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Kabul Times (June 6, 1964, vol. 3, no. 80)

Bakhtar News Agency

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International Club: Pamir Cinema

Shar-e-naw; Khyber Restaurant Near Shahi Pul; Blue Mosque

TIMES

PRICE AL 1

VOL. III, NO. 80

KABUL, SATURDAY 6, 1964. (JO WZA 16, 13403, S.H.)

Prime Minister Returns; Hoping To Serve Nation Better With Good Health

DR. Mohammad Yousuf, the Prime Minister arrived by air in Kabul on Thursday evening. He was greeted at the airport by His Royal Highness Prince Ahmad Shah, His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad Nadir, His Royal Highness Marshal Shah Wali Khan Ghazi, the Victor of Kabul, the President of the National Assembly, the two Deputy Prime Ministers, other Cabinet Ministers, Generals of the Royal Afghan Armed Forces, members of the diplomatic corps, members of the National Assembly and the Senate, high-ranking civil officials, Pakhtunistanis residing in Kabul and prominent citizens of the capi-

Upon alighting from the plane, the Prime Minister was greeted with sustained applause and a group of young girl guides and boy scouts presented bouquets to

After inspecting the guard of honour, the Prime Minister shook hands with all those present.

The Bakhtar report says that a large number of citizens of Kabul thronged the route at different parts of the city and greeted the Prime Minister with applause and showered flowers upon him.

Dr. Mohammad Yousuf had gone for medical treatment to Moscow on February 15th this

He said on arrival he was happy to return home and expressed the hope that with the improvement in his health, brought about as a result of prolonged and organised treatment, he would be able to discharge his duties towards the King, country and society in a more effective manner.

The Prime Minister expressed his appreciation of the very cordial hospitality of the government and people of the Soviet Union throughout his stay in the USSR, especially the close attention with which the Soviet authorities diagnosed and treated his illness.

Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf also expressed pleasure at his meetings with Mr. Brezhnev, the President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR, Prime Minister Khrushchov and other Soviet personalities.

He said that these contacts were useful and effective for strengthening further the ties of friendship between the two neighbouring countries and would lead to the expansion of co-operation between Afghanistan and the Soviet Union.

The Prime Minister thanked Mr. Abdulla Malikyar for the manner in which he had, under the guidance of His Majesty the King and with the cooperation of other Cabinet colleagues and civil and military officials, performed the duties of Prime Minister in his absence. Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf also thanked all those who had so warmly and cordially greeted him on a holiday and wished progress and prosperity to his countrymen, under the leadership of His Majesty the King.

According to a Radio Moscow broadcast, Dr. Mohammad Yousuf told a Tass correspondent at Moscow airport that the peoples of Afghanistan and the Soviet Union were cordial friends and that relations between the two countries were an example of mutual respect and confidence. "These ties", he declared, "have existed and will exist always."

"I received treatment and took rest in your country and I wish to stress the fact that the doctors and others of the medical profession have taken great pains in restoring my health; I wish to thank them heartily.

that during his stay in the Soviet | health and cordial feelings.

Morgenstierne Goes To Nooristan For Gati Research

KABUL, June, 6.—Professor Morgenstierne, the Norwegian philologist left Kabul for Nooristan on Thursday morning to conduct research about the Gati dialect; he has come to Kabul from Oslo for the purpose of co-operating with the Institute of Philology of Kabul University.

Professor Morgenstierne intends to visit Lundi-Sin and Kamdesh areas and from there go to Berg-Mattal to carry on the research; he will try to reach these places via Kunar valley and Barikote.

The 72-year-old Professor, now counted among the greatest experts on the history of the Aryan languages, has said that the four dialects used in Nooristan possess a single root and that their distinctive phonetics show that these are older than the language of the Avesta and Vedas.

Mr. Gordon Wassen, an American botanist, studying relationship between man's life and plants and an official of the Institute of Philology of Kabul University together with two Nooristani youngmen are accompanying the Professor in this 3-week trip.

Professor Morgenstierne, who has visited Afghanistan five times during the past four decades has already published valuable data about the Pamir, Parachi, Omuri, Pashayee etc. and three non-Gati Noorsiatani dialects, that is Wegali, Parasoni and Washkan.

Another important work of the Professor, who is also an honorary member of the Pakhtu Academy, is the dictionary of the the roots of the Pukhto language as compared to Avesta and other ancient languages.

Union he had always observed the cordial feelings manifested by the people and government of the Soviet Union for the people and government of Afghanistan. "I wish to thank, through the Tass News Agency, the government and people of the Soviet Union for these sentiments.

The government and people of Afghanistan, too, wish to maintain co-operation and good-neighbourliness with the Soviet Union in future", the Prime Minister said. "I wish greater successes to the Soviet nation", he declared, "and I believe that Mr. Khrushchov, the Prime Minister of the Soviet Union will achieve greater successes in his efforts to maintain peace and friendship between States".

Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf concluded his statement by saying that he was leaving the The Prime Minister has said | Soviet Union with fully recovered



Dr. Yousuf (right) shakes hands with Mr. Malikyar, First Deputy Prime Minister, on Dr. Yousuf's arrival at the Kabul International Airport Thursday afternoon.

Turkish Premier To Visit Washington For Talks On Solving Cyprus Problem

WASHINGTON, June, 6, (AP) .-BECAUSE of growing Turkish concern over Cyprus, U.S. President Johnson has been in touch again with Prime Minister Inonu and has suggested a visit to Washington, the White House announced Friday night.

cussion, the White House state-

The statement says: "In view of increasing Turkish concern over the Cyprus situation the President has again been in touch with Prime Minister Inonu. The President did suggest to Prime Minister Inonu the possibility of visiting Washington if convenient but this matter is still under dis-

"The President's exchange of messages with Prime Minister Inonu is only the latest step in a continuing pattern of consultation among close allies. In these consultations the United States has acted in full recognition that the role of peacekeeping and mediation on Cyprus belongs to the United Nations."

It was added that no further details are being released now. The statement appeared to have been issued as result of despatches from Ankara saying that Inonu had been invited to Washington.

There was no White House comment on reports from Nicosia that Johnson had warned Turkey against landing troops on the Mediterranean island.

Meanwhile in Ankara Inonu, told the nation in a radio broadcast last night that Turkey would defend the rights of Turkish Cypriots to the last.

He expressed his regret at the fact that international diplomatic attempts to settle the Cyprus problem had met with no success so far, but rejected opposition charges that his government had failed to take advantage of parliamentary approval for Turkish military intervention on the Mediterranean island.

Inonu said a nation carrying out social reforms could not conduct a policy of adventurism.

The Turkish Premier stressed his nation's allegiance to the Western alliances of NATO and CENTO (the Central Treaty Organisation) but was equally emphatic in stating that Turkey the Soviet Delegation;

The matter remains under dis-; would never seek to burden relations with countries against whom she had signed these pacts.

Without mentioning the Soviet Union by name, Inonu added, however, that certain neighbours of Turkey must respect her need for security.

Also in Ankara, Turkish Council of Ministers met again late Friday night with Inonu in the chair.

Informed quarters believe that the more than one-hour talk Inonu had with NATO Supreme Commander Lpman Lemnitzer has somewhat eased the situa-

Lemnitzer had unexpectedly arrived Friday night. The situation is, however, still being described as serious, since the tendency among the military is growing to exert pressure on the government with a view to immediate energetic steps against the "provocations" of Cyprus President Archbishop Makarios.

Foreign Minister Feridun Erkin told reporters last night that the situation at present was not clear, but that joint efforts would be made to settle the Cyprus cri-

Erkin said the U.S. Ambassador in Ankara had handed the government President Lyndon Johnson's message in which he expressed the wish for consultations about Turkey's requirements.

Lemnitzer told the reporters that the talks with Inonu had been very useful, and added that he would also go to Athens. He mentioned no dates. However, he will leave Ankara later today.

KABUL, June, 6.-Talks between the delegations of Afghanistan and the Soviet Union over the subject of transit facilities between the two countries have begun in Kabul

Dr. Abdul Malik, President of the Chambers of Commerce is leading the Afghan delegation and Mr. Felin, Deputy Chief of the Spozhnish-Trans Union that of | Writers Union to pay a friendly

Royal Audience

KABUL, June, 6.-According to an announcement from the Department of Royal Protocol His Majesty the King granted audience to the following during the week ending June 4th:

Dr. Abdul Zahir, President of the National Assembly, Dr. Ali Ahmad Popal, Second Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education, General Khan Mohammad, Minister of Defence, Dr. Abdul Kayeum, Acting Minister of Interior, Dr. Mohammad Nasser Keshawarz, Acting Minister of Agriculture, Engineer Mohammad Hussain Masa, Acting Minister of Mines and Industries, Mr. Gul Pacha Ulfat, Chief of the Department of Tribal Affairs, Professor Mohammad Asghar, Mayor of Kabul, Lt. General Ghulam Farouk, Chief of the General Staff, Dr. Abdul Vakeel, Acting Governor of Helmand, Mr. Nasrullah, Director-General of Constructions in Kandahar Province and Dr. Yar Mohammad, a graduate in biology and agriculture from Berlin University. A group of dignitaries from Aqchah in Jowzjan Province were also received in audience by His Majesty and lunched at the Royal table.

His Majesty also granted audience to Professor Morgenstierne, the eminent Norwegian philologist and Gordon Wassen an American botanist, at Gulkhana Palace during the week.

Pazhwak Thanks Zalmay Ghazi For Seminar In Kabul

NEW YORK, June, 6.-Afghanistan's permanent Delegate to the United Nations Abdul Rahman Pazhwak has sent a telegramme of congratulations to Zalmay Mahmoud Ghazi Chairman of the Human Rights Seminar, which recently concluded in Afghanistan.

In the telegramme he said the gathering was "an important achievement" in one of the most vital fields of the international life of mankind.

The text of the message fol-

"Having read the press reports and United Nations publications, I hope I am not late in congratulating you as Chairman of the Human Righs Seminar on the achievement of this important gathering in Kabul in one of the most vital fields in international life of mankind and so especially significant as far as Afghanistan is concerned.

"I request you to convey this message to the Afghan representatives, particularly to the Rector of Kabul University. We are informed that a tree has been planted in Pohantun (University) to commemorate the occasion.

"May this tree stand firm forever and bear the spiritual fruit so greatly desired by all individuals throughout the world in the name of observation of Human Rights and respect for the dignity of the Human person."

KABUL, June, 6.—Professor Khalilullah Khalili, Press Advisor to His Majesty the King returned home from the Soviet Union in the some plane which brought the Prime Minister on Thursday. He had been invited by the Soviet visit to the USSR.

KABUL TIMES

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JUNE 6, 1964

Prime Minister Returns.

It is good news to know that Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf is back in Afghanistan with good health. He is back to take over again the many responsibilities with which he has been entrusted during this very vital phase of national

The Prime Minister as a man assigned by His Majesty the among the people has been a hard working individual devoting his whole energy for pro- Shastri, who became India's new moting the welfare of the na- Prime Minister, was one of late tion and spearheading the very Prime Minister Nehru's most important social reforms which trusted colleagues. It was to him

government which extended him his burden. Mr. Lal Bahadur an invitation to the Prime Mi- Shastri embarks upon his new nister to visit the USSR for a task with first hand knowledge of period of medical treatment and period of medical treatment and led upon to tackle as the Prime. rest has indeed served as yet Minister. another step in the consolidation of very friendly and amicable ties existing between the Apart from the important role two neighbouring countries. Mr. Lal Bahadur played as a mem-Dr Yousuf's meeting with ber of successive Nehru cabinets Prime Minister Nikita Khrush- since 1952, he has been in the Inchov and President Leonid dian Government and the Con-Brezhnev in an atmosphere of gress Party's co-ordinator, conciliextreme cordiality and good- Late Prime Minister leaned heaviwill were the manifestation of ly on him in resolving what at exellent relations between the times he deemed irreconcilable two nations. The Afghan people differences either within the Gothank the friendly Soviet gov- vernment or in the Congress orgaernment and people for their nisation. Late Mr. Purushottamgesture.

is back he and his whole government and the nation are confronted with further attempts. States of Uttar Pradesh and Mato carry through the many in- dhya Pradesh on dispute over setricate duties set forth in the lection of a State Legislative Parfields of social and economic ty's leader Mr. Lal Bahadur's for his early education at Harish planning. During Dr. Yousuf's capacity for compromise found an treatment abroad, the govern- acceptable solution. ment functioned smoothly and many jobs were done in accordvoung educated group.

worked hard and with utmost particitism to carry through of this national venture, are politics. the mission entrusted upon him. with the Prime Minister and With a better health we are thus hope for him further tion in a better form. We, as part and the nation

Mikoyan Says Japan-Soviet Trade Relations Increase Along With Friendly Atmosphere

"The Soviet People would like parliamentary delegation's visit Union's foreign trade with capitato see Japanese policy trail less to Japan has shown convincingly list countries, she has now moved after the policy of others, would that marked progress has been up to third place, he recalled. like Japan's voice to sound out made in relations between our "And this is hardly surprising. It more strongly and independently countries, that a favourable atmos- is the outcome of the vital need in the interests of peaceful co-ex- phere exists for strengthening for both our countries to develop sistence and relaxation of interna- these relations, and that the wind trade and business contacts". tional tension".

This was sated by Anastas Minewspaper "Moscow News". The liamentary Delegation to Japan. Japanese trade will hit the full tinct either".

People Are Not Blind "In Japan we saw that people are not blind, they very well ap- the delegation members did not ed preciate the danger threatening agree in everything with their humanity from people who would like to succeed those who destroy- without hesitation that at the ma- cap in hand to beg for peace. We

tions through the normal diploma- changed in Japan.

Having pointed out that Soviet-

is blown in the right direction"

International Position Characterising Japan's position fort the time when annual Soviet- and whose people so manifestly favourable and quite promising". express their desire for lasting

Japanes partners, it cannot said

Trade Increases Considerably Mikoyan emphasized that in re- can progress along the socialist Japanese relations were yet far cent years Soviet-Japanese trade road. We consider that the greatfrom what one might consider a had developed considerably est virtue of Marxism-Leninism is model of good neighbourliness. Whereas three years ago Japan that Communist ideas are not bo-Mikoyan stressed: "The Soviet occupied sixth place in the Soviet und up with war"

The meetings with representatives of Japan's industrial groups, in international life, Mikoyan said Mokoyan said, improved underfort, the time when annual Soviet- that she "does not yet occupy the standing and created a favourable Union gave this interview after position in international affairs atmosphere for further developa two-week visit of a Soviet Par- which is her due as a power that ing economic contacts. "On the has made substantial economic ad- whole we consider the prospects "If both countries make an ef- vances in these past few years of Soviet-Japanese trade to be

Mikovan said that there is a tre-1.000 million mark is not too dispeace and friendship with other mendous interest in Japan'in the Soviet policy of peace and peaceful co-existence. Explaining the Mikovan noted that although principles of this policy, he declar-Right To Peace

"We do not go to the capitalists jority of meetings and talks there Soviet people have won the right Mikoyan said that contacts bet- was a spirit of sincerity and fri- to peace in battle, with our own endliness and keen interest in pro- blood. We have the strength and countries were a good means of moting contacts and relations in means to curb any aggressors who strengthening relations between many fields. He adduced several would dare to encroach on our nations. Moreover, they can be ev- facts showing that the attitude gains. But socialism is inseparable en more fruitful than negotia- towards the. Soviet Union has from peace. We need peace to build communism. Peace is also needed so that other countries.

Biography Of A New Leader:

Lal Bahadur Shastri, India's New Premier, King to head the first government by one chosen from Was One Of Nehru's Most Trusted Colleagues

Sixty-year old Lal Bahadur launched in this that Mr. Nehru turned when failhealth made it necessary for him The gesture of the Soviet to find some one to share with

Party's Co-ordinator das Tandon, one of his early associates, described Mr. Shastri as a Now that the Prime Minister genius "in striking balances, handling difficult situations and achieving compromises". Whether it were dissensions between the

Devoted And Trustworthy This role he may be said to Gandhi's appeal to studetns to have inherited from his predecesance with goals and targets set sor in the office of the Home Miforth. But it must be remem- nister, late Mr. Govind Ballabh bered that the tasks which we Pant, under whom he served his have to accomplish are many political apprenticeship. Pandit and vital and Dr. Mohammad Pant picked him up as his Parlia-Yousuf has been chosen by His mentary Secretary in 1947 when Majesty the King to carry the former was the Premier of at Varanasi and came under the through with the help of a Uttar Pradesh because Mr. Shastri was "likeable, hardworking, de- Dr. Bhagwan Das. He graduated outside the Government for long. The return of the Prime Minisvoted and trustworthy". Mr. from Kashi Vidyapith taking a In 1957, when the second general ter at a time when the draft of



Lal Bahadur Shastri qualities in his association with Mr Nehru during latter's life

Son of a School Teacher Mr. Lal Bahadur was born in 1904 at Mugalsarai in Varanasi District of Uttar Pradesh. His father Mr. Sharda Prasad was a school teacher who subsequently became a Government official When Mr. Lal Bahadur was only year and a half old his father died and he along with his two sisters was brought up by his maternal grandfather who arranged Chandra School in Varanasi. He. studied at this school up to the age of 17 when in response to boycott colleges and schools, he decided to give up studies and joined the non co-operation movement during which he was arres-

After his release from jail in 1936. For three years from 1935. influence of the great philosopher. The Prime Minister has Shastri continued to display these Shastri degree. On conclusion of elections took place, he was re- the new constitution is going to his studies he returned to active elected to the Lok Sabha. On be presented to the Lova Jirga.

When he was 23, he married munications and in March, 1958, evils and promoting the living sure that he can serve the na- good health to serve the King Lalita and they have four sons Minister of Commerce and Indus- conditions of our people will be and two daughters

Member Of Servant Society ber of the Servants of India So- constitution, pay-scale reform for ciety and shifted his field of acti- government employees, division vities to Allahabad and was elec- of the country into new administed to the Allahabad Municipal trative units, working out new Board which he served for seven industrial and agricultural provears as its member. He was also jects and exerting efforts for com-

Posts In the Congress occupy important organisational Kabul-Kandahar Highway Proposts in the Congress. He was the ject, expansion of education and General Secretary and later Pre- other social, economic, and culsident of the Allahabad District tural activities are examples de-Congress Committee from 1930 to monstrating the great interest 1936. For three years fro m1935, taken by the government of Dr. he was the General Secretary of Mohammad Yousuf in the devethe U.P. Provincial Congress Com- lopment and advancement of the mittee. When the Congress enter- country. ed Provincial Legislatures in 1937, Mr. Lal Bahadur was elected to the U.P. Legislative Assembly.

Mr. Shastri participated in all mass movements launched by the Congress between 1921 and 1942 and was jailed seven times spending more than nine years in pri-

In 1946, he again returned to the U.P. Legislature and was appointed Parliamentary Secretary to the Chief Minister. He was soon promoted as the Minister for Home and Transport which portfolios he held for about five years. In 1951, Mr. Nehru called Mr. Lal Bahadur to New Delhi to or-

ganise Congress Party's General The new Parliament found Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri as a member of the Raiva Sabha in 1952. In May same year he was appointed as the Union Minister for Trans-

port and Railways. Four years

later in November, 1956, he resign-

Government Posts He was, however, not to remain world.

(Contd. on page 4)

the return of Dr. Mohammad Yousuf the Prime Minister of Afghanistan from Soviet Union where he underwent medical treatment. On the basic of good relations existing between the two countries, said the ediorial

the government of the Soviet

Union extended an invitation to

Thursday's Islah commented or

Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf for medical treatment in the Soviet Union. The medical treatment of Dr Yousuf, it said, lasted for two months in the Soviet Union after which he rested in one of the nursing homes near Moscow, After spending a two week rest on the Black Sea he returned to Moscow and held talks with the leaders of USSR on further consolidation

ween the two countries. Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf, stated the editorial is the forerunner of our social reforms. During his administration the country under the guidence of His Majesty the King, has taken firm steps towards the realisation

of friendly relations and promo-

tion of mutual co-operation bet-

Now that the Prime Minister. has returned home, the editorial concluded, it is hoped that he will carry on his sensitive responsibility with greater energy successfully and help implement social changes and raise people's living standard in a better manner

Thursday's Anis also carried an editoria on the return of Afghanistan Premier. People are acquainted well, it said, with the efforts made by the Prime Minister and his colleagues during the 15 month administration of the In 1926, he became a life memnew government. Drafting a new a member of the Allahabad Im- pleting huge projects such as provement Trust for about four Naghloo power project, Nangarhar Canal project, search for oil and natural gas, Salang Highway Mr. Lal Bahadur soon came to Project, Kabul-Torkham and

We may recall, the editorial said, that in one of his press conferences Prime Minister Dr. Yousuf declared that the government is of the people and they have, therefore, the right to control the policy and activities of the government in order to defend their civil rights and national interests. The Prime Minister further had declared that people should take interest in the public life and help the government in implementing the development programmes by advancing constructive suggestions through the press and their elected representatives or even direct contacts with the Prime Minister and the cabinet mem-

The status which the press has assumed today, said the editorial is the manifestation of this concept. This attitude of the press has proved to be constructive and effective in helping orient public opinion to the political and social conditions of the modern

April 17, 1957, he was appointed raises the hope that the desirable Minister for Transport and Com- activities in eliminating social (Contd. on page 3)

Radio Afghanistan Programme

SATURDAY

3.00-3.30 p.m. AST 15225 kc.= 1. English Programme: 19 m band. II. English Programme 3.30-4.00 p.m. AST 15125 kcs= 19 m band. Urdu programme: 6.00-6.30 p.m. AST 4775 kcs=

IL English Programme: 6.30-7.00 p.m. AST 4775 kcs= 62m band. Russian Programme: 10.30-11.30 p.m. AST 4775 kcs-62 m band. Arabic Programme:

62m band.

11.00-11.30 p.m. AST 11735 kcs= French Programme: 11.30-12.00 midnight 15225 kcs= 19 m band.

German Programme: 10.00-10.30 p.m. AST 15225 kcs= 25 m band. The Programmes include news, commentaries, interviews, topical

and historical reports and music. Western Music Sunday, 9.00-9.55 p.m. classical and light programmes. Friday

1.00-1.45 p.m. light programme. Tue,day, 5.00-5.30 p.m. popular tunes. Thursday, 5.00-5.30 p.m. po-

Air Services

ARRIVALS

HERAT-KANDAHAR Arr. Kabul 18-40. PESHWAR-KABUL

DEPARTURES Dep. Kabul, 7-30. KABUL-PESHAWAR Dep. 10-30

AEROFLOT KABUL-TASHKENT-MOSCOV Dep. 13-10.

TRAN NATIONAL AIRLINES CORPORATION TEHRAN-ZAHEDAN Arr. Kabul 12-00 KABUL-ZAHEDAN-TEHRAN Dep. 13-00

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Author Of 'The Ghaznavids' Visits Afghanistan To Get Firsthand Knowledge Of Historic Land

Five years is a long time just to By: Our Own Correspondent you read THE GHAZNAVIDS, you can appreciate the effort that went into its preparation—and can even wonder how a scholar could compile so much detail in such a short time.

That Scholar, Clifford Edmund Bosworth, returned to Scotland this week after a month's study of the land about which he wrote:

"I know it seems strange to write about a place you've never lot of good source material in con- of the town of Ghazna. temporary Arabic and other manuscripts which can often give thor gave three lectures but spent like to see these fine skills reviv- tory," said the message referred you more detailed history than most of his time seeing historical ed". the site itself".

The 'Feel' of History "However", he added, "there's history".

ed and had their temporary capi- relics in the Loghar Valley. tals. He was particularly interested in visiting the Helmand Valley where one of the Sultans hunted lions during the height of ed in the Middle East while an the Ghaznavid Empire around undergraduate student in history 1050 A. D.

pire have led to other questions he key, United Arab Republic, and tion of the government and peo- Southeast Asia won the day, and wants to explore.

off the press a few months, Mr. er in Arabic at St. Andrews Uni- ciation for the Soviet govern- is not indigenous Bosworth has already completed versity, about 50 miles north of ment's gesture in undertaking the published in the next year or two: sity, established in 1411, is the old- and regarded this as an example | the French on the need for inde-Medieval History of Persia and est in the country. Afghanistan, and a translation of

Blondie

MY NEW SECRETARY STARTED TODAY

geography of Iran.

Helping Write Encyclopaedia

worth is also engaged in an international project for the Encyclopaedia of Islam, which will be published in English at Leiden, Holland, in about a year.

visited", he said in a Kabul znavids, and the Ghurids. He also for a truly national culture".

monuments and studying the countryside over which the Ghaznavid armies marched

"It is important to see the ter nothing like a visit to the place rain to really understand how the itself to really get the feel of the armies travelled and how they lived", he said. He also had some Mr. Bosworth visited Ghazni, talks here in Kabul with the Lashkargah, Kandahar, and other French Archeological Delegation places where the Ghaznavids liv- and went with them to look for

Mr. Bosworth first got interestat Oxford and began studying His visits in Afghanistan and Arabic. After his graduation he other parts of the Ghaznavid Em- spent several summers in Tur- increased through the co-opera- trophe if the communist attack in Iran, and began specialising in ple. Arabic and Islamic History.

With THE GHAZNAVIDS only Since 1956 he has been a lectur- pressed the Afghan people's appre- from Hanoi (North Vietnam) and two more books which will be Edinburgh, Scotland. The Univer- medical treatment of Dr. Yousuf When he is not teaching. Mr. ween the two countries:

SHE HAS A PINE

BUSINESS BACKGROUND

AND HAS HAD YEARS

EXPERIENCE

spend on one book, but when an Arabic work on literature and "Although this is my first visit to Afghanistan, it won't be my last, he said. "I am very impressed by the polite and extremely cheer-As if this isn't enough, Mr. Bos- ful people-and I want to come back very soon".

> A National Culture "Afghanistan" he added, "has a history going back two or three His contribution to the Encyclo- milleniums-possibly four-and paedia will include articles on the has a strong sense of history History of Afghanistan, the Gha- which should give a good basis a message from President John-

> finished an article on the history Handicrafts have been a strong with President de Gaulle Friday. feature of this area in the past While in Afghanistan, the au- centuries, he said, and "I would

> > "The fire pottery tradition goes back several hundred years", he said, "of an excellent quality, both artistically and technically". A reto this country".

Mr. Bosworth's book, THE GHA-ZNAVIDS, is published by Edinburgh University Press, 1 George Square, Edinburgh 8, Scotland, at

(Contd from page 2)

In conclusion, the editorial exof lasting friendly relations bet- pendence of South Vietnam.

By Chic Young OH STOP IT-TO KNOW ABOUT

Bell Telephone Lab Verifies CAB Belief That Pilot Was Shot

WASHINGTON, June, 6, (AP) An assailant aboard the airplane that crashed near San Francisco May 7, killing all 44 aboard, apprently shot the pilot, officials said Wednesday.

The U.S. Civil Aeronautics Board and FBI released a tape recording of the last radio transmission from the Plane, a desperate cry:

"Skipper's shot. We've been shot I was trying to help." The voice was identified as that of co-pilot Ray E. Andress. Beyond his "we've been shot," there was nothing to indicate whether he too had been wounded

before the crash. The CAB asked the assistance of Bell Telephone Laboratories in New Jersy in analysing the blurred conversation on the tape the final communication between the plane and the Federal Aviation Agency control tower at San

Francisco. L.C. Ersta, of Bell's accoustics and speech research laboratory. said the studies and comparisons with earlier recordings of the crew voices, indicated that the voice recorded was that at San Francisco on a flight from Reno

A revolver found in the plane wreckage was traced to one of the dead passengers who had taken out a large amount of flight insu-

De Gaulle Recieves Johnson's Message From George Ball

PARIS, June, 6, (Reuter).-United States Under-Secretary of State Mr. George Ball delivered son during an 80-minute meeting meeting as "extremely satisfac-

United States diplomats said General de Gaulle proved very friendly, and understanding of the considerations put forward by Mr. Ball in favour of Amewould do much to attract tourists | rica's present policy in Southeast

> "The area of agreement between the United States and France is substantial "sources close to Mr. Ball said

> Both sides said, however, that there remained differences about which courses of action to take. The sources said there were "two substantial areas of agreement-that it would be a catas-

American sources also said there was no disagreement with

that subversion in South Viet-

nam is organised and directed

The U.S. view was that the real problem was how to get Hanoi to cease interfering with the peaceful life of South Vietnam.

General de Gaulle, the American sources revealed, listened to Mr. George Ball with great attention. He seemed fully appreciative, they said, of the difficulties and problems with which the United States was faced in this region.

The sources said the French argument was that China was mainly absorbed by its internal difficulties and its dispute with Soviet Union.

General de Gaulle pointed out to Mr. Ball that no white power had yet succeeded in conducting successfully a guerilla war in

CINEMA

Against Pathet Lao In Plain Of Jars

VIENTIANE. June, 6, (AP).-General Kouprasith Abbay said friday the Pathet Lao should be dislodged by force from their newly won position in Laos' Plaine des Jarres area if they refuse to withdraw peacefully.

Kouprasith, who is one of the leaders of the April 19 rightist coup, said Laotian rightwing and neutralist forces should get foreign military aid so that they can fight Pathet Lao.

He indicated this aid most likely should come from the United States, which has committed itself to the defence of this area against communist aggression.

Kouprasith told reporters it is about time the United States "adopts a position of strength" towards the communists.

Kouprasith, who still holds a position of power in this Rightwing controlled administrative capital, said North Vietnam is aiding the Laotian Pathet Lao faction with fighting men and military equipment.

He added that is why the rightwing and neutralists were unable to win battles against the Pathet

The Pathet Lao have claimed that the fighting in the plaine area is between neutralist troops loyal to General Kong Le and dissident neutralists and have therefore refused to consider Premier Souvanna Phouma's demand that Pathet Lao troops withdraw from positions they took since May 16. The Soviet government announced Friday night it also favours a preliminary six-nation conference

to stop the fighting in Laos. The Soviets revealed their attitude by publishing the text of a Soviet-suggested joint message of the co-chairman of the Geneva Conference on Laos.

Readiness Proclaimed To Pakhtunistan

KABUL, June, 6.-A report from Momand in Northern Independent Pakhtunistan says that large national Jirgas in Northern Independent Pakhtunistan are continuing all over the Momand territory to protest against the activities of the Pakistan govern-

The report says that the joint National Jirga of Sapi, Shinwari, Khanzadagan and Chieftains of Moosakhail tribes at Khazina-Warsak, was addressed among others by Malik Madar Khan Moosakhail, Malik Toor Jan of Khazina, Sheikh Abdul Majid Mr. Miran Gul Rohain, Sayyed Abdul Hakim, Malik Nowroz Khan, Malik Issa Khan, Malik Aslat Khan and Malik Dilawar Khan, who proclaimed their readinews to defend their homeland and freedom and urged the government of Pakistan to abstain from further intervention in the Momand area.

The Jirga reaffirmed the determination of the Momands to oppose the aggressors to the last drop of their blood.

The report adds that members of the Issakhail and Burhankhail tribes of Pindyalaye region also endorsed the decisions passed by this Jirga and urged the government of Pakistan to bandon its interventionist policy

According to another report from Pakhtunistan, the Halimzai Momand Khuwezi tribes also in their Jirga endorsed the resolutions passed by national Jirgas accusations against military attaheld by other tribes in Independent Pakhtunistan and reiterated their united stand to give every possible sacrifice in order to defend their territory and freedom.

These Jirgas also warned the government of Pakistan to desist from further intervention in always going somewhere to learn Pakhtunistan.

Abhay Urges Force | Japanese Ambassador Arrives In Kabul



Mr. Ediki Masaki, the new Ambassador of Japan to the Court of Kabul accompanied by his wife, arrived in Kabul on Thursday.

He was received at the airport by Mr. Koshani, the Administrative Deputy Chief of Protocol of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and members of the Japanese Embassy in Kabul.

Mr. Masaki a diplomat for the last 23 years has served in the Japanese Embassies in the Philippines, the United States and Britain.

Before he was appointed to Afghanistan he was the Deputy Chief of Protocol.

The photo, as reported in a Japanese magazine recently, shows Mr. Masaki reading Kabul Times in his office of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Tokyo.

Commonwealth Countries Oppose South Rhodesian Part In Conference: Home

LONDON, June, 6, (AP).—

PRIME Minister Douglas-Home has advised fellow Prime Minister Ian Smith of Southern Rhodesia that other Commonwealth states oppose his attendance at next month's Commonwealth conference.

British officials, reporting this ! Friday, said Douglas-Home has suggested that Smith visit London before or after the July 8 conference for a general discussion of Southern Rhodesia's constitutional future.

The British leader is expected next week to give parliament an account of the developments which have led to Southern Rhodesia's exclusion from the top level Commonwealth meeting for the first time since the war.

Aides said he probably will stress that the British Government itself neither supported nor opposed the sending of an invitation to Smith but merely sounded the views of other member states.

Southern Rhodesia, a self-governing colony for the past 41 years, is pushing hard for independence. Smith, head of an allwhite government, has warned publicly the country might in certain circumstances proclaim its independence unilaterally.

US Embassy Rejects USSR Charges Against Military Attaches

MOSCOW, June 6, (AP).-The American and British Embassies Friday called ridiculous a Soviet counter-accusation to their charges that their military attaches were drugged.

The Soviet Defence Ministry said the attaches were drunk rather than drugged during a visit to the Black Sea Port of Odessa.

The Ministry's newspaper Red Star published a lengthy list of ches from the two Embassies, giving particular attention to American officers.

As soon as American officerdiplomats set off on a tour of the country there is an immediate incident", Red Star said. "They are something".

(Contd from page 2)

try. While he held the later portfollio, he prepared a scheme for Agro-industrial integration. The combination of industry with agriculture, he thought would solve the problems of unemployment in rural areas.

Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri took over the Ministry of Home Affaires on April 4, 1961.

In August, 1963, he gave up office to take up Congress organisational work under the Kamraj Plan but returned to the Cabinet as-Minister without Portfolio on the 24th January, 1964.

Persuasive but firm, humble but tough Mr. Shastri assumes his new office with long and intimate experience of Indian politics and administration.

Johnson Honours Shah Of Iran In White House

WASHINGTON, June, 6, (Reuter).-President Johnson Friday gave the Shah of Iran matching cowboy suits for the Royal children and had a special dessert named after Empress Farah for a White House luncheon.

The Shah and Empress Farah arrived here Thursday night for a private visit to the United States and the Shah conferred with the President Friday morning.

After the talks they went to the White House luncheon to which 124 guests had been invit-

The dessert named for the Empress was strawberries Farah. It. came at the end of a luncheon there tonight. which included eggs florentine, broiled lobster and potatoes.

The Shah and Empress were also opening an Iranian art exhibition at the National Art Gallery

The Royal couple were greeted by Mr. Rusk when they flew in last night.

Brazil, Ivory Coast, Morocco To Represent U.N. On Cambodia

UNITED NATIONS, New York, June, 6, (Reuter).—Brazil, the Ivory Coast and Morocco were named Friday night to represent the Security Council in an investigating mission to Cambodia and South Vietnam following border incidents between these two coun-

An official announcement said that the diplomats who would represent the three nations were expected to be known on Monday.

Winding up more than two weeks of debate on Cambodian charges that the United States and South Vietnam had committed acts of aggression against the Neutralist Kingdom, the Security Council last night voted unanimously to set up the special mis-

The representatives of the three nations chosen were instructed to visit Cambodia and South Vietname "to consider such measures as may prevent any recurrence of such incidents" and to report back within 45 days.

KABUL, June, 6.—Dr. Abdul Qadeer, Deputy Chief of the Malaria Institute returned to Kabul on Wednesday evening after attending the International Medical Conference of the Near and Middle East countries in Istanboul; the Conference, in which delegates from the Middle and Near Eastern countries took part, lasted from May 24th to 28th.

Dr. Qadeer has said that Professor Dr. Seraj and himself delivered lectures on malnutrition of children in Afghanistan and malaria-control in Afghanistan respectively.

AT THE PARK CINEMA At 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m. American film; GHOST DIVER, starring:

James Craig and Andrey Totter. KABUL CINEMA At 5 and 730 p.m. Indian film; SANJOK. BEHZAD CINEMA

AMBASSADOR. Rumania Bids To Attend 75-Nation

Meeting On Trade

At 5 and 73-0 p.m. English film;

GENEVA, June 6, (Reuter).-Rumania has applied to join the group of the 75 under-developed countries at the World Trade Conference, it was reliably learned

Authoritive sources among the group said that Rumania's application was "under active consideration" and would in all probability be accepted.

The group of the 75 less developed countries are those - nations which signed a United Nations General Assembly resolution designating their status.

Rumania's application to break away from the Eastern bloc and join Yugoslavia in the 75, comes as no great surprise to other members of the underdeveloped countries.

The conference's third committee—"invisible" trade yesterday became the first of the five committees to complete its work. Its report will be represented today.

Kabul, Karachi To Be Linked By Channel System Telephone

KABUL, June, 6.—Haji Abdul Hamid, Director-General and Mr. Mohammad Hussain, an engineer of telephones and telegraph in the Pakistan Ministry of Communications left Kabul for Karachi on Thursday morning; they had come to Kabul to discuss ways and means of improving telecommunication links between Afghanistan and Pakistan.

They were seen off at the airport by Mr. Mohammad Azim Garan, Chief of the Department of Telephones and Telegraph and certain other officials of the Afghan Ministry of Communica-

After discussions held during their stay in Kabul it was decided that telephone and telegraph communications between Kabul and Karachi should also be established through the channel systems via Kandahar and Quetta.

Engineer Garan said that accoding to the preliminary protocol which was signed on Thursday morning, this system will be put into operation during the next two weeks so that 3 telephone calls and 4 telegraphic messages will be transmitted simultaneously between Kabul and Karachi every day.

He said that the new procedure will eliminate the difficulties which used to occur in transmitting calls and messages via the wireless and conventional systems. He expressed the hope that transit- communications with south-east Asia in future would also be carried out via Kabul-Karachi. Haji Abdul Hamid, before his departure from Kabul said that the results of the talks were satisfactory; he also expressed his thanks to the officials of the Ministry of Communications for the cordial manner in which the discussions at Kabul had progressed.

ADVT.

DANCING PARTY AND BRIDGE

A DANCING PARTY WILL BE HELD IN FRENCH CLUB "CER-CLE FRANCAIS" IN SHARE NAU ON THE 11TH JUNE AT 8-30 P.M. FOR RESERVATION PLEASE CALL ON FRENCH CLUB WEDNESDAY 10TH JUNE. 5 P.M. TO 7 P.M.

Aden Opposition Parties Not Invited To London Meeting On Constitution **UN Body Shows Concern**

UNITED NATIONS, New York, June, 6, (Reuter).— UNITED Nations sub-committee Friday expressed its concern that certain organisations in Aden opposed to British policy have not been invited to attend a constitutional conference due to open in London next week.

group said it had drawn the attention of the administering power to the fact that "such a procedure could in no way be considered as a valid consultation of the population or as a dialogue between the various sections of opinion in the territory and the adminstering power."

It had hoped the various political parties would be invited and that, if necessary, the conference should be postponed. The British I tory.

In a statement the five-nation | reply had "unfortunately been negative," the statement said.

The group was set up by the Special Committee on Colonialism about the future of Aden and the to make contact with Britain Aden protectorates. Its members are Cambodia, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Venezuela and Yugoslavia.

The Sub-Committee had told Britain of its wish to talks with British government officials and to visit the terri-