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Kabul Times (June 21, 1965, vol. 4, no. 73)

Bakhtar News Agency

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Max. +33°C. Minimum 12°C.
Sun sets today at 7:11 p.m.
Sun rises tomorrow at 4:40 a.m.
Tomorrow's Outlook: Clear

Yesterday's Temperature
Hotel; Shag-e-Naw near
Park Cinema; Kabul Inter-
national Airport.

Police Stop Demonstrations In Algiers For Ben Bella; Conference Still Scheduled

ALGIERS, June 21, (AP).— POLICE Sunday night broke up demonstrations by hundreds of Algerians who marched through the streets of downtown Algiers shouting "Long live Ahmed Ben Bella."

The demonstrators were the first visible signs of trouble for the military regime that overthrew Ben Bella in a swift and virtually bloodless coup in the pre-dawn darkness Saturday.

Throughout Saturday and Sunday the capital had appeared calm and resigned to acceptance of the military regime.

The demonstrations began with a march through the city organized by members of the Algerian Students' Federation.

About 200 students marched from their headquarters on the eastern side of the city through the city centre chanting "Ya-hya ben Bella" (Long live Ben Bella).

The demonstration was broken up quickly and without violence by civilian riot police who appeared on the scene within minutes. A few of the students were arrested while the remainder dispersed.

But their action seemed to trigger the previously docile crowds into shouting.

Meanwhile, the Algerian member of the Committee of Ambassadors preparing for the Afro-Asian summit conference announced Sunday night that the conference scheduled to open June 29 will be held as planned.

The announcement followed hours of uncertainty about whether the conference would be held, in view of Saturday's military coup.

The Algerian representative on the Ambassadors' Committee made the announcement at a hastily summoned meeting.

The Ambassadors' Committee includes representatives of 15 countries in Algiers who have been working for several weeks to organize the conference.

The announcement that the Afro-Asian meeting would go on as scheduled was made by Layachi Yaker, a spokesman for the Algerian Foreign Ministry.

Burma will not attend the Afro-Asian conference because of government changes there following the coup, a Burmese Foreign Office spokesman told Reuter in Rangoon.

The Burmese delegation had been due to leave Saturday evening for Algiers, but had cancelled the trip.

A Chinese delegation left Cairo Sunday for Algiers to attend the Afro-Asian Foreign Ministers' Conference due to start next Wednesday.

The delegation arrived in Cairo with Premier Chou en-Lai, who began talks with President Nasser, Sunday.

Two officials of the Chinese Embassy in Algiers who arrived in Cairo earlier Sunday to report to Chou about the situation in Algeria returned to Algiers with the delegation.

The Indonesian government announced Sunday night it is extending recognition to the new Algerian military regime and will not change its plan to attend the second Afro-Asian conference.

A government announcement which was broadcast by Radio Jakarta said this was decided by President Sukarno after he conferred with his cabinet ministers at Bogor Palace, 40 miles south of Jakarta.

Algeria's new government met Sunday night and heard a report from Colonel Boumediene on the situation in the country, the Algerian news agency APS reported.

It decided that Ahmed Medeghri

should be acting Interior and Finance Minister and Tedjini Haddam, Minister of Religious Affairs, should be acting Minister of Social Affairs, Health and Veterans.

According to AP, the new regime is reported to have pledged to continue to steer a neutral course between East and West while remaining "loyal to its friendships "especially its Afro-Asian relatives."

In a dispatch from Algiers, the New China News Agency (NCNA) quoted Foreign Minister Abdelaziz Bouteflika as saying in a statement: "The foreign policy of Algeria envisages non-alignment and friendship with all countries, especially with those which are already our partners."

The statement—issued soon after a meeting of the new Revolutionary Council in the capital—voiced hope for continued co-operation with France, Algeria's "mother country."

It pointed out, according to the Peking Agency, "that the policy of co-operation between France and Algeria is based on their common wish to serve the interests of their peoples while respecting their individuality and independence"

Haider Calls Talks With Common Market Satisfactory

KABUL, June 21.— THE European Common Market has promised to assist Afghanistan by providing her with necessary facilities for her export trade with its six member countries.

The results of the recent talks between an Afghan government representative and the Common Market countries are stated to have been useful and positive.

The ECM countries appreciated the move by the Afghan government to sign trade agreements with it.

Dr. Abdul Raof Haider, the Afghan representative who went to Europe to prepare the ground for the agreements, returned to Kabul yesterday.

In an interview with Bakhtar, Dr. Haider described his talks with the members of the Common Market as satisfactory and useful for the development of Afghanistan's export trade.

He hoped that after signing agreements with the Common Market countries the volume of Afghan exports, especially carpets and fruits, will increase. There are possibilities, he said if financial and technical assistance by the Common Market countries to promote Afghanistan's export trade after agreements have been signed.

At a time when the government is seeking ways to encourage economic development and obtain large amounts of foreign exchange the Common Market can play an important role. Afghanistan's exports have been adversely affected by custom's tariffs imposed by the Common Market countries.

In 1962 and 1963 there was a drop of 68,000 square metres in the exports of Afghan carpets to West Germany and 25,000 square metres to other Common Market countries. This means that Afghanistan suffered a loss of \$ 1,700,000.

As pointed out by the Ministry of Commerce, before the establishment of the European Common Market the fringes of Afghan

Five More Wolesi Jirga Candidates Announced Here

KABUL, June 21.—The Central Electoral Supervisory Committee has announced the nomination of five more candidates from Kabul city for the Wolesi Jirga. They are Mohammad Younus Hairan from the ninth and tenth districts; Haji Faqir Mohammad Khushbeen from the seventh and eighth districts; Abdul Razak Zahir from the ninth and tenth districts; Haji Ghulam Sakhi Hesabi the seventh and from eighth districts; and Mohammad Asif Ahang from the fifth and sixth districts.

Commonwealth Group Asked To Discuss Guiana

GEORGETOWN, British Guiana, June 21, (AP).—Dr. Cheddi Jagan, has cabled British Prime Minister Harold Wilson urging that the problems of British Guiana be officially discussed at the current Commonwealth Ministers' Conference in London.

Jagan also announced his party would boycott a three-man mission sent by the International Commission of Jurists to probe racial balances in all sectors of the Guianese community.

Jagan said the party would like to dissociate itself publicly from the proposed investigations.

The PPP leader claimed the invitation to the mission was a unilateral act by the leader of the People's National Congress Premier Forbes Burnham.

carpets exported to West Germany were not subject to tax by the customs authorities. But with the creation of the ECM not only were the fringes taxed but no price was paid for them when they were sold.

A Commerce Ministry source said the results of the talks held by the Afghan government representative with the ECM have been satisfactory. It added that the Ministry will propose to the cabinet the signing of an agreement with ECM by this autumn.

Two Labour Groups Call For Strike Protesting American Policy In Dominican Republic

SANTO DOMINGO, June 21, (Reuter).— TWO of the three main labour groups in the Dominican Republic yesterday called a general strike for today to protest against American intervention in the strife-torn Caribbean country.

The 120,000-strong confederation of autonomous Christian trade unions and the 80,000-man Confederation of Workers called for a three-day strike as one of the two warring factions in the two-month-old civil war agreed to negotiate over peace proposals.

Colonel Francisco Caamano, President of the "constitutionalist" government, said in a radio broadcast yesterday he was willing to talk about proposals by a three-man Organisation of American States (OAS) mission here.

He said: "We want to do everything possible to arrive at a dignified and democratic agreement"

The OAS mission last week proposed the establishment of a provincial government in the

Quaison-Sackey Urges Both Sides In Vietnam To Stop Fighting To Allow Talks

UNITED NATIONS, June 21, (AP).— ALEX Quaison-Sackey, President of the General Assembly, said Sunday that U.S. bombing of North Vietnam and "warlike action on both sides," in South Vietnam "should cease" to help promote peace talks.

Quaison-Sackey, who is also Ghana's new Foreign Minister, said neither of those things should be made a condition for such talks but both would be useful because "you can't ask people to come around a table while they are fighting."

Interviewed on television, he expressed the belief it would "help immeasurably" if the United States agreed to deal with the Viet Cong, the South Vietnamese rebels, in foresighted talks involving also North and South Vietnam.

Quaison-Sackey said the Viet Cong was politically independent, "tougher than North Vietnam", and "very strong in South Vietnam" where he said a war of national liberation is going on.

He said getting North Vietnam to join in talks was a hard problem but pointed out that a British Commonwealth mission of Britain, Ghana, Nigeria and Trinidad and Tobago was making efforts to visit the various capitals to see what the position was.

Quaison-Sackey said UN Secretary-General U Thant "is working very hard" for talks and "it would be a good idea if U Thant would be brought in on this Commonwealth mission."

Quaison-Sackey said that now that Algerian President Ahmed Ben Bella had been overthrown and "since the situation is not very clear, some postponement may be necessary" in the Asian-African Summit Conference scheduled to start in Algiers June 29.

He said Ghana's President, Kwame Nkrumah, now at the London Commonwealth Conference, would consult on this with the leaders of Guinea and Mali—with whom, the Assembly President said, Nkrumah and Ben Bella had worked for "African solidarity."

Quaison-Sackey said the trend of the General Assembly was moving toward the seating of People's Republic of China but he could not say it would happen next autumn.

He said "I think the concern is what you do with Taiwan should that happen, whether it can be a separate member."

He noted that both nationalist and Chinese leaders were against a two China settlement.

He also said he had received "a great number of letters from a group operating in Japan" seeking self-determination for the indigenous Taiwanese as opposed to the Chinese nationalists.

Debate on this question has been called for, Quaison-Sackey said.

Speaking for himself, he remarked that the United Nations "may founder" because China is absent just as the League of Nations foundered because the United States was absent.

DeGaulle, Humphrey Talks Described As Constructive

PARIS, June 21, (Reuter).—Hubert Humphrey, United States Vice President met President de Gaulle here Sunday in talks described by French officials as friendly and constructive.

Speaking to reporters after the meeting, Humphrey was careful to avoid giving the impression that he had discussed major policy issues with the French President. These, he said, were matters reserved for the American President.

It was understood, however, that President de Gaulle emphasised that his independent analysis of the international situation outlined during the past week was not in any way directed against the United States.

"The visit was very well worth while", Humphrey said.

Although Humphrey's visit here came as a surprise it was learned that President Johnson had been seeking for several weeks for a suitable occasion to send the Vice President to Paris with friendly greetings to the French President.

Twelve Complete Nursing Course

KABUL, June 21.—At a meeting held to mark the first anniversary of the Wazir Akbar Khan Hospital certificates were given away to 12 graduates of the hospital's nine-month nursing course.

Dr. Abdul Rahman Hakimi, President of Health Services in the Ministry of Public Health, praised the hospital's work during its one year's existence and stressed the responsibilities which the young graduates will assume.

Dr. Abdul Ghani Afzal, Chief of the Hospital said the success of the hospital in serving the people was the result of the special attention paid by the Ministry of Public Health to providing the necessary facilities and the efforts made by the Afghan and Czech specialists and nurses.

During last year 29,510 patients were examined in the hospital's polyclinic and 18,818 were treated in the various departments of the hospital, he noted.

The income of the hospital comes from fees paid by the patients and charges made for X-ray and other laboratory tests. The total income during the year was estimated at Af. 1,384,778.

The expenditure of the hospital, including the salaries paid to local and foreign experts, is estimated to have been over Af. 11 million.

Survey Shows Desert Locust Dose'n't Exist In Southwest

KABUL, June 21.—

A TWO-month survey of the country's southwestern areas shows that the desert locust doesn't exist in Afghanistan and that farms are in no danger as far as attacks from this kind of locust are concerned, said Masjedi Khan, President of the Department for Protection of Flora and Fauna in the Agriculture Ministry.

Masjedi, who headed the survey group which worked in Kandahar, Farah, Chakhansour, Herat and the Helmand Valley, including the sandy areas in these pro-

vinces, said the survey included looking for the desert locusts and studying the terrain and the nature of plants grown in these parts. He said although in the sandy areas as well as in other parts there are plenty of plants to feed the desert locust, owing to warm and dry air and lack of moisture Afghanistan has never been a breeding centre for the desert locust which is supposed to be the dangerous of all locusts because of its rapid rate of reproduction and the long distances which it can fly—100 kilometres in one flight.

Desert locusts flew into Afghanistan for the first time in 1928. Since proper facilities and equipment for fighting locusts were not available, 50 per cent of the harvest was lost by locust attacks. Since 1947 modern equipment for fighting locust, chemicals and spraying planes and cars have been provided by the Soviet Union and the United States.

In the northern part of the country existence of Moroccan and Italian locusts has been proved. This kind of locust which propagates once a year was first found in this country in 1930.

The Moroccan and Italian locusts inflicted heavy damage to crops in Kunduz, Balkh, Samangan, Jouzjan, Fariab, Takhar and Puli Khumri and Badghis in 1952 and 1953.

The Soviet Union has helped with experts and chemicals to fight this kind of locust which is now under control.

Masjedi expressed his thanks for the cooperation of Indian experts who worked with the desert locust surveying mission.

France Still Unsure Whether De Gaulle Will Run Again

PARIS, June 21. (Reuter).—General de Gaulle returned to Paris Sunday after three days of speech-making leaving his ministers and the nation guessing whether he will stand for a second term as President. Some see repeated appeals to his audiences to maintain stable and efficient government and his appeal "to help me in my task" as proof of his determination to carry on.

Others saw his speech at Chartres Saturday night as sort of swan song.

This tour which ended with high mass at the cathedral of Chartres was his last this year.

Former Finance Minister, Antoine Pinay an ex-prime minister, said he was sure de Gaulle would stand again and be re-elected.

Speaking on his return from Canada on Friday Pinay added: "his future opponents are going to meet with a humiliating setback".

Sidqi Named Counsellor To UN Delegation

KABUL, June 21.—Mohammad Osman Sidqi, a former UN official, has joined the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and has been appointed as Counsellor of the Afghan permanent delegation to the United Nations in New York.

After completing his studies in law and political science in Kabul he held various posts in the Department of Press and Information, including those of Director of Information in Radio Afghanistan and editor of the daily Anis.

In New York Sidqi served in the UN Information Office and underwent a post-graduate course in international affairs.

The last post he held in Kabul was that of chief of the UN Information Office. Subsequently he was appointed chief of the UN Information Office in Guinea.

He is the author of a number of books and papers on historical and literary subjects.

Czech Mountaineers Here To Climb Peaks

KABUL, June 21.—A 13-member Czechoslovak Mountaineers Team arrived in Kabul Sunday. The Team will stay in Afghanistan for a period of 3 months, and climb some peaks of Hindukush mountains, but not in Wakhan. The Team has climbed in some peaks of European mountains.

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Pakhtu Language Commission Holds Third Meeting

KABUL, June 21.—The Pakhtu Language Development Commission held its third meeting at the Ministry of Education yesterday afternoon under the chairmanship of Dr. Mohammad Anas, Minister of Education.

The meeting was attended by Sayyed Kassim Rishtya, Minister of Finance; Mohammad Hashim Maiwandwal, Minister of Press and Information; Gul Pacha Ulfat, President of Tribal Affairs; and other members of the commission.

The meeting discussed and modified certain parts of the report prepared by the scientific educational and cultural sub-committees.

The meeting decided that an expert committee should draw up a working plan to implement the suggestion made by the sub-committees for the development of the Pakhtu language and submit it to the commission to be scrutinized.

It is expected that the report of the Cultural and Publication Committee will be discussed by the commission at its fourth meeting next Sunday.

Two U.S. AID Officials Make Ten-Day Visit Here

KABUL, June 21.—Two U.S. AID officials arrived here on Saturday for a ten-day visit. They are Raymond Pagan, the Afghanistan desk officer for the Agency for International Development in Washington, and Herbert Rees, AID director for the area, including Afghanistan, India, Pakistan, Nepal and Ceylon.

The officials will acquaint themselves with the AID activities here and meet Afghan officials to discuss the programme.

Yesterday, they met Abdullah Yaftali, Minister of Planning, and discussed the AID programme with him.

Soviet Delegation Meets With Planning Officials

KABUL, June 21.—At a meeting of the Afghan and Soviet economic delegations at the Ministry of Planning yesterday the Soviet delegation handed over to the Afghan delegation the drafts of documents concerning additional economic assistance by the Soviet Union to Afghanistan.

After the meeting the Afghan delegation spokesman said the documents will be studied by the Afghan delegation and the provisions contained in them will be discussed with the Soviet delegation at subsequent meetings.

KABUL, June 21.—M. Hamoud Al-Faad Al-Zaid, the Saudi Arabian Ambassador-designate in Kabul, arrived here yesterday morning and was received at the airport by A. Nasir Zia, President of the Department of Protocol in the Foreign Ministry.

CORRECTION

In Saturday's issue of the Kabul Times an article entitled "Population Problem in Afghanistan" was inadvertently credited to Assistant Professor V. Karabegov. The article was by Tekey. Karabegov's name should have appeared with another article on the same page under the heading "Computers and Industrial Management". The error is regretted.

Ministry Of Health Plans To Build Eleven Hospitals

KABUL, June 21.—

THE Ministry of Health plans to begin construction of 11 hospitals in 11 provinces this year, according to Dr. M.G. Mahir, President of the Department of Planning of the Ministry of Health.

The projects are to be financed by the Ministry's Development budget appropriations. During the remaining months of the current year the Ministry expects to complete 10 per cent of the work involved in the 11-hospital project. It will spend Af. 4,800,000.

The Ministry's development budget for this year amounts to Af. 14,278,000 and DM 400,000.

Hospitals are under construction in Baghlan, Badakhshan, and Shiberghan and this year about Af. 2,000,000 will be spent on these three buildings.

The development budget will also be used to cover the expendi-

ture on asphaltting Wazir Akbar Khan Road and completion of the work on the Ghazni Hospital both of which will cost Af. 1,000,000. Another Af. 1,200,000 will be spent on hospitals in Gardez, Jaji and Zormat which are also under construction.

Work on hospitals in Puli-Khumri, Ghorat and Bamiyan started last year will continue this year.

Af. 1,300,000 has been provided for it in the development budget. Ministry will spend about Af. 3.5 million on purchase of medical equipment for hospitals which are being completed. At the same time 400,000 DM has been appropriated for building a polyclinic, dental clinics and a maternity home.

Work on these projects, which are financed through credits from the Federal Republic of Germany, will start this year.

Peshawar Jirga Demands Pakistan Release Poet

KABUL, June 21.—A report from Peshawar, Central Occupied Pakhtunistan, says that a large jirga of the Saho Marak tribe was recently held in Peshawar under the leadership of Ajmal Khatak and was attended by poets, men of letters and a large number of people.

All the participants regretted the arrest of Naser Khan Balooch, a poet of Quetta.

Naser Khan has been jailed by the Pakistan government on charges of taking part in nationalistic activities.

On behalf of the participants Salim Raz, Muntazer and Ajmal Khatak demanded the immediate release of the Pakhtunistani poet.

The report added that several poems on Pakhtunistan's right to self-determination were recited at the jirga.

AT THE CINEMA

PARK CINEMA:

At 2:30, 5:30, 8, and 10 p.m. Iranian film **BULBULI MAZREHA**

KABUL CINEMA:

At 2, 4:30, and 6:30 p.m. Russian film with Tajiki translation.

BEHZAD CINEMA:

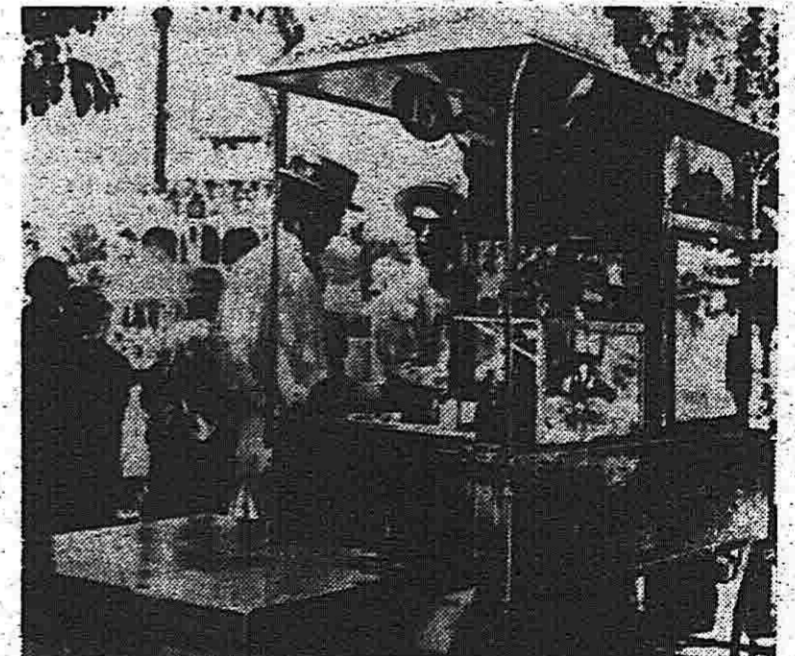
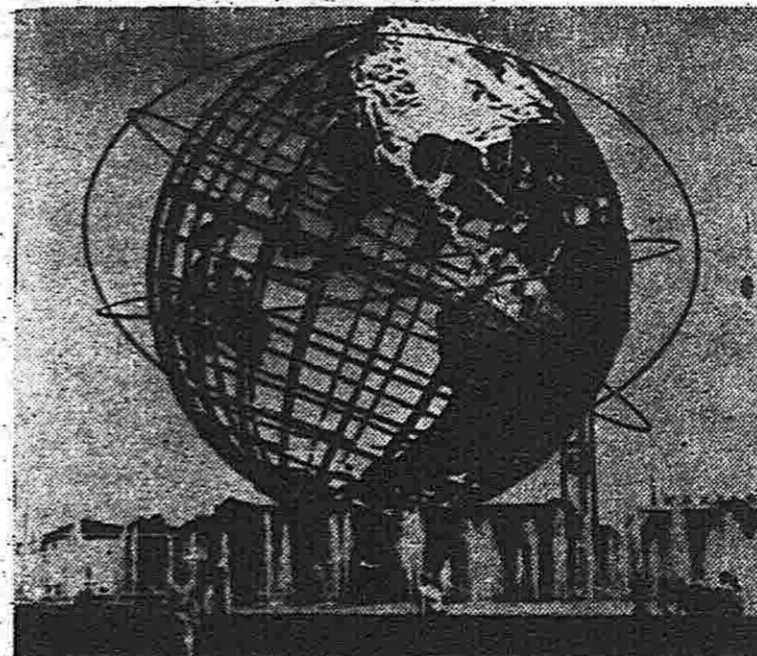
At 2, 4:30, and 6:30 p.m. Russian film with Tajiki translation.

PAMIR CINEMA:

At 2, 5, and 7 p.m. Russian film with Tajiki translation.

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