Asian nation to maintain its independence, neutrality and national integrity, State Department press officer Robert McCloskey said here last night.

Pauling Calls For Chinese Admission To United Nations

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (AP)—Dr. Linus Pauling, twice winner of the Nobel prize, called Tuesday for admission of the People's Republic of China to the United Nations.

Pauling, winner of both the Nobel prize for chemistry and for peace, spoke at a meeting of the women's National Press Club.

Admission of China is essential to getting the United States and the Soviet Union to agree to general disarmament, he said.

Neither of the two great powers, he said, would take significant steps toward disarmament so long as the Chinese People's Republic remained outside the family of nations and not a party to the agreement.

"I believe," he said, "there will never again be a world war—or any war in which nuclear weapons are used—or any great war."

He urged that Latin America and Africa be made nuclear free zones by agreement—and that steps be taken to make Europe another nuclear free zone.

World law and the judicious use of elections to insure against dictatorships and to settle disagreements could solve the problems of small wars, he said.

He said he would like to see the United Nations share control of nuclear weapons with each of the two major powers, permitting neither to use nuclear force without U.N. permission.

unofficial visit to the Polish People's Republic as guest of Wladyslaw Gomulka, the First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers Party, and Jozef Cyrankiewicz the Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Polish People's Republic.

France has offered Cambodia tanks, trucks, and combat aircraft to help defend the kingdom's neutrality.

Prince Sihanouk the Cambodian Head of State renounced U.S. assistance last month and asked the withdrawal of U.S.AID personnel, and Washington had feared she might turn to Peking for assistance.

Mr. McCloskey said he knew of no plan for talks with Cambodians that might lead to a resumption of U.S.AID.

"All or virtually all" such U.S. personnel had been withdrawn, he said.

Queried about reports that a British firm, Leyland Motors, had negotiated a ten-million-dollar sale of passenger buses with Cuba, Mr. McCloskey said America regretted the sale since it did not help in the U.S. efforts to isolate the Cuban regime and thereby weaken the economy, including the public transportation sector.

Asked what action the United States would have preferred the British government to take in the affair, the official said Washington obviously wanted to see that the transaction was not consummated.

U.S. President Signs 3 Billion Dollars Foreign Aid Bill

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (Reuters)—President Johnson Tuesday signed the 3,000 million dollars foreign aid appropriations bill for the current fiscal year ending on June 30.

The bill also enables the President to authorize government guarantees for credits made available for private sales of grain to the Soviet Union and Eastern bloc nations.

Republican opposition to this provision held up final passage of the measure until after Christmas and delayed the adjournment of the last session of Congress.

Home News In Brief

KABUL, Jan. 8.—At the invitation of Japanese communication manufacturing firms, Mr. Nasrullah Malikyar, Deputy Minister of Communications left Kabul for that country Tuesday morning.

KABUL, Jan. 8.—Mr. William D. Brewer, Counselor and Deputy Chief of Mission, of American Embassy in Kabul held a reception at his residence, Tuesday night in honour of Mr. Harry M. Phelan, Economic Counselor. The function was attended by some government officials, and members of the Diplomatic Corps.

KABUL, Jan. 8.—Mr. Benier, the Turkish Ambassador at the Court of Kabul, met Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf at Sadarat building Tuesday morning.

Johnson To Deliver His State Of Union Message Today

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (AP)—President Johnson went over his state of the union message Tuesday with Democratic Party congressional leaders who described it as "excellent" and "quite to the point".

Without going into details, speaker John W. McCormack of Massachusetts said he thinks the American people will respond most favourably to the message.

It will be delivered by Johnson at noon Wednesday to a joint session of Congress, which opens its new session Tuesday.

The Democratic leaders, after their weekly breakfast session at the White House kept silent on the specifics of the message but there was speculation that it may contain proposals for a two pronged attack on poverty through specialized education and other programmes.

Democratic leader Mike Mansfield, Montana told newsmen the message is "quite to the point in the interests of the American people domestically speaking".

Mansfield also said Johnson was next to keep the budget for the next fiscal year under 100 billion dollars.

McCormack said he reported to the President that the House leadership will seek a vote on civil rights legislation as quickly as possible. He said the rules committee, which must clear the legislation for floor action, will begin hearings Thursday.

AT THE CINEMA

PARK CINEMA

At 4-30, 7 and 9 p.m. American film: **TEN WHO DARED**, starring: Brian Keith, John Beal and James Drury.

KABUL CINEMA:

At 4 and 6-30 p.m. Russian film with translation in Persian.

BEZHAD CINEMA:

At 4 and 6-30 p.m. Russian film with translation in Persian.

ZAINEB CINEMA

At 4 and 6-30 p.m. Russian film with translation in Persian.

Hopes To Increase Bonn-Warsaw Trade Do Not Materialize

WARSAW, Jan. 8 (DPA)—Polish hopes that the first long-term trade agreement between West Germany and Poland after World War II will lead to a considerable increase in the exchange of goods have not been fulfilled.

Figures released Tuesday on the first year of the agreement show that the amount of trade provided for under the treaty has not been reached.

In 1963 Poland exported to West Germany goods worth 340 million marks while the target set in the agreement amounts to 470 million marks.

West Germany's exports to Poland amounted to 300 million mark against a 370 million mark target.

The mixed German-Polish Trade Committee will meet next month in Bonn to discuss the disappointing result and surer means to extend trade between the two countries.

In the Polish view agricultural exports to West Germany have been unduly hampered by the European Common Market (EEC), especially by special import duties levied on agricultural imports from non-EEC members.

Polish pig exports to West Germany were nil last year while in 1961, Poland exported 200,000 pigs to West Germany.

Polish egg exports to West Germany amounted to twelve million marks in 1963 while the trade agreement set a target of forty million marks.

Officials of the West German trade mission in Warsaw, however, maintain that the sharp decline in Polish live-stock, due to crop failure in 1961 was the main cause for decreasing agricultural exports.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Dear Readers

It is requested to please contact directly the Kabul Times Office for the payments of your subscriptions. If this is not convenient, the office may be phoned so that an authorized person could be sent to you to collect the subscriptions.

We take no responsibility for payments made to any other persons.

Tel: 21494

22851

24861

Ext. 3-007 or 05

Newsprint Needed

Kabul Times needs newsprint for its new offset press. All trading agencies and commercial firms able to supply the same are requested to submit their tenders not later than January 15, 1964.