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Bakhtar News Agency

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THE WEATHER

Yesterday's Temperatures
Max. +32°C. Minimum +15°C.
Sun sets today at 6.38 p.m.
Sun rises tomorrow at 5.21 a.m.
Tomorrow's Outlook: Cloudy

KABUL TIMES

NEWS STALLS

Kabul Times is available at:
Khyber Restaurant; Spinjar
Hotel; Kabul Hotel; Shar-e-
Naw near Park Cinema; Kabul
International Airport.

VOL. III, NO. 143.

KABUL, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1964. (ASAD 28 1343 S.H.)

PRICE Af. 2

New Constitution Derives Its Force From Deepest Desires Of Nation, Says Farhang

KABUL, August, 19.—

THREE outstanding features exist in the new Constitution, the composition and co-ordination of which, in a unitary sum, forms the nature and character of this law.

Mr. Meer Mohammad Sidik Farhang who was interviewed on this issue summarised these aspects in following terms:

First: The preservation of the links between the past and future of the nation through the utilisation of the positive aspects of national tradition has been envisaged in the new Constitution.

"I am convinced, he said, that in our cultural heritage and national tradition such beneficial and progressive aspects exist so as to facilitate the application of new values in the country.

Of these one can cite the sense of individual magnanimity and the assertion of the natural independence of the people of Afghanistan, which has contributed immeasurably to the glory of our country in a long struggle against colonialism, as an outstanding example. "Similarly other rich aspects exist which can readily be proven through a careful study of the history of Afghanistan."

Mr. Farhang said "he believed that the progressive nature of these values must be preserved.

Second: The confirmation of the universal values of democracy such as individual liberty and immunity, the freedom of thought and speech and assembly and finally the separation of powers of the state at Constitutional level and the foreseeing of appropriate measures for their preservation, provisions relative to the rights and obligations of individuals and the three powers in the Constitution, form a most important and new phase in our national life and it opens the path to free, immune and legal political activity for our people.

Third: The completion of political activity for our political democracy, which is based on one of the most important and outstanding necessities of the present and the future of the country and it paves the way for the long range development of the Afghan society, for progressive ideas, for the purpose of creating a mature society based on economic and social justice and, generally speaking, it determines the course and direction of our future changes and reforms.

Mr. Farhang said, these characteristics will depend on the present and future of the nation.

In my opinion, he said, the new Constitution is a practical, democratic and progressive one deriving its force from the deepest desires and sentiments of the nation and its people.

Mr. Farhang was a member of both the Constitutional Committee and the Advisory Commission of the Constitution.

KABUL, Aug. 19.—Incoming reports from Quetta in Southern Occupied Pakhtunistan state that Fazil Mohammad Khan Kakar, a resident of Quetta, has been imprisoned for engaging in nationalistic activities.

He is reported to have delivered a speech in one of the Quetta hotels concerning Pakhtunistan's freedom and independence.

In this speech he is said to have condemned the present policy of the government of Pakistan relative to the people of Pakhtunistan.

USSR Launches Three Satellites From Single Rocket

MOSCOW, Aug. 19, (Reuter).—Soviet rocket experts achieved another first Tuesday—the launching of three sputniks with a single booster rocket of a new type.

The three satellites, cosmos 38, 39 and 40 are travelling on similar orbits. They carry equipment for exploring outer space.

The Soviet Union has launched two satellites with the same rocket twice before, but the rest of the cosmos series have been launched singly.

Four electron satellites, which were launched in pairs in January and July, have widely differing orbits.

According to preliminary data, cosmos 38, 39 and 40 are moving on close orbits of 95 decimal 2 minutes. The maximum distance from earth during orbit is 876 kilometres (544 decimal 3 miles) and the minimum 210 kilometres (130 decimal 3 miles).

Indian Foreign Minister To Visit Afghanistan Aug. 27

KABUL, Aug. 19.—An announcement from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs says that Mr. Swarn Singh the Indian Foreign Minister will pay a two day friendly visit to Kabul on August 27 as the guest of the government of Afghanistan. Mr. Singh will visit Afghanistan while on a tour of Asia countries.

Badakhshan Province Claims 13,626 Pupils

KABUL, Aug. 19.—There are 13,626 boys and girls presently attending schools and courses in Badakhshan Province. This was reported by Mr. Mohammad Yusufof, the director of the education department of the province who added "there are five high schools, 15 primary schools, 17 rural schools, 10 adult education courses including courses in knitting, weaving and carpentry in the educational framework which have been established. And this year alone one intermediate or junior high school, two primary schools, eight rural schools and an adult education course were founded for the boys and girls of the Province."

He said that last year more than 300 students were graduated from these schools.

He added that a teacher training school for boys and one for girls was established to provide better teachers. The director of education ended by pointing out that this year 2,640 more students enrolled in the schools of the province than last year.

Pakistani Wrestlers Arrive For Jeshan

KABUL, Aug. 19.—A team of Pakistani wrestlers arrived in Kabul to participate in the 46th independent anniversary celebrations to begin on Sunday. The captains of the 10-member team are Masoud Sallahudin and Munjar Malik.

The Pakistani wrestling team was met at the airport by representatives of the Afghan Olympic Federation.

Mohammad Gul Momand Dies

KABUL, Aug. 19.—Mr. Mohammad Gul Momand, former Minister of State, with long standing services to the country died yesterday morning from a heart attack. He was 80 years old.



THE LATE MOMAND

The body of the late Momand was taken from his residence, in Barikot, Kabul, yesterday afternoon and after prayer ceremony at the Idgah Mosque was buried with honour at Shuhadai Saleheen cemetery.

The funeral ceremony was attended by Their Royal Highnesses Sardar Mohammad Daud, Sardar Mohammad Naim, Dr. Abdul Zahir President of the National Assembly, Mr. Dawi President of the Senate, cabinet members, high ranking civil and military officials, Pakhtunistanis residing in Kabul, relatives and friends of the late Momand.

After the burial ceremony Moulana Mohammad Shah Irshad President of the department of social guidance in the Ministry of Press and Information spoke of the long and continuous services rendered by the late Momand and read out his biography to the audience.

In reply, Mr. Rishteen President of Pakhtu Academy on behalf of the bereaved family expressed his gratitude for His Majesty's benevolence for the appreciations made of the services rendered by the late Mohammad Gul Momand.

After graduating from the military college the late Momand took part in the independence war of the country. Later he served as Afghan Military Attache at the Afghan Embassy in Turkey. In the first Cabinet of His Royal Highness the late Sardar Mohammad Hashim, he served as Minister of Interior.

In 1318, he was appointed as Minister of State. Since then he was engaged in literary work. He has produced a number of valuable books on the Pakhtu language and literature.

Kohdaman District Has Constitution Discussion

KABUL, Aug. 19.—Discussions were held Tuesday in the public hall of the Kohdaman district on the new Constitution.

The district commissioner of Kohdaman, Sayyed Zahir opened the discussion with a speech in which he spoke of the benevolent will and intentions of His Majesty the King for the progress and welfare of the country.

He pointed out to the people the values of the Constitution. He said, "the Constitution which will soon be placed before the Loya Jirga embodies all aspects of individual and social rights and liberties."

He reminded the people of the duties and obligations they hold for the support and protection of this law.

Makarios Agrees To Ease Blockade Against Turkish Cypriots, Says United Nations

NICOSIA, Cyprus, August, 19, (AP).—

THE United Nations announced Tuesday night that Greek Cypriot President Makarios has agreed to ease the present blockade around surrounding Turkish Cypriot towns and villages.

A statement issued by the United Nations referred particularly to Nicosia, Ktima, Kokkina, Lefka and Limnites—areas of the biggest Turkish Cypriot population.

However, the statement said Makarios' agreement insisted that easing the restrictions must not prejudice "normal military security measures."

In particular, the United Nations statement said, the agreement would permit renewed water supplies to the west coast town of Ktima where surrounded Turkish Cypriots have been forced to depend on Bruckish wells.

Easing economic restrictions around the embattled Turkish communities will dampen one dangerous remaining source of friction on the divided island. However the United Nations statement omitted several areas of Turkish concentration and several agreements were described as "provisional."

The agreements were reached by the United Nations Commander, General K.S. Thimayya, and by Gato Plaza, United Nations Secretary-General U Thant's special representative, after a long session Tuesday morning with Makarios.

Reliable sources said Makarios gave in only after prolonged, heated discussions.

The U.N. statement said that various agreements would be supervised by either U.N. detachments or the International Committee of the Red Cross.

The agreements also included Greek Cypriot permission to allow U.N. forces to evacuate women and children from the embattled

enclave of Kokkina on the Northwest Coast—an area where most of the recent fighting raged. Several hundred Turkish Cypriot women and children are living in caves behind Kokkina.

A New York dispatch said that Turkey warned Tuesday that it would act again to protect Turkish Cypriots if they were attacked again by Greek Cypriots.

The warning was contained in a message from Turkish Prime Minister Ismet Inonu to other heads of government.

The message, made public by Turkey's U.N. delegation, was sent Monday to state Turkey's position the Cyprus question.

Inonu said his government had replied promptly and positively to the U.N. Security Council Aug. 9, appeal for a cease-fire, following Greek Cypriot attacks and Turkish bombings of Greek Cypriot positions.

"The Turkish government," he went on, "hopes that the Greek Cypriots will respect the cease-fire."

"If the attacks are, however, resumed, and the United Nations forces prevented again by the Greek Cypriots to stop it, there would be no other recourse for the Turkish government but to continue to protect the lives of the innocent Turks, as any government with self respect is bound to do."

The Prime Minister expressed hope that the U.N. forces would "see its mandate enlarged as proposed by Turkey, enabling it to perform effectively, and that we will not see a repetition of the tragic events which we have witnessed since Aug. 5."

Inonu said Turkey was exerting constant efforts to settle the Cyprus conflict through negotiations.

"We have proved time and again," he said, "that we are ready to discuss an agreed solution of this problem and we have from the beginning supported the work of the U.N. mediator and welcomed the good offices by friendly countries."

In Athens, Cyprus Foreign Minister Spyros Kyprianou said Tuesday night he would go to Moscow soon to negotiate a Soviet offer of military aid to Cyprus.

He made the statement to newsmen upon emerging from a three-hour meeting with Greek government leaders at Premier George Papandreu's residence.

Kyprianou said he would leave directly from Athens for the Soviet Union without returning first to Nicosia. He said he might leave for Moscow on Friday.

Reuter says that Signor Pier Spinelli, director of the United Nations European office, has been asked "to oversee temporarily the office" of special U.N. Cyprus mediator Mr. Sakari Tuomioja.

A U.N. spokesman said Signor Spinelli had been asked by Thant, the U.N. Secretary-General to carry out the task for the duration of Mr. Tuomioja's illness.

The Finnish diplomat suffered a cerebral thrombosis in Geneva on Sunday.

Signor Spinelli was now in the Yemen, the spokesman added, and was expected to return to Geneva tomorrow.

The request by U Thant "did not imply that he was being appointed as acting mediator. He would be doing no mediation. This is purely an administrative move," the spokesman added.

Lodge Believes U.S. Will Receive NATO Aid In Vietnam

PARIS, Aug. 19, (AP).—Henry Cabot Lodge, former U.S. Ambassador to South Vietnam, said Tuesday he thought the United States would receive aid from its NATO allies for its efforts in the strife-torn Southeast Asian country.

Lodge is on a tour of allied capitals to explain U.S. policy in Southeast Asia, pledged again that the United States would stand by South Vietnam. He added, "and we are not a paper tiger."

At a news conference, Lodge said that victory "will be slow and hard, but not impossible."

Lodge said he thought the situation in South Vietnam is more secure now than late last year when there was a change in government in Saigon.

Asked what he thought about France's repeated proposal for an international conference on Vietnam, Lodge said "we are not opposed in the abstract to a conference, but the conditions would have to be right."

He said the No. 1 condition would be that the Viet Cong "ceased their murderous intrusions into South Vietnam."

A number of dignitaries also delivered speeches expressing their full support of the people in this regard. The meeting was attended by officials, dignitaries and people of Kohdaman district.

KABUL TIMES

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KABUL TIMES

AUGUST 19, 1964
Cyprus and NATO

With a Greek announcement that it is withdrawing some of its units from the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation to defend "Cyprus independence" the Cyprus problem has assumed new implications as far as the military alliance itself is concerned. It should be recalled that last week President Johnson in his news conference mentioned that solving the Cyprus problem was essential to ward off disunity and possible disintegration in the rank and file of NATO. Turkey has also called home some of its troops from NATO.

Cyprus itself is an independent non-aligned country. But under the terms of agreements reached in Zurich and London, on the basis of which the island received its independence, Turkey, Greece and Great Britain can make military intervention in the island. And the recent Turkish action against Cyprus to prevent a further Greek Cypriot military assault against the Turkish community of that island took place in accordance with these agreements.

While it is quite clear that the government of Archbishop Makarios and his Greek Cypriots on the island are flagrantly violating all human rights principles in dealing with Turkish Cypriots, the fact remains to be seen how long the provisions of foreign intervention in the internal affairs of a sovereign state are going to continue. Last year when the present Cyprus crisis just began, Archbishop Makarios at one point announced that his government no longer considered valid certain points of the London and Zurich agreements including the provisions dealing with the intervention of foreign power in the affairs of Cyprus. But he immediately called off his demand in this connection.

It is a pity that the situation has developed to such an extent that foreign powers consider themselves entitled to interfere in the developments of Cyprus. The Greek Cypriots are responsible to the extent that they are denying the rights of a large segment of the population of that area with whom another country has un-

THE CHANGING FACE OF COLD WAR

BY NOOR

There is a definite hope for well wishers of peace. Cold war is coming to an end. The pessimists may interpret the recent trend as a tactical change and they may be right. Big powers have definite objectives which they pursue wholeheartedly. The world is familiar with their ends, and the means applied to achieve them. Yet, the change in attitude of big powers cannot be denied.

There are basic reasons for the coming change. Both East and West know of the implications of a nuclear war. They looked eye to eye not very long ago in Cuba, and it was not pleasant. Man is not seeking self-destruction.

The Soviet Union's position of today is quite different from that of yesterday. She suffered heavy losses during the Second World War. She had a long distance to catch up in the nuclear weapons race. Today this gap is filled. She owns her own stockpile of nuclear weapons. The armament ratio is now balanced. Dangers of surprise attack which were based on fear and on differences in arms are threatening no longer.

The Western world learned that Communism is a reality. It cannot be erased from the surface of the earth through good wishes or by forceful means. Its supporters are threatening no longer.

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U.S. Democrats Begin To Write Platform; Goldwater Foreign Policy Views Assailed

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19, (AP). Adlai E. Stevenson said Monday communist nations would gain voting strength in the United Nations if the Republican party proposal to change the international organization were adopted.

Stevenson, head of the U.S. delegation to the U.N., told the Democratic Platform (statement of principles) Committee he doubts the Republicans "intended this result" when they wrote the U.N. plank of their platform.

As the Democratic platform writers opened a week's work on the campaign statement, Secretary of State Dean Rusk warned against what he called "Press wordseeds". At the same time, Rusk maintained that Democratic administrations do not back off from threats like those of missiles in Cuba and torpedo boat attacks in the Tonkin Gulf.

But "we do consider" our problems soberly and responsibly, Rusk told the committee as it tackled foreign policy.

The Republican platform charges the administration with "weakness before communism," while some Democratic spokesmen have said that a foreign policy directed by Sen. Barry Goldwater, the Republican candidate, would be dangerously impulsive.

A third major administration spokesman, Director William C. Foster of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, said in his prepared statement that "the 1964 Republican platform concentrates on preparedness for war and neglects negotiations for peace."

Stevenson took issue especially with a section of the Republican platform calling for a change in the method of voting in the U.N. General Assembly to "reflect population disparities among the member states and recognize differing abilities and willingness to meet the obligations of the Charter."

The Cyprus issue as we have stated before has two main factors in it. One is the case of intervention of foreign powers in the affairs of a sovereign state and the other is the clear violation of human rights principles on the island by the Greek Cypriots.

PRESS At a Glance

Yesterday's *Islah* had an article entitled "Principles of Punishment in our Draft Constitution" by Mr. Mohammad Akbar Pamir. In every society, said the article, there have always been persons who acted against the social customs and laws enacted for regulating social relations among the individuals.

The main factors which encourage wrong and illegal acts in a society is the selfish tendency of man which threatens peace and security in one way or another.

Legal prosecution and arrest of undesirable individuals whose acts disturb security and peace is the earnest desire of every individual. In many cases when individuals commit a crime or do wrong acts, they try not to disclose their acts and escape the punishment to be awarded by the law.

The state which is entrusted with the task of enforcing laws and maintaining peace and security has to prosecute and arrest the criminals through police organization with sufficient evidence at hand. If individuals are arrested or prosecuted by the security authorities without any previously established laws, not only individual freedom jeopardized but also a sort of anxiety and anarchy will appear in the society.

But if the security authorities act according to the rule of law and come out for prosecuting or arresting the criminals and violators of laws, individual liberty would not be jeopardized because the arrest or prosecution ordered by the responsible authority is made by the verdict of the law.

Every person is innocent and will enjoy all rights and privileges endowed upon him by the law until he is proved to be guilty. A law is good, said the article, when it takes into consideration all these points and is equally enforced.

These points fortunately are embodied in article (26) of the draft of the new Afghan Constitution with a beautiful and fascinating manner. It provides: No one is prosecuted or arrested except by the order of a competent court and the provision of law. An accused is innocent unless he is condemned by the order of a competent court.

Yesterday's *Anis* carried an editorial entitled "Stability of Balance of Payment". The question of foreign exchange payment for importing machinery and equipment is one of the main problems facing the developing countries which have not enough potential to produce manufactured items.

The present financial position of the country is the result of many factors such as big investments made in Naghloo, Darunta, Salang Highway and the Helmand Valley projects, excessive imports of consumption and unnecessary goods by our traders, and the growing budget of the government.

All these activities have led to a rise in the rate of foreign exchange and an instability in the balance of payments. In some of the countries people under the guidance of the governments will contribute in removing such financial problems. People, for example, will try to the extent possible to abandon or cut down the consumption of imported goods and local products to be exported.

This move of course greatly depends on the social maturity of the people. In other countries like ours where the volume of production is low and people are not well conscious of the importance of cutting down the consumption goods in the events of such financial crisis, the government is forced to draw loans to be used in strengthening the financial position of the nation.

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Johnson Says Destiny of America Should Not Be Decided Through Riots

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19, (Reuter).—President Johnson Tuesday urged "self-respecting" Americans to reject the counsel of those who sought the division of the nation in connection with the civil rights struggle.

He told the National Citizens Committee for community relations that the time had come to cease telling ourselves—and the world—that the destiny and fate of this nation will be decided by street rioters and night-riders.

"The spotlight of the world is upon us," Johnson told the Committee, an advisory body charged with helping to seek voluntary compliance with the civil rights act.

"Self-respecting Americans will not—and must not—permit the destiny and direction of their nation to fall today into the hands of those who seek our division... The question before our nation is not how whites will vote or negroes will vote next November. The question is how we shall work together and succeed for a hundred Novembers to come."

Radio Afghanistan Programme

WEDNESDAY

1. **English Programme:** 4.00-5.30 p.m. AST 15225 kc = 19 m band.

2. **English Programme:** 3.30-4.00 p.m. AST 15125 kc = 19 m band.

Urdu programme: 6.00-6.30 p.m. AST 4775 kc = 62m band.

3. **English Programme:** 6.30-7.00 p.m. AST 4775 kc = 62m band.

Russian Programme: 7.30-11.30 p.m. AST 4775 kc = 62m band.

Arabic Programme: 11.00-11.30 p.m. AST 11735 kc = 25 m band.

French Programme: 11.30-12.00 midnight 15225 kc = 19 m band.

German Programme: 10.00-10.30 p.m. AST 15225 kc = 25 m band.

The Programmes include news, commentaries, interviews, topical and historical reports and music.

Western Music

Sunday, 9.00-9.55 p.m. classical and light programmes. Friday, 1.00-1.45 p.m. light programme. Tuesday, 5.00-5.30 p.m. popular tunes. Thursday, 5.00-5.30 p.m. popular tunes.

Air Services

THURSDAY

AFGAN ARIANA AIRLINES

New Delhi-Kabul Arrival-1000
 Herat, Kandahar, Kabul Arrival-1600
 Departure: Kabul, Kandahar, Herat Departure-0830

IRANIAN AIR

Tehran, Zahedan, Kabul Arrival-1130
 Kabul, Zahedan, Tehran Departure-1300

PIA

Peshawar-Kabul Kabul-Peshawar Arrival-1105
 Departure-1145

TMA

Beirut-Kabul Arrival 1100

Important Telephones

Fire Brigade 20121-20122
 Police 20607-21122
 Traffic 20189-20401
 Ariana Booking Office 24731-24732

Radio Afghanistan 20452
 New Clinic 24272
 24275
 D'Afghanistan Bank 20045
 Bakhtar News Agency 20415
 Afghan National Bank 21771
 Airport 22318
 Parwan Phone No. 20887
 Bakhtar Phone No. 23819
 Boo Ali Phone No. 23573

Pharmacies

Kart-Char Phone No. 23620
 Maiwand Phone No. 24273
 Watan Phone No. 21028
 Naway Phone No. 20587

Chinese Doctor Discusses Medical Care Through Acupuncture And Moxibustion

BY NOOR RAHIMI

Chen Chiu training courses for four higher medical colleges in July 1955 and it is now required in all of the higher medical colleges, Dr. Chen said.

ACUPUNCTURE SPREADING

Furthermore, medical units of all levels have launched a campaign for studying acupuncture. Nationwide medical organisations have set up acupuncture sections and the work of acupuncture is spreading everywhere.

There are now 18 colleges of traditional medicine and a few technical schools of middle level for training doctors of traditional medicine, Dr. Chen said, adding that "all these schools and colleges are now becoming centres for inheriting the rich treasures of traditional Chinese medicine."

STONE NEEDLES

Traditional Chinese medicine, he said, "is the summary of experience gained by the Chinese people in the course of thousands of years of struggle against diseases."

"It is in clinical content and has a complete theoretical system of its own," he added. Chen Chiu, according to present available literature and unearthed material evidence, was practised many centuries ago with stone puncturing instruments. Later, when iron came into common usage, it was used for acupuncture, he said.

The theory and clinic practice of Chen Chiu was systematically described in many books and now there are more than 90 kinds of books dealing solely with acupuncture, he said.

JING LUO

The health department set up Treatment can only begin af-

Film Stars' Adopted Daughter Killed In Calif. Bus Crash

Van, Clemente, California, Aug. 19, (AP).—Eight persons, including the adopted Korean daughter of western film stars Roy Rogers and Dale Evans, were killed when a busload of children crashed into seven other vehicles.

The California highway said 42 persons were injured—40 of them children from the disciples of Christ Chapel of the Canyon Church at Canoga Park, California.

Among the eight dead were Deborah Lee Rogers, one of the Rogers' large family of adopted children, the Coroner's office said. She was 12 last Friday. Another was 11-year-old Joan Russell daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Russell of Granada Hills, California.

The other dead, all from one vehicle, were not immediately identified.

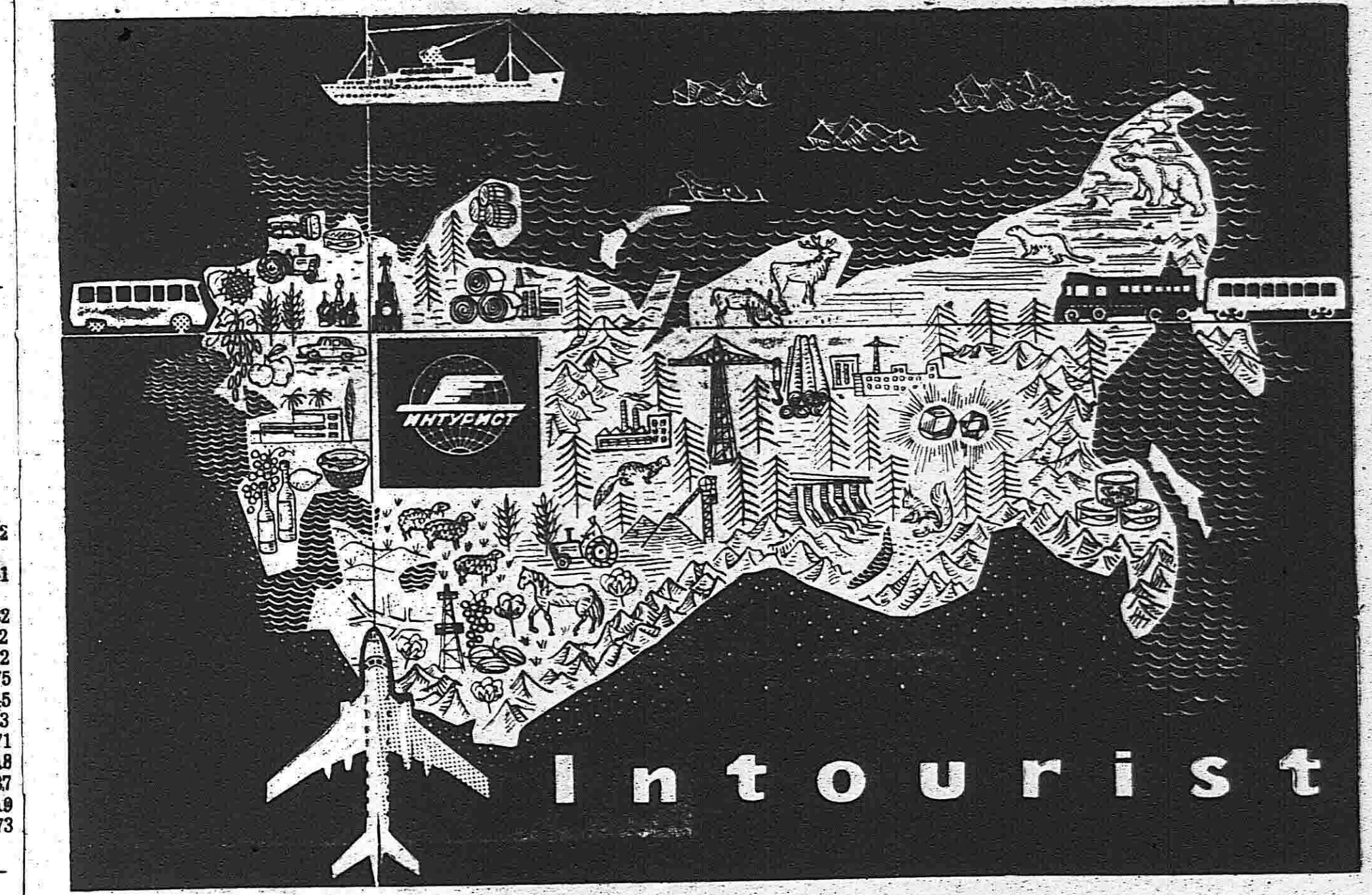
The tragedy occurred Monday as the bus, driven by the Reverend Lawrence Elton White, 49, was returning from Tijuana, Mexico. He had driven 66 persons, mostly children, on a monthly outing to take food and clothing to La Esperanza, a Tijuana orphanage which the church aided.

Rogers and Miss Evans, noted as one of Hollywood's most religious couples have had nine children. Five, including Debbie, were adopted.

A daughter by birth, Robin, died several years ago. Rogers and Miss Evans wrote a popular book, "Angel Unaware," about the child.

INTOURIST

The USSR Company for Foreign Travel "Intourist" organizes tours to the USSR along itineraries which acquaint travellers with many different cities of the Soviet Union: Moscow, Leningrad, Kiev, Minsk, Volgograd, Tbilisi, Tashkent, Alma-Ata, Dushanbe, Odessa, Kharkov, Riga and others; with interesting sights and picturesque scenery historical and wonderful architectural monuments, with the economic achievements, culture and art of the Soviet peoples.



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Two U.N. Officials Murdered In Congo At Refugee Camp; Thant Expresses His Shock

UNITED NATIONS, New York, August, 19, (Reuter).—THE United Nations Secretary-General, U Thant, Tuesday expressed his sense of shock at the murder of two United Nations officials at a refugee camp in the Congo.

An AP despatch from Leopoldville said the two French United Nations experts were killed by giant Tutsi refugees from Rwanda Republic and Congolese rebels as one Frenchman cried with his dying gasp: "gentlemen, we are here to help you."

The two Frenchmen, Francois Preziosi, representative in Bukavu of the United Nations High Commission for refugees, and Jean Plicque, head of the Bukavu branch office of the International Labour Organisation, were hacked with machetes and finished off by a burst of submachine-gun fire.

They were killed near Kalehe, North of Bukavu on lake Kivu in the Far East of the Congo. They were trying to reach a camp harboring Tutsis who had fled from Rwanda.

Their Congolese Chauffeur was knifed in the arm but managed to flee. It was the Chauffeur, George Yogolero, who told how the Frenchmen were cut down when Plicque was discovered to be carrying a pistol concealed beneath his shirt.

Yogolero said the local Mwami (King) of Kalonge had warned the two Frenchmen that the Tutsis sympathised with rebels who have been threatening Bukavu. But Plicque and Preziosi insisted on going to the refugee camp.

Home News In Brief

KABUL, Aug. 19.—Engineer Massa, Minister of Mines and Industries, returned to Kabul from a tour of northern regions of the country.

KABUL, Aug. 19.—Dr. Krause-Biever the director of the Technical Assistance Section for Developing Nations of the press and information department of the Federal German Republic, arrived in Kabul Tuesday morning. He will visit publishing institutions in Kabul and will hold discussions on matters of common interest with the Ministry of Press and Information.

KABUL, Aug. 19.—Mohammad Rasoul Kohistani, the Director of the Agriculture Department of Jawzjan Province, left for London Tuesday.

While in Britain he will study Water and Soil. He has been sent to London by the Ministry of Agriculture under the auspices of the Technical Assistance Programme of the British government.

KABUL, Aug. 19.—Mohammad Azim Bazyar, a member of the Ministry of Agriculture left Kabul for the United States Tuesday on a fellowship programme by USAID to study agriculture.

Another person who left for the United States was Mohammad Omar, acting director of the department for grazing grounds of the Ministry of Agriculture. Omar has been awarded a scholarship by the USAID programme.

KABUL, Aug. 19.—Abdul Aziz Kandahari, secretary to the governor of Nangarhar province left for the United States today where he will study public administration and international relations. He has been given a scholarship by USAID and has been sent to the U.S. by the Ministry of Interior.

KAUL, Aug. 19.—Jandad Shinwari, a member of the primary court of the Ministry of Justice left Kabul for London today. He will study Public Administration while he is there. He has been sent to London under the Technical Assistance Programme of the British Government.

Cyprus Issue Is Immediate Problem To NATO, Says Rusk

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19, (DPA).—U.S. Secretary of State Dean Rusk regards Cyprus as the "most serious and immediate problem within the NATO."

In a national television interview Rusk discussed the Cyprus situations, as well as the Congo and United Nations finances.

Regarding Cyprus, Rusk emphasised the importance of seeing that Greece and Turkey, two NATO allies, "do not fall apart."

Rusk said he sees some prospect that Cyprus trouble can be solved by agreement. The diplomats must keep trying, he declared, and made it clear that the United States is not abandoning its efforts for a peaceful settlement for the strife-torn Mediterranean island.

The Secretary said he believes other African states will help Premier Moise Tshombe put down the rebellion in the Republic of Congo (Leopoldville).

Malaysia Informs U.N. About Alleged Indonesian Landing In Malaysia

UNITED NATIONS, New York, Aug. 19, (DPA).—Malaysia Tuesday informed the President of the United Nations Security Council of the latest incidents pitting Malaysia against Indonesia, and the landing of Indonesian troops on the Malaysian mainland, a UN spokesman announced here.

The spokesman said the Malaysian government had expressly requested that its report be shown to members of the Security Council only.

Thus far Malaysian has not requested a Security Council meeting to discuss the Indonesian action, the spokesman said.

According to reports from Leopoldville, Tshombe made such an appeal to five African countries Monday.

Since the United Nations peace-keeping force has left the Congo, Rusk said, the United States and other countries are trying to give the Congolese government the minimum assistance it needs.

Rusk stressed that "we are not there with combat forces and do not anticipate we will be."

AT THE CINEMA

PARK CINEMA:

At 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m. American film; **LONELY ARE THE BRAVE** starring: Kirk Douglas, Genia Rowlands and Walter Matthau.

ZAINEB CINEMA:

At 5 and 7-30 p.m. American film; **TIGER HUNTING IN JUNGLE**

KABUL, Aug. 19.—The Foreign Affairs Commission of the Afghan National Assembly discussed the agreement between the Afghan and Soviet governments on the study and multi-purpose utilization of the water and energy of Panj and Amu rivers—today.

ADVT.

FORE SALE, in lots by auction. Miscellaneous domestic furniture, some office equipment and some old clothes. Articles will be open to view on the day of sale commencing Friday, August 21, at the British Embassy at 10.00 a.m. Items purchased must be paid for and removed by purchasers the same day.

LOST: MALE SIAMESE CAT with blue eyes, about two weeks ago. **REWARD.** Mrs. Kent Pillsbury, 148 Shar-i-nau.

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