

6-4-1979

## Kabul Times (June 4, 1979, vol. 17, no. 61)

Bakhtar News Agency

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### Recommended Citation

Bakhtar News Agency, "Kabul Times (June 4, 1979, vol. 17, no. 61)" (1979). *Kabul Times*. 964.  
<https://digitalcommons.unomaha.edu/kabultimes/964>

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# THE KABUL TIMES

Vol. XVII, No.61, Monday, June 4, 1979, Jauza 14, 1358, S.H.

PRICE AF. 6

## Pakthia, Badakhshan, Ghazni patriots vow to fight enemies for defence of Revolution



Great Leader of the People of Afghanistan Noor Mohammad Taraki, General Secretary of the PDPA CC, and President of the Revolutionary Council talking to a number of noble people and representatives of Pakthia, Ghazni, and Badakhshan provinces at the People's House.

KABUL, June 4, (Bakhtar).— The great and beloved leader of the people of Afghanistan, Noor Mohammad Taraki, General Secretary of the Central Committee of PDPA and President of the Revolutionary Council of DRA received a number of chieftains, and elders of Pakthia, Badakhshan, and Ghazni provinces and Loi Woleswali of Khost at the People's House yesterday and in an atmosphere full of sincerity benefited them from his valuable directives.

When the able teacher of people of Afghanistan, Noor Mohammad Taraki, President of the Revolutionary Council came to the garden of People's House, the representatives of the noble and patriotic people of Jaji Maidan, Musakhail, Mangal, Baktani, Garbaz, Ismailkhail, Mandozai, Ali Sher, Sahri and Nadirshah Kut of Pakthia, center of Khost Loi Woleswali, representatives of noble people of Kishm, Ishkashem, Darwaz, Bahrak, Shari Buzurg, Ragh, Khwaan, Wakhkan, Zebak, Shighnan, Kran and Munjan, Drami Argo and Faizabad, of Badakhshan province and representatives of noble people of Quarabagh, Ander, Nawa, Muqur, Jahato, Gilan Oband, Khuwaja Omari, De Lak, Zana Khan, and centre of Ghazni province, welcomed our great leader with clapping of hands and expression of patriotic sentiments.

The learned leader of people of Afghanistan after responding to the warm sentiments of the audience, addressing them, delivered a revolutionary and educational speech. (The text of the speech will be carried tomorrow).

The Bakhtar correspondent report adds that in reply four Ulamas, on behalf of noble people of Pakthia, Badakhshan and Ghazni, expressed gratitude and appreciation to the Great Leader of the people of Afghanistan, Noor Mohammad Taraki, General Secretary of the Central Committee of PDPA and President of RC, notwithstanding his preoccupations, received them and extended the sincere greetings of their noble people to the able leader of the people

of Afghanistan, Noor Mohammad Taraki.

The representatives of noble and patriotic people of the said provinces in their revolutionary speeches explained the lofty gains of great Saur Revolution in ensuring the welfare and prosperity of the people and blossoming of dear Afghanistan and promised and assured the khalqi state and great khalqi leader, Noor Mohammad Taraki, that they are ready for all kinds of sacrifices for the defence of homeland, national honour, independence, lofty aspirations

### Seminar on freight transport opens here

KABUL, June 3, (Bakhtar).— The seminar on Special Problems of Shipping and Receiving goods of Afghanistan was opened by Hakim Malyar, deputy minister of commerce at the conference hall of Chambers of Commerce and Industries yesterday.

The seminar is being held with the cooperation of UNCTAD and ESCAP and is participated by representatives of the ministries and interested organisations who are engaged in handling freight.

### Home briefs

KABUL, June 3, (Bakhtar).— The Anthro-bacteria refresher course was opened by Dr. Khanmir Ghayour, president of Preventive medicines of Ministry of Public Health.

The course will last for ten days and is attended by regional laboratory assistants of Herat, Kandahar, Nangarhar, Balkh, Baghlan, and Kabul provinces.

JALALABAD, June 3, (Bakhtar).— Five processing plant of Nangarhar Development Project has, for the first time, produced cucumber conserve and has supplied it to the market.

A source of the factory said that during the last 20 days it has produced 4,000 bottles of 550 gm and 2500 bottles of 1000 gm. The bottles cost afs 20 and 30 each respectively.

of great Saur Revolution and defence of their khalqi regime and will continue their irreconcilable struggle with the enemies of great Saur Revolution who are in fact the enemies of the toilers of Afghanistan.

They said that our khalqi state, is the state of toiling people of Afghanistan and we the toiling people, make ourselves one iron fist and fight against the internal and foreign enemies of dear Afghanistan and we are pretty sure that we will eliminate and crush the enemies of the people.

### Patriots ready to fight for defence of Revolution

KABUL, June 4, (Bakhtar).— A great number of our patriotic and brave people, including women and men, are ready to defend, until last drop of their blood, the national honour and interests of our toilers under the leadership of People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan and under their red and revolutionary flag and stand in the front for struggle against the enemies of people and revolution.

These brave and patriotic people of ours, who have inherited the defence of national honours and defence of their sacred land from their forefathers, with high revolutionary spirit and sense of patriotism, have submitted petitions to concerned sources in which they have expressed readiness to spill their last drop of blood in elimination of the enemies of the homeland.

According to the report of the concerned sources so far 260 employees of Wazir Akbar Khan Hospital, and Child Health Institute, including physicians, nurses, administrative officials, wage earners, 218 workers, wage earners and officials of the Afghan Air Authority and Tourism and 211 workers and employees of Afghan Tarkani have submitted such petitions.

### Italian Nat'l Day observed

KABUL, June 4, (Bakhtar).— On the occasion of the National Day of Italy a reception was hosted by Francesco Lo Prinzi, ambassador of Italy to Kabul yesterday noon at the Embassy of that country.

The reception was attended by Shah Mohammad Dost, first deputy minister for political affairs, some high ranking officials and diplomatic corps residing here with their wives.

### Cabinet sanctions afs.20 m. for sericulture building

KABUL, June 4, (Bakhtar).— The Council of Ministers met under the chairmanship of the Great Leader of the people of Afghanistan Noor Mohammad Taraki, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan and President of the Revolutionary Council at the People's House from 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. yesterday.

At the outset the Great Leader of the people of Afghanistan Noor Mohammad Taraki, General Secretary of PDPA CC, and President of RC gave the meeting of the Council of Ministers a brief account of the international and internal situation.

Then Dr. Saleh Mohammad Zeary, minister of agricultural and land reforms while pointing out to the distribution of land free of charge to the deserving peasants and agricultural labourers said: Since the start of the distribution of land upto last Saturday, Jauza 12, 1358 (June 2, 1979) more than 2,400,000

hectares were distributed to more than 200,000 families throughout the country.

The Council of Ministers afterwards discussed the proposals of various ministries and took the following decisions:

On the proposal of the Ministry of Justice the law of child delivery for the female employees of the state and semi-state and private organisations who are entitled to 90 days for child delivery leave in addition to other leaves under the law was approved together with its appendix in five articles and sanctioned by the legislative decree of the President of the Revolutionary Council of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan.

On the proposal of the Ministry of Information and Culture the cultural and scientific cooperation between the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan and the Socialist Republic of Rumania for 1979 and 1980 was approved.

On the proposal of the Ministry of Planning Affairs the agreement for financing the equipment of Institute of Chemistry and translation of scientific works, agreement for provision of machinery for the pylon-making factory and agreement with the Federal Republic of Germany for provision of machinery for the hydro-power station of Mahiper each costing DM 1,500,000 have been approved.

Similarly on the proposal of the Ministry of Public Works the proposed amendment to the consultative contract made with the Asian Development Bank on the road development of Helmand Valley was approved and the Ministry of Public Works was instructed to sign the amendment with the party concerned.

At the end it was decided that the Ministry of Defence of Afghanistan send a total sum of afs. 20,000,000 from its budget to the Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reforms to meet the expenses of the building of Darul-Aman Sericultural Project.



First Deputy Minister for Political Affairs congratulating the Ambassador of Italy on the occasion of National Day of that country.

# THE KABUL TIMES



## REVOLUTIONARY SLOGAN

Forward toward building of a society void of exploitation of man by man.

### Made-in London Maulanas big political dealers in Afghanistan

The dirty faces and ominous deeds of the Ikhwanis are revealing everyday by themselves. The Mujaddis who are the traditional enemies of the oppressed people here and there around the world are the main factor to this end. They have traditionally been in collusion with London and imperialistic authorities for long time. The people and government of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan are aware of the malicious nature and negative characters of the Mujaddis. They have already called them as the made-in-London Maulanas. Along with these made-in-London Maulanas there are some simple-minded Mullahs who have most probably been deceived by these business minded Ikhwanis.

It is certain that the Mujaddis are perfectly aware of what they are doing. That is to say their deeds and actions are consciously done and they themselves know that they are made-in London in the actual meaning of the word, but they feign ignorance as if the people do not know them. Made-in-London maulanas have been the big political dealers for years in our country and other Islamic world. They were the king makers and they were the ones who in the guise of the sacred religion of Islam persuaded the farangis to colonize Afghanistan and other Islamic world. The deeds of these satans have been totally revealed by the writers and journalists in the Arab world especially in Egypt. It is known that the Ikhwanis, as the ring leaders

have been ousted from Egypt by the real patriots of that land. Having been ousted from Egypt and some other Arab nations they have found Afghanistan, Pakistan, Iran and some other countries as their new base for their malicious and anti-people activities. However with the victory of the Great Saur Revolution and establishment of the Democratic Republic here in Afghanistan their hands have been shortened from the affairs of Afghanistan. They have lost their supporters, the masses of the Afghan people. The Yalaya dynasty has been helping them and they would have supported the policy of this anti-national party. As an Afghan idiom says "they were two ears of a donkey", as they have been carrying out the cause of imperialism and colonialism here and acting contrary to the will and wellbeing of our oppressed people.

It is interesting as their hands, that is the hands of the made-in-London Maulanas, have been shortened from the Afghan soil as a result of the chain-breaking Saur Revolution, they have taken refuge to the reactionary circles in Pakistan and the fanatic leaders of Iran. This means that the lands of our Pakistani and Iranian brothers are still the fertile soils for the activities of these Ikhwanis.

The reactionary circles of Pakistan and the narrow-minded fanatic leaders of Iran are supporting the treacherous claim of the Ikhwanis against the will and desires of the 98 per cent of the DRA.

Furthermore, the Ikhwanis are enjoying the cash, kind, arms and ammunition of the imperialists and reactionary forces of the region.

The voice of the Mujaddis are heard directly or indirectly from the radios and media of mass communication of the international imperialism and their puppet regimes.

We would like thus to mention to the supporters of the Ikhwanis that the Ikhwanis are not Afghans and they have never been Afghans. They have been strangers to our land even if they lived here for a period of time. They have been anti-Afghans and anti-national party. As an Afghan idiom says "they were two ears of a donkey", as they have been carrying out the cause of imperialism and colonialism here and acting contrary to the will and wellbeing of our oppressed people.

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The deeds of these satans have been totally revealed by the writers and journalists in the Arab world especially in Egypt. It is known that the Ikhwanis, as the ring leaders

### Initial steps of the Saur Revolution

BY GENRIKH POJAKOV AND ALEXANDER DAVYDOV

Only a year has passed since the people's democratic revolution in Afghanistan. The government's program is to see that the newborn republic is standing firmly on its feet and forging ahead.

Much indeed has been accomplished since April 27, 1978: the revolution has led the millions of working people onto the road of social and economic progress. The People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan, which took the reins of power in its hands, has embarked on the realization of the people's age-old dream—the creation of a society free of oppression and exploitation.

It should be borne in mind that the April revolution triumphed in a country which, for centuries, had been thought of as one of the world's most backward, a country that inherited from the previous regimes a primitive economy with feudal relations prevalent in agriculture and almost total illiteracy among its population of 15 million. Secularization of this revolution began by declaring war on backwardness.

The very first step taken by the People's Democratic Party and the revolutionary government demonstrated that their prime concern was the interests of the broad masses of the working people. It was to these masses that the government programme outlined by General Secretary of the Party and President of the Revolutionary Council Noor Mohammad Taraki on May 9 last year was addressed.

The programme provides for radical social and economic changes: a far-reaching land reform, democratization of public life, elimination of national oppression, industrialization pivoted on the development of the state sector, improvement of the people's living standard, abolition of unemployment, and control over prices.

The government declared its adherence to a policy of non-alignment of political struggle for general disarmament and the deepening of democratic cooperation with all peace-loving countries.

The working people, all the patriotic forces of the nation, eagerly welcomed this programme and actively joined in its realization. For the first time in Afghanistan's history trade unions and progressive youth, women's and other mass organizations were established.

Much effort is being channelled to the dismantling of the old government machinery in both the capital and the provinces, regulation of the legal system, and bringing qualified specialists dedicated to the revolution into administration. The people's armaments were strengthened. The prices of some food and manufactured items have been reduced. Thousands of new jobs have been created to bring down unemployment. The people's concern was the interests of the broad masses of the working people. It was to these masses that the government programme outlined by General Secretary of the Party and President of the Revolutionary Council Noor Mohammad Taraki on May 9 last year was addressed.

The programme provides for radical social and economic changes: a far-reaching land reform, democratization of public life, elimination of national oppression, industrialization pivoted on the development of the state sector, improvement of the people's living standard, abolition of unemployment, and control over prices.

Land is made available to every citizen of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan who has reached the age of 18 and undertakes to till it himself or with the help of his family. The House of Representatives is not allowed to be used as security for loans, nor can it be leased, sold or given as a gift. All state credit and agricultural organizations are required to provide peasants who have received land loans, loans in kind, and fertilizers on easy terms.

Special committees with peasants sitting on them have been set up to supervise the implementation of the land reform.

The reform, first begun in the south, has now extended to the greater part of the country. More than 100,000 peasants have already received allotments.

(Continued on Page 4)

### Pak, Iran anti-revolution acts condemned

KABUL, June 2 (Bakhtar).—To support the AS government's statements for condemning the treacherous acts of the reactionary circles of Pakistan and the narrow-minded religious fanatics of Iran, in our internal affairs, thousands of our patriotic people in some provinces of the country also held grand marches and meetings last Thursday.

At the end of the marches and meetings resolutions were issued by our patriots in which the armed aggression of the reactionary circles of Pakistan and the narrow-minded fanatics of Iran on the borders of our dear country was strongly criticized.

Our valiant people will carry on the photos of the genius leader of the people of Afghanistan, Noor Mohammad Taraki, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the PDPA and President of the Revolutionary Council, red national flags and revolutionary slogans while marching and shouting the following slogans of Long Live and healthy be the beloved leader of the people of Afghanistan, Noor Mohammad Taraki, success to the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan, vanguard of the working class in the country, flourishing be dear Afghanistan, forward towards a society void of exploitation of man by man; death to Ikhwanis, the moslem looking farangis, death to the regional and international reaction; death to aristocracy and death to the bourgeois enemies of the people of Afghanistan.

The marchers later held grand meetings for condemning the shameful acts of the regional and international reaction in which a number of our toiling and noble people delivered revolutionary speeches.

In their speeches which were welcomed with clapping and shouting of hurrahs the speakers shed light on the armed and shameful aggression of the reactionary circles of Pakistan and Iran. They added that our valiant people have realized it that their khalqi state under the leadership of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan and the wise directives of our great leader, Noor Mohammad Taraki, works hard for the wellbeing of the people and flourishing of the country.

If the enemies of the people of Afghanistan who

have been supplied with potable water and proper sanitation.

The World Health Assembly, which governs the World Health Organization, has set a definite target, hoping to serve all of the urban populations and 25 per cent of the rural communities of the world, with safe water by 1980. At IAHATAT, the United Nations Conference for Human Settlements in Vancouver, a resolution was taken, recommending measures to provide potable water for all communities of the world with safe water by 1990.

In the light of the huge task ahead, national governments, international organizations, and non-governmental organizations as well as now intensifying their work.

International co-operation and co-ordination are being stimulated. Already, now, there is a great informal network of exchange of knowledge and, in many cases, direct financial and technical interaction between countries and organizations concerned with water supplies.

Realizing the importance of water and sanitation for children and their families, UNICEF increasingly assists the governments of the developing countries by providing supplies of materials and equipment, funds for training of national staff and some supporting personnel, both expatriate and local for training and logistics.

In all of these projects, UNICEF co-operates with the World Health Organization.

### Enemies' aggression condemned

KABUL, June 3 (Bakhtar).—Thousands of our noble and patriotic people in the provinces condemned the treacherous acts and shameful aggression of the reactionary circles of Pakistan and Iran, who have expressed their full solidarity with their khalqi regime by holding grand khalqi marches and meetings through the streets of the center and wolewais and other parts of the province and condemned the treacherous interference and armed aggression of the reactionary circles of Pakistan, the narrow-minded religious fanatics of Iran, Kikwanul Shayateen, agents of imperialism and bowl of poison of the reactionaries against the Saur Revolution and its sacred soil by shouting of revolutionary slogans and expression of patriotic sentiments.

The marchers later held grand meetings and marches took place in different parts of the provinces, which a number of intellectuals delivered revolutionary speeches and disclosed the conspiracies and poisonous propaganda handed out by the enemies of the toiling people of Afghanistan upon the instructions of their treacherous masters against the khalqi regime and the noble people. They added that our noble and toiling people will not be deceived by these sworn enemies and continue their irreconcilable struggle against the enemies of the people of Afghanistan.

The speakers who were warmly welcomed by the audience, stressed and expressed their support and backing to their khalqi regime.

Prior to the function a march was held by the party members of workers, peasants and a great number of noble people.

A source of the province said that hundred persons have joined the committees, Secretaries and deputy Secretaries were elected from among the members.

Similarly five committees for defence of revolution were inaugurated in five villages of Qalal Kah head of the information of the office of the Revolutionary Council holding rank two.

The meeting ended with shouting of the following slogans: Success to the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan, adobe be the red flag of the people, Long live the khalqi regime, Long live and healthy be the Great Leader of the people, Noor Mohammad Taraki, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the PDPA and President of the Revolutionary Council, red national flags and revolutionary slogans marched through the streets of the center and wolewais and other parts of the province and condemned the treacherous interference and armed aggression of the reactionary circles of Pakistan, the narrow-minded religious fanatics of Iran, Kikwanul Shayateen, agents of imperialism and bowl of poison of the reactionaries against the Saur Revolution and its sacred soil by shouting of revolutionary slogans and expression of patriotic sentiments.

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### MEETINGS

KABUL, June 3 (Bakhtar).—Dip. Eng. Mohammed Sediq Aleymar, minister of planning met Nicolae Stefan, non-resident ambassador of Rumania in Afghanistan at his office at 2 p.m. yesterday.

In the meeting talks were held on economic and technical cooperation of the two countries in industrial and agricultural projects and procedure of financing of these projects, specially the ones promised at the meeting of ministers of industries of developing countries, by representatives of that country at that meeting.

The Minister of Planning Affairs drew the attention of the ambassador of Rumania for expediting economic cooperation in the mentioned projects. The ambassador of Rumania promised all-sided cooperation.

KABUL, June 3 (Bakhtar).—Dip. Eng. Mohammad Ismail Danesh, minister of mines and industries met Nicolae Stefan, non-resident ambassador of Rumania in Afghanistan at his office at 9 a.m. yesterday.

During the meeting work was exchanged on economic and technical cooperation included on the agenda of the solidarity meeting of ministers of industries of developing countries in Kabul and other economic and technical cooperation of that country in concerned projects of the Ministry of Mines and Industries.

### CDR opened

FARAH, June 3 (Bakhtar).—In line with the decision of the Politburo of PDPA CC two committees for defence of revolution were opened in Saur and Shorab villages of Farah province by Allahdad Toofan secretary of the provincial committee and governor of that province yesterday.

Prior to the function a march was held by the party members of workers, peasants and a great number of noble people.

A source of the province said that hundred persons have joined the committees, Secretaries and deputy Secretaries were elected from among the members.

Similarly five committees for defence of revolution were inaugurated in five villages of Qalal Kah head of the information of the office of the Revolutionary Council holding rank two.

### Appointment

KABUL, June 2 (Bakhtar).—On the proposal of the office of the Revolutionary Council approval of the Council of Ministers and endorsement of President of the Revolutionary Council, Dost Mohammad Dost Shinwari has been appointed as head of the information of the office of the Revolutionary Council holding rank two.

### Water for the world children

Water is a cornerstone in the very existence of life together with air, food and energy. The human body consists of 70 per cent water.

Water at the same time is part of our environment. Children and youth are particularly sensitive to the environment; good conditions are needed to create good health and a chance for proper physical and mental development.

For the rapidly increasing population of the world, the resources of fresh water are becoming more and more scarce. In industrialized countries the per capita consumption of water per day is between 200 and 600 litres per person, while in many developing countries, there are only 5-10 litres available per day and per person, especially in rural areas.

Water is rarely available, where it is most needed. Often the only sources of water are many kilometers away from the households. Also, most of the sources of water—from rivers, canals, open, unprotected wells or just mud holes in the ground—are contaminated with harmful organisms.

More than 1,000 million rural inhabitants of the world need adequate water supply and sanitation. Of these, almost half—more than 500 million—are children and young people, and their number is steadily increasing.

For many years, governments all over the world have been trying to provide for a better environment in both urban and rural areas. However, particularly in the developing countries, only a small part of the populations so far

have been supplied with potable water and proper sanitation.

The World Health Assembly, which governs the World Health Organization, has set a definite target, hoping to serve all of the urban populations and 25 per cent of the rural communities of the world, with safe water by 1980. At IAHATAT, the United Nations Conference for Human Settlements in Vancouver, a resolution was taken, recommending measures to provide potable water for all communities of the world with safe water by 1990.

In the light of the huge task ahead, national governments, international organizations, and non-governmental organizations as well as now intensifying their work.

International co-operation and co-ordination are being stimulated. Already, now, there is a great informal network of exchange of knowledge and, in many cases, direct financial and technical interaction between countries and organizations concerned with water supplies.

Realizing the importance of water and sanitation for children and their families, UNICEF increasingly assists the governments of the developing countries by providing supplies of materials and equipment, funds for training of national staff and some supporting personnel, both expatriate and local for training and logistics.

In all of these projects, UNICEF co-operates with the World Health Organization.

### More landless get land in provinces

PROVINCES: May 31 (Bakhtar).—In pursuance of the chain breaking decree no. eight of the RG and in continuation of implementation of democratic land reforms 23,341 jeribs were distributed to 2754 landless and petty land holding families in some parts of the country.

In Kanduz; 3771 jeribs to 1251 deservers; in Balkh; 1130 jeribs to 47 deservers; in Samangan; 160 jeribs to 20 deservers; in Baghlan; 4,630 jeribs to 420 deservers; in Kunduz; 3770 jeribs to 321 deservers; in Takhar 900 jeribs to 75 deservers; in Badakhshan; 560 jeribs to 70 deservers; in Parwan; 2556 jeribs to 170 deservers; in Badakhshan; 1410 jeribs to 65 deservers; in Herat and 256 jeribs to 32 deservers in Puli Alam wolewais.

According to another report 40,295 jeribs were distributed to 2309 deservers in 14 provinces on May 30.

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### Needed

Afghan Fertilizer Company needs the following construction items for the construction of fertilizer and ag-chemicals warehouses and depots:

- Steel reinforcing bars in various sizes about 981 MTs
- Structural steel sections and plates about 815 MTs
- 24' G.corrugated and plain roofing sheets about 74,066 sq. meters
- Window glass 3400 sq. meters.
- Six 5 KVA diesel driven electric generators.

The above items are to be financed under a loan from the Asian Development Bank to the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan, for the above project. Accordingly these items shall be manufactured and procured in that Bank's member countries.

Tenders documents, delivery terms and specifications list may be obtained from the Engineering Division of Afghan Fertilizer Company, Darul Aman Wat (Khwaja Mullah), Kabul Upon payment of a non-refundable sum of two thousand Afghanis. Further information also can be obtained from the said address.

Tenders must be received at the office of Afghan Fertilizer Company, not later than 10 a.m. by August 1, 1979 and the tenders or their legal representatives must attend the bidding meeting at the office of Afghan Fertilizer Company at 10 a.m. the same date.

Afghan Fertilizer Company shall not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender. (101) 3-1

Realizing the importance of water and sanitation for children and their families, UNICEF increasingly assists the governments of the developing countries by providing supplies of materials and equipment, funds for training of national staff and some supporting personnel, both expatriate and local for training and logistics.

In all of these projects, UNICEF co-operates with the World Health Organization.



Donetsk today is one of the most beautiful cities of the USSR; its population numbering nearly one million which equals to the number of the rose bushes.

### OFFER RECEIVED

Central Authority for Water Supply Sewerage has received an offer for gate valves of different sizes from a foreign company.

Local and foreign firms who can supply should present within two months from the appearance of this advertisement. List numbers and specifications can be seen and securities are required.

(95) 5-5

### AFGHANISTAN ANNUAL

44th edition of Afghanistan Illustrated Annual published recently carries speeches and biography of noble and revolutionary leader and the speeches and foreign visits of First Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs, one year activities of the revolutionary state during the glorious Saur Revolution and available at the bookstalls of Baihaqi Publishing Institute.

Foreigners residing here can get their copies from the Ministry of Information and Culture itself.

(F2) 3-2

### ARYANA (Democratic Republic of Afghanistan)

Introduces to you the various aspects of life in Afghanistan.

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The price of per copy is Afs. 50-00

For more information, please contact Tel. 26858. (F3) 10-2

### CONCERT

A concert will be performed by the artists of Radio-TV of people of Afghanistan with the participation of Farasto, Rahim Mehryar, Qamriddin Zahir, Ravshan, Husein, Ahmad Wali, Faris Mursan, Ahmad Shah Hassan, Seema Tarana, Ahmad Zahir, Rahim Ghanzaba, Ustad Mahvash, Gulshan, Habib Sharif, Afzana and Mangal at Hotel Kabul, Khaiber and Baghi Bala restaurants and Hotel Inter Continental in the benefit of peace and solidarity organisation.

(F4) 3-2

### A Glance at Kabul Press

HEYWAD: How can a person defend the people of Afghanistan who is not from this country, is the title of an editorial published in last Saturday's issue of the daily Heywad. Under this title the paper points out that at this time when our toiling people still remember the drama of Peer Karani Shah and they have not yet forgotten the bitter memories of the despotic rule of the treacherous Nader-Daoud dynasty which was the product of the ominous act of imperialism in our country, during which thousands of our innocent revolutionaries lost their lives and thousands of other received severe punishment and were tortured barbarously. The false propaganda of BBC, the imperialistic voice is still engaged in publishing false reports about our country in order to support our enemies and to restore the imperialistic interests on our sacred land.

It opines that the B.B.C. recently provided opportunity to an Ikhwan who actually does not belong to this country to speak against the rights of the toiling people of Afghanistan. The paper mentions that here a question has come up in the minds of the toiling people of this country that a person who is not from this country how can he claim for the rights and interests of the people of this country and how can he defend their interests. Moreover this man is not trusted at all because this pseudo-muslim who has lost his interest in Afghanistan has now taken shelter in Pakistan and obeys and uses the reactionary leaders of that country.

Regarding principles of the holy religion of Islam the daily points out that Islam is the holy religion of our toiling people. Since they are fully aware of the principles of their sacred

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF KAZEM AHANG Tel. 26847		ADS RATES	
Editorial Tel. 26848		Classified: 6 Lines per column 9 point letters—Afs. 20.	
Circulation 26859 and 26851—Ext. 42		Classified: 6 Lines per column 9 point letter Afs. 40.	
Address enquired to the Kabul Times		Display: Column cm.Afs. 30.	
Anarsi Watt, Kabul, the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan.		SUBSCRIPTION RATES	
		Yearly Afs. 1000	
		Half Yearly Afs. 500	
		FOREIGN Dollar 100	
		Half Yearly Dollar 50	

# Land ownership documents distributed to deservers

KABUL, June 4, (Bakhtar).—The land ownership documents for 32,398 jeribs of land, signed by the Great Leader of the people, Noor Mohammad Taraki, General Secretary of the PDPA CC and President of the Revolutionary Council, were handed over to 2027 landless and petty land holding peasants of some provinces yesterday.

Bakhtar correspondents report from provinces, where land distribution is underway, that hundreds of noble and patriotic people of our country while carrying photos of Great Leader of the People of Afghanistan, national red flags, and revolutionary streamers held glorious functions on the land distribution site.

At the functions some of governors, woleswals and heads of the Democratic Land Reforms operational groups spoke on the lofty objectives of Saur Revolution and vital significance of decree no. eight of the Revolutionary Council of the DRA and drew attention of the audience to their obligations for defence of sacred homeland and gains of liberating Saur Revolution.

Similarly a number of workers, peasants and intelligentsia appreciated the steps taken by khalqi state in the benefit of toilers of the country. They also expressed their readiness to defend the beloved country and gains of liberating Saur Revolution to the last breath.

The Information Department of the Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reforms reports that in Kabul 428 jeribs were given to 39 deserving families; in Badghis 430 jeribs to 40 deserving families; in Fariab 11674 jeribs to 550 deserving families; in Jauzjan 4945 jeribs to 407 deserving families; in Baghlan 840 jeribs to 45 deserving families; in Kunduz 4770 jeribs to 395 deserving families.

## Pak Liberation

## Front backs

## Saur Revolution

KABUL, June 4, (Bakhtar).—According to reports reaching here, Meraj Mohammad Khan, chairman of National Liberation Front of Pakistan in a speech in Karachi on June 2, recalled with appreciation the measures of government of Afghanistan under the leadership of Noor Mohammad Taraki, General Secretary of the Central Committee of PDPA and President of the Revolutionary Council, towards improving the living condition of exploited and poor people of Afghanistan.

Meraj Mohammad Khan in his speech strongly condemned the presence of Mujadidis in Pakistan and asked the government of Pakistan to return back the Mujadidis and fugitives of Afghanistan who have come to Pakistan, to their country.

lies; in Parwan 260 jeribs to 49 deserving families; in Badakhshan 3579 jeribs to 304 deserving families; in Takhar 5,796 jeribs to 188 deserving families; and in Logar 176 jeribs to 20 deserving families.

## Revolution

Continued from page 2. Thus, for the first time in Afghanistan's history, a truly radical and democratic solution of the land question, the abolition of the parasitic landowning class, and the transfer of the land to those who till it are being ensured.

The Central Committee of the People's Democratic Party and the government are completing the drafting of the basic guidelines for the social and economic development of the country over the next five years (1979-84). They envisage the radical reconstruction and rapid development of the economy and further social and economic reforms.

In the sphere of foreign policy too the people's government has accomplished much in the past year. The international prestige of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan as a member of the non-aligned movement is growing. And multiform relations with the Soviet Union and other socialist countries are developing successfully and being enriched with new content.

Of singular importance was Noor Mohammad Taraki's visit to the Soviet Union in December last year. In his appraisal of the Treaty of Friendship, Good Neighbourliness and Co-operation between the U.S.S.R. and the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan signed during the visit, Leonid Brezhnev qualified it as an outstanding political document which not only lays the groundwork for the further strengthening of Soviet-Afghan friendship but will serve the interests of peace and security in Asia and hence elevated the traditional friendly relations between our two countries to a new plane.

"Now it is not simply good-neighbourliness, but profound, sincere and strong friendship pervaded by the spirit of comradeship and revolutionary solidarity," Leonid Brezhnev said. Mutually beneficial trade and economic co-operation is rapidly developing between our countries. Wider contacts have been established also between public organizations and scientific and cultural institutions.

The people of Afghanistan, the Kabul Times wrote recently, will never forget that the Soviet Union was the first to recognize independent Afghanistan in 1919 and the first to recognize the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan after the victory of the Saur Revolution. The Soviet Union has helped Afghanistan enormously. All this assistance has been of the most generous character. The people of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan and the USSR firmly believe in living in friendship, the paper said.

(New Times)

# Parwan evening school opened

CHARIKAR, June 4, (Bakhtar).—On the basis of the Basic Lines of the Revolutionary Duties of the DRA, Kapisa evening school of Parwan province was inaugurated on Saturday by Abdulhaq Samadi, secretary of the provincial committee and Governor of Parwan.

At this function the Governor in his revolutionary speech spoke on the lofty objectives of the great Saur Revolution and said that the past decrepit regimes on the basis of their anti-khalqi habit towards the sons of this country closed the doors of education but fortunately today our khalqi state has provided them opportunity in every nook and corner of the country to expand their knowledge.

Also Maj. Khair Mohammad Sepahi, Parwan sarandoy commander, director of Kapisa education and some teachers and students delivered their speeches in this respect.

A source of the Kapisa Education Directorate said that 300 students have been enrolled in the night school and are taught by 40 teachers voluntarily.

# Friendship Society with DRA founded in Quetta

KABUL, June 4, (Bakhtar).—A great number of political and social organisations, unions of workers and distinguished personalities of Baluchistan recently held a meeting under the chairmanship of Mira Khan Mandokhail and founded a friendship society with Afghanistan in Quetta. The following people were elected in this meeting:

Agha Abdul Karim, president; Defence Lawyer Sayed Imtiyaz Hussain Baqiri Hanafi, president; Abdul Majid Mangal, vice-president; Abdul Ali Kaker, secretary general; Amanullah Bazaiee, joint secretary, Malik Mohammad Osman Kansi, secretary; Saheb Jan Kaker, joint liaison secretary and Mohammad Rafiq, secretary for financial affairs.

Similarly an executive board was elected including a number of personalities.

In the meeting two resolutions were unanimously adopted defending the great Saur Revolution. Following are the texts of the resolutions:

Resolution I: The revolution of Afghanistan is unique in its nature in the world. Because it has triumphed in a country where the proportion of literacy and progress against illiteracy and backwardness is negligible. Unless the class struggle is profoundly analysed, and properly realised there appropriate results cannot be achieved.

The great Saur Revolution under the leadership of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan which enjoys the support and protection of workers, peasants, intellectuals and especially the khalqi armed forces equipped with the ideology of workers has left profound impacts all over the region and proved once again that the only way to access the high stages of progress

# Pak-Afghan Friendship Society marks 1st year of Saur Revolution

June 4, (Bakhtar).—The Pak-Afghan Friendship Society, Sind, organised a meeting on the occasion of the first anniversary of the great Saur Revolution and for the sake of solidarity and friendship with the people of Afghanistan. The meeting which was chaired by Maulana Zareen Khan was participated by workers, intellectuals, scholars and members of political parties, and unions of workers. It was held in Nicher colony, Karachi, on Saur the sixth.

In this meeting a number of distinguished personalities of Sind including Shaliza Khan, Amin, Salar, Miyan Gul, Dr. Feroz Ahmad, Fassaiddin Salar and Anis Hashemi delivered speeches and read poems shedding light on the background of the great Saur Revolution and the revolutionary and social changes taking place in Afghanistan under the leadership of esteemed Noor Mohammad Taraki.

The speakers said that as a result of the victory of the great Saur Revolution the peace forces, freedom and progress have been consolidated in the region and heavy blows have been

dealt to the imperialistic forces. Elaborating on the radical social changes introduced by the revolutionary government of Afghanistan during the past one year they said: Feudalism and usury have been wiped out. Equal rights of men and women have been introduced and the old and rotten customs in marriage have been abolished. There is no possibility for exploitation of people by the land lords and sardars who have been eliminated and war is rapidly raging against illiteracy, ignorance, unemployment and social injustice.

The participants in a resolution strongly condemned the continuous propaganda of the reactionary religious and political circles of Pakistan against the government of Afghanistan and called on the government of Pakistan not to let a few deserters and political groups of Pakistan to employ faith and religion as a means for their reactionary and imperialistic objectives and carry out propaganda against Afghanistan.

They asked Pakistan, instead of being used as a base for destructive op-

erations against Afghanistan, to establish friendly relations with the government of Afghanistan.

In this part of the resolution it is said that the revolution of Afghanistan which has started humanitarian reforms for promoting the prestige and status of man has had good impact on all neighbouring countries. The toilers of Pakistan deem the great Saur Revolution as a glowing torch on their path.

BUDAPEST, June 4, (Tass).—The Soviet Union and Hungary stated that they will continue to actively support the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America who struggle against imperialism, colonialism, neocolonialism and racism, for national independence and social progress.

The joint statement which Leonid Brezhnev, General Secretary of the CPSU Central Committee, President of the Presidium of the USSR Supreme Soviet, and Janos Kadar, the First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party signed here notes the positive role of the movement of non-alignment.

# Cornerstone for books warehouse

HERAT, June 4, (Bakhtar).—The foundationstone of the godown building for textbooks of education directorate was laid in Herat city by Eng. Abdulhai Yateem, secretary of the provincial committee and governor of that province yesterday.

At this function the Governor spoke on the aims of the Basic Lines of the Revolutionary Duties of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan in the education sector.

A source of the Herat Education Department said that the building will be constructed over three jeribs of land with the construction expenses of more than 1,300,000 from the grant-in-aid of Canada. It will be used to house textbooks of the education directorates of western provinces.

During the cornerstone laying ceremony some members of the provincial committee and employees of Education Department were present.

BANGKOK, June 4, (Reuters).—Fifty people were killed and 15 seriously injured when an oil tanker lorry was in collision with a bus in southern Thailand, it was reported yesterday.

They said most bus passengers died from burns after the tanker exploded on the highway in Phang-Nga province, 900 kilometres from Bangkok.

Only seven people escaped uninjured from the accident. Police said the casualty toll was believed to be the highest on record in Thailand.

# Voluntary work done

KABUL, June 4, (Bakhtar).—The workers and employees of Housing Construction Factory did friendly and voluntary work from 8 a.m. until 4 p.m. on Friday. With this work the workers saved afs. 400,000 to their khalqi state.

According to another report the workers, employees and wage earners of Guzargah textile factory, thermo power and dyeing workshop took active part in the friendly and voluntary works in the benefit of their khalqi state and to condemn the shameless acts of the enemies of the great Saur Revolution. With doing this patriotic work the toiling workers of the mentioned factories saved their khalqi state afs. 184,650.

The workers of drilling section of Ministry of Water and Power also did voluntary work last Thursday for three hours.

A report from Gardez said that the personnel of the third unit of Construction Department of Ministry of Defence took part in friendly and collective work to transfer more than 100 sq. metres of stone for construction of Khuwaja Ali Gardez primary school building. The work lasted five hours and they saved their khalqi state afs. 20,000.

# KABUL PRESS

(Continued from P. 2)

DA SAUR ENQELAB: The daily Da Saur Enqelab in an editorial published in its yesterday's issue while commenting on the unity and solidarity of our toiling people against all kinds of aggression and destructive acts on our soil says that anyone who lives in Afghanistan belongs to this country and is the son of the soil.

It further points out that even prior to the victory of the great Saur Revolution the courageous members of the PDPA used to tell our toiling people that all toiling people of this country are equal and therefore they should not get disunited. The farangis sow discord. But it was known to every body in the country that khalqis wanted to take up a prolonged class struggle against all kinds of oppression and deprivation in the country and they never talked of differences of language, religion or racial problems. They used to tell before and continue to say even now that the political power must rest with the toiling people and it was as a result of such desire that the great Saur Revolution transferred political power from the oppressed class to the oppressed people of the country and they believe that under the leadership of the PDPA which is the vanguard of the workers of this country and the true representative of the toiling people, all nationalities will soon be released from the yoke of oppression and exploitation. All khalqis feel that all toiling people are one and the same and whenever a toiling human being is affected by pain it will definitely have impact over other toiling people too.

The paper further points out that the victory of the great Saur Revolution was in fact a signal of freedom for all nationalities of Afghanistan and those who have faith in religion and no one takes away the religious freedom of the people in our country but if anyone makes use of religion for his own benefit which will harm the interests of our toiling people, in such a case they are the people who mix religion with politics and in fact they are not muslims.

and prosperity is the transfer of power from the lackeys of imperialism to the struggling people.

The revolution of Afghanistan is a delightful good news for the toiling and poor peoples throughout the world and especially it is considered a sign of hope to the peoples of the region... The Afghan revolution is a glowing torch which annihilated the dark nights of several centuries old regime of despotism and exploitation

in the light of equality and affluence of material blessings and respect to the dignity of man.

On behalf of our people we convey our message of greeting to the brother Afghan people on the occasion of the first anniversary of the great Saur Revolution and assure them of the feelings of sympathy, cooperation and brotherly ties of our toiling people.

This meeting of the Friendship Society with Afghanistan expresses its decisive support for the great Saur Revolution also heading their way towards their destination in the light of the torch of the great Saur Revolution and will simultaneously continue with their struggle against the conspiracies and ominous intentions of the reactionary landlords and usurers and reactionary clergymen who act on the instruction of imperialism until they are fully eliminated.

The society calls on all the toilers and intellectuals and other democratic and progressive elements and patriots here to spend all their energy and power towards their deliverance for the sake of achieving progress, happiness, peace and friendship with the people of Afghanistan.

Resolution-2: The friendship society with Afghanistan strongly condemns the activities of usurers, landlords, and pseudo-Mullahs who fled from Afghanistan, and is of the opinion that the material aids including arms and ammunition provided to the so-called refugees exert heavy pressure on the bankrupt economy of Pakistan.

The meeting believes that inspite of the apparent and repeated statements of the government of Pakistan on the friendly and brotherly relations with Afghanistan a number of reactionary political groups are busy hatching conspiracies against Afghanistan. This will not only pose danger to the peace of the region but also creates tensions at international level.

After having analysed realistically the situation, the society once again emphasised its stance and strongly urges the government of Pakistan to take effective measures to stop the conspiratory activities of these reactionary groups and send back these so-called refugees.

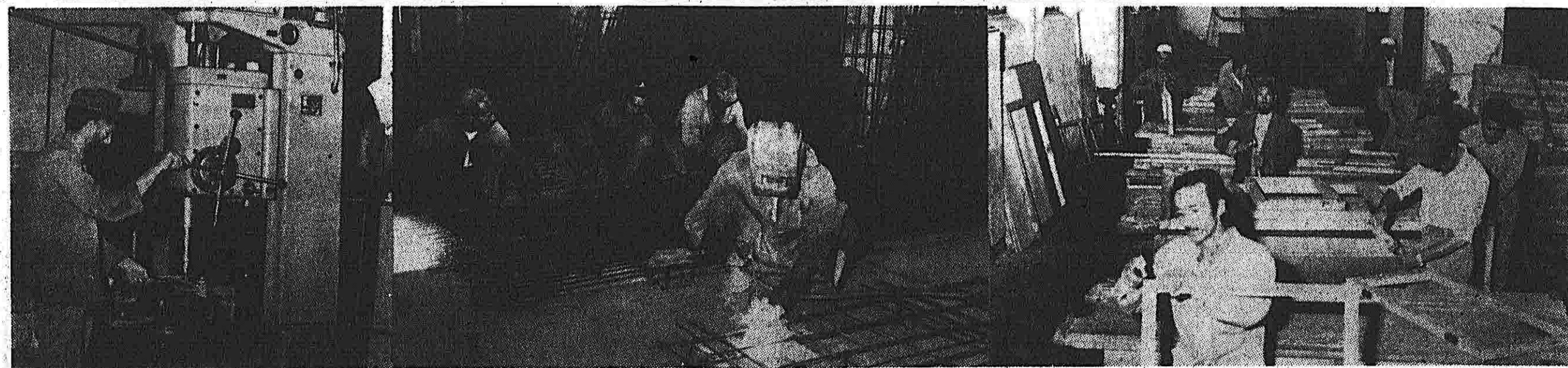
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The Housing Construction employees of Khwajara wash seen doing voluntary work.