

6-10-1965

## Kabul Times (June 10, 1965, vol. 4, no. 64)

Bakhtar News Agency

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## THE WEATHER

### Yesterday's Temperature

Max. +28°C. Minimum 8°C.  
Sun sets today at 7:09 p.m.  
Sun rises tomorrow at 4:41 a.m.  
Tomorrow's Outlook: Clear

# KABUL TIMES

## NEWS STALLS

Kabul Times is available at:  
Khyber Restaurant; Kabul  
Hotel; Shar-e-Naw near  
Park Cinema; Kabul Inter-  
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JUN 30

VOL. IV, NO. 64.

KABUL, THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1965. (JAWZA 20, 1344, S.H.)

PRICE AT  
SD

## French Economic Mission Due In Kabul For Negotiations

PARIS, June 10, (Reuter).—

A FRENCH economic mission will visit Afghanistan shortly in order to prepare increased French participation in the country's development, it was officially announced here yesterday.

The French Information Minister, Alain Peyrefitte, made the announcement after a cabinet meeting at which he said General de Gaulle and members of the government stated they had had a "pleasant and constructive" impression from the visit here last week of His Majesty King Mohammad Zahir Shah.

"The desire was expressed by both sides of strengthening traditional cultural links existing between the two countries and also of strengthening technical co-operation", Peyrefitte said.

According to DPA, Peyrefitte said de Gaulle had told the French cabinet meeting Afghanistan's position in the heart of central Asia, its policy of independence and balance by which it had protected its territorial integrity had provided French interest in that nation and France's liking for her ruler.

De Gaulle had added that this liking had been further strengthened during the Afghan King's recent state visit.

## Pakistan Ready To Meet Challenge Coming From India

RAWALPINDI, Pakistan, June 10, (AP).—Foreign Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto said Wednesday "Pakistan is quite prepared to meet, overcome and face any challenge from the Indian military concentration on our borders".

He told a news conference what he called the recent bellicose statements and ultimatums of war are not the right approach to solve disputes between our two countries.

"How will it help the present situation if we also start talking in the same language?" He asked, commenting on the current military confrontation between India and Pakistan following fighting in the Rann of Kutch of the southwest Pakistan border in April.

Bhutto said peace cannot be achieved for the Indian and Pakistani people unless there is "a general disengagement of troops" all along the borders of the two nations.

Asked whether Pakistan was prepared to conclude a ceasefire in the Rann of Kutch with India, leaving general disengagement to a later stage, Bhutto said:

"How can one small problem be solved while a bigger one exists?" He maintained the present India-Pakistan tension is "a general crisis" and several other problems and disputes, including the Kutch, emerged out of it.

Asked whether there were plans for arranging a meeting between President Ayub Khan of Pakistan and Indian Premier Lal Bahadur Shastri in London, as suggested by British Prime Minister Harold Wilson, Bhutto said there has been no formal move. He said if Pakistan thought it useful and necessary it would move the question of the current India-Pakistan troop concentration be brought up in the forthcoming Commonwealth prime ministers' conference or the second Afro-Asian meeting in Algiers.

Commonwealth premiers are scheduled to meet in London June 17, while the Algiers conference starts June 29.

He denied Indian press reports that British mediation efforts have been suspended because of stalemate created by Pakistan.

He added the United States also showed interest in peace moves in the early stages but now no nation except Britain was associated.

## Draft Press Law To Be Discussed By Cabinet

KABUL, June 10.—The draft of the Press Law was presented to the cabinet council yesterday by the Ministry of Justice.

The draft was prepared by a commission and forwarded to the Ministry of Justice, which after studying it has made some amendments to it.

The cabinet council will discuss the draft at its next meeting.

## His Majesty Receives Afghan Students In Paris

KABUL, June 10.—While in Paris, His Majesty the King received the Afghan students studying in different parts of France at the Afghan Embassy.

His Majesty talked to them on development of the country, future of young people, and their responsibilities.

The students were introduced to Her Majesty the Queen too.

## Afghanistan, Finland To Raise Diplomatic Status

KABUL, June 10.—A communiqué issued in Kabul and Helsinki today states:

On the basis of the friendly relations existing between the Royal Government of Afghanistan and the Republic of Finland and further to promote friendly ties between the two countries, Afghanistan and Finland have decided to raise their diplomatic status from legation level to ambassadorial level. Afghan and Finnish Ambassadors in Moscow will serve as ambassadors to Helsinki and Kabul.

## S. Korea, S. Vietnam Unlikely To Be Invited To Algiers

PARIS, June 10, (AP).—

A SPOKESMAN for the Algerian Embassy said yesterday that probably neither South Korea nor South Vietnam will be invited to attend the Afro-Asian Conference, which opens in Algiers at the end of this month.

Algeria, as host country, is handling the advance preparations for the meeting under the direction of a committee of 15 ambassadors who have been designated to do the conference spadework.

The embassy spokesman pointed out that the Afro-Asian Foreign Ministers, who meet June 24 for five days in advance of the scheduled summit conference, will have the last word on invitations. Hence, the exclusion of South Korea and South Vietnam will not become official until then.

But neither the South Koreans nor the South Vietnamese are on the original list of invited nations, and it would require some action by the Foreign Ministers to reverse the situation. This is believed to be most unlikely—especially since neither South Korea nor South Vietnam will be represented in the Foreign Ministers' sessions. The summit meeting is to open June 29.

The principal invitational issues confronting the Foreign Ministers concern the Soviet Union and Malaysia. The People's Republic of China opposes Moscow's participation and Indonesia opposes Malaysian membership.

The 15 envoys on the committee are from Indonesia, Morocco, Pakistan, United Arab Republic, Tanzania, Algeria, Cambodia, People's Republic of China, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, India, Iran, Zambia and Malawi.

Meanwhile an Algerian delegation headed by Layachi Yaker, Director of Economic Affairs in the Algerian Foreign Ministry,

## Gov. Taraky Addresses Mir Bacha Kot People On New Electoral Law

KABUL, June 10.—Dr. Mohammad Rasoul Taraky, Governor of Kabul, explained the provisions of the Electoral Law to a gathering of officials and non-officials in Mir Bacha Kot woloswalai. He said the law has given full powers to the voters to elect their representatives and the government machinery will not interfere in the elections.

He drew the voters' attention to their legal responsibilities and asked them to take public interest into consideration when casting their votes. They should elect those who have the required qualifications for membership of Parliament so that they can render useful service to the nation.

left for Lagos, Nigeria, to attend a ministerial session of the Organisation for African Unity (OAU).

## Three Give Names As Candidates For Parliament

KABUL, June 10.—According to officials close to the Central Electoral Supervisory Committee three persons have registered their names as candidates for Parliament from Kabul city, says a Bakhtar correspondent.

The officials said the names will be published after legal procedures are gone through.

Under Article 28 of the Electoral Law the Supervisory Committee has to turn over the candidates' applications to the woloswalas for publication after making sure that they meet the required qualifications.

## Voters' Lists Sent To Polling Stations

KABUL, June 10.—Compilation of voters' registers by electoral supervisory committees in Kabul, Nangarhar, Kandahar, Farah, Laghman, Baghlan, Kunduz, Takhar, Balkh, Maimana and Logar provinces has been completed.

The registers were sent yesterday to polling stations to enable voters to check whether their names have been included.



Lists of voters completed by electoral supervisory committees in various provinces and woloswalais throughout the country.

Picture shows a resident of Wazirabad looking for his name in the list displayed at the Dah Sabz polling station.

## Stevenson Charges UN Trying To Downgrade OAS Activities

UNITED NATIONS, June 10, (AP).—

U.S. Ambassador Adlai Stevenson charged Wednesday that the UN Security Council was engaged in a childish effort to downgrade the work of the Organisation of American States in the Dominican Republic.

"Such behaviour by 11 grown men representing the world is positively embarrassing," Stevenson said in a hard-hitting speech before the Security Council.

He was opposing a move by France and some other council members to enlarge the staff of

the five-man UN Mission in Santo Domingo headed by Jose Antonio Mayobre, the special representative of Secretary-General U Thant.

French representative Roger Seydoux suggested that enlargement of the mission would enable Mayobre to carry out investigations of alleged violations of human rights and the cease-fire.

Thant said he would give careful study to Seydoux's suggestion and comment at a later meeting of the Council.

But Stevenson declared that enlargement of the mission would result only in duplication of work being carried out now by OAS officials in Santo Domingo, and delay rather than help achieve a peaceful solution to the Dominican crisis.

He charged that the Council had witnessed efforts by members to delete reference to the OAS in Council resolutions as if the OAS were a threat to the UN. "Isn't this a childish?" He asked. "Surely this great organisation (the United Nations) is not threatened by the members of a regional organisation."

Stevenson compared the action of the Council to that of a "Capricious Actress, Jealous of her reputation."

He said that the Council's role is to maintain peace in the world and such tactics would not contribute either to maintaining peace or resolving the problem immediately facing the Dominican Republic.

In reply to Stevenson, Soviet Ambassador Nikolai Fedorenko declared that the U.S. delegate was playing "the role of a second-rate actor himself."

He asserted that Stevenson was "definitely playing false" in trying to justify the action of "the crimes of the American occupiers" in the Dominican Republic.

## Soviets Sound Out Participation In Algiers Conference

MOSCOW, June 10, (Reuter).—The government newspaper Izvestia last night supported Soviet participation in the forthcoming Afro-Asian Conference in Algiers with the suggestion this would make it "much more influential."

This came as the Soviet Union sounded out the possibility of Soviet representatives being able to take part in the conference. China, which maintains that the Soviet Union is a European power, has expressed strong opposition to its participation in the meeting.

Izvestia commented that the position of many Afro-Asian countries which are in favour of Soviet participation in the Algiers conference is fully justified.

"The governments and public of these countries base their views on the position that the participation of the Soviet Union will make this forum much more influential," it said.

In a statement last autumn the Kremlin indicated that it did not want to make the issue of the participation an embarrassing one for Afro-Asian countries. But more recently Kremlin envoys have been making soundings to determine the degree of support the Soviet Union can expect, according to informed sources in Moscow. The Izvestia article praised Soviet assistance to various countries in the Afro-Asian world.



## KABUL TIMES

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## KABUL TIMES

JUNE 10, 1965

Campaigning For  
Elections

The Afghan press has made copious comments on the principles embodied in the Constitution and given an elaborate analysis of the provisions of the Electoral Law. The time has now come for voters to register their names and for those seeking election to Parliament to declare their candidacy. For Afghanistan this is the first experiment in free elections. So far things have gone very well. We trust that the people of this country are mature enough to ensure that the elections themselves will go off equally well. The elections will be a test of the principles on which the Constitution is based. It will therefore be the national duty of all of us to make a success of them.

With hundreds of thousands of voters registering their names and candidates coming into the field "election fever" may run high. Candidates and their supporters may deliver fiery speeches and to defend what they stand for they may denounce whatever rival candidates advocate. There may be accusations and counter-accusations. In some countries people indulge in what is called character assassination. Rival parties or candidates try to give unwarranted labels to each other in an effort to destroy their influence and reputation. In over countries there may be even violence and bloodshed between rival groups.

We have to, and, we are sure, will, avoid all this, happening in our country since we have started our democratic career in a manner different from all other countries. As has been repeatedly pointed out in these columns, our reform movement has been launched on the basis of mutual accord between our leaders and the people. Neither side has forced the other to give up its rights or tried to obtain special rights. That is why we are confident that electioneering will be conducted here in a peaceful atmosphere. There may be criticism of opposing candidates, but that is an inherent element of the new order we are ushering in. One of the essentials of democracy is tolerance towards the opposition. It is thus obligatory for

## THREE CONDITIONS FOR PEACE

The problems of Vietnam and the Dominican Republic have reinforced America's determination to move forward with "constructive ventures" to aid in the economic and social development of the emerging nations.

Walt W. Rostow, State Department Counselor and Chairman of its Policy Planning Council, emphasized this in a speech prepared for delivery at the University of Miami Tuesday.

"These crises," he said, "have heightened our determination to press forward with those constructive ventures in economic and social development" which alone can move transitional nations toward that "modern and confident nationhood" on which independence must rest.

Stressing that peacekeeping is the "central task of our foreign policy," Rostow said that in discussing America's approach to peace, the "reality of the crisis" in the Dominican Republic and in Vietnam could not be ignored.

In Southeast Asia we face an explicit and thoroughly professional form of aggression concerning which the communist parties of the world have debated for many years," he said.

"Deep in our experience," The State Department official said "is the judgment that there will be no peace to make if aggression in any form is permitted to pay."

He pointed out that the community of nations and the people of the western hemisphere are "moving to respond" to the crisis in the Dominican Republic by "refining and enlarging our common institutions. Peace in Southeast Asia" will also rest on the part of the world community improved peace-keeping institutions," he added.

Rostow cited three "conditions for peace in the world today: aggression must not pay; strong institutions and peace-keeping machinery must be established; and cooperation is needed to remove the causes of economic, political and social instability which attract aggressors."

"We have been trying to meet all three of the conditions for peace where we can," he emphasized "while drawing those countries which now are ruled by communist regimes into peaceful relations with us and others as fast as opportunity may offer."

Discussing prospects for peace with the Soviet Union and China, Rostow said the making of a stable peace with the Soviet Union centres on the issues of German unity and an adequate arms control arrangement.

It may well take some time, Rostow said, "before those responsible for policy in Moscow perceive that it is in their interest to protect the legitimate security interest of the Soviet Union not by a chance confrontation in the middle of Europe, but by solid European, security agreement and by granting to the German people the right of political self-determination."

He noted that China has not renounced the use of force in the Formosa Straits and pointed to Peking's open encouragement of aggression through subversion and guerrilla warfare. Rostow said U.S. objectives in Asia are "not less pacific" than in Europe and the issues obstructing peace "no less difficult and precise."

It is not possible to promise a "quick and definitive resolution" of issues obstructing the building of a peaceful world community, Rostow said, but he saw no reason to "abandon hope or cease to pursue this large objective."

Besides the Press Law and the Electoral Law we need a host of other laws to regulate the conduct of day-to-day affairs. The existence of comprehensive laws helps a nation to advance on the road to progress and prosperity. With proper laws in existence the nation will not suffer from indecision or wasted time in trying to find solutions for various problems and punishment for various crimes.

The article referred to the law about clearing of accounts with the government. Before this law was enacted people who had dealings with the government had to spend months and even years to clear their accounts. Each government department had to run a separate office for this purpose. But ever since the law was promulgated, work is done much quicker and to the satisfaction of both the government and the people. The government can now save the money which was formerly allocated to staff the accounts clearing offices. The staff in these offices can be reduced considerably.

The article suggested the promulgation of new legislation to prevent overcharging in bills. This is necessary because the problem affects the people directly and immediately. The law should have clear-cut provisions as regards defaulters and efforts should be made to provide adequate machinery for their efficient enforcement. The Ministry of Justice should open a judicial branch in all municipal offices for the enforcement of this law. It is through such measures that democracy can be strengthened and the security of all assured.

Yesterday's Anis carried a comment by "Mars" on the import of obscene pictures. In one of its earlier issues the paper had called on all businessmen and importers not to import luxury items and obscene pictures. In support of the editorial "Mars" suggested that proper directives should be issued to the customs authorities for the confiscation of such items. There are similar provisions even in some of the advanced countries of the world. But the customs authorities can act under the provisions of some law. We too must have laws clearly defining the course of action to be taken against those who try to import or smuggle obscene pictures.

In the meantime, said "Mars," the daily-Anis can take the lead by discouraging the sale of nude and semi-nude pictures at its own stalls.

The same issue of the paper carried an editorial on "Electoral Etiquette." It said in other countries candidates do use rather harsh language against their rivals. But in our country such language may lead to personal enmity and make us forget the main goal. Candidates should take this into consideration and concentrate on winning votes by convincing the electorate about the positive aspects of their own programmes rather than the faults of their opponents.

The document said reports on the import of arms and equipment seem to indicate that the interpretations in certain of the countries which have embargoed exports of arms and equipment to South Africa do not cover all arms and equipment which may be utilised or sought by the South African government for military and police purposes.

It has been confirmed in South Africa that a tanker, purchased from Denmark by the South African Marine Corporation, was intended for use by the Republic's navy, the report said.

The new cabinet divides the former ministry of economic affairs into four separate ministries. Mohammad Cherkaoui — the King's brother-in-law and former Economics Minister — now holds the post of Development Minister.

Other ministers in the new cabinet are: Ahmed Taibi Bzhima — Foreign Minister, General Mohammad Oufkir — Defence Minister.

The new cabinet includes twelve ministers from the former government. Ten of them have remained in their old posts. Seven ministers are new.

Referring to the role of the opposition in a democracy Dr. Lohia said: "All government goes flabby with the passage of time. To correct the administration from day to day and to change the government and its policies when the time arrives is necessary. There are only three ways to this, namely, revolt, palace or central

all enlightened groups to practice tolerance so that when the elections are over we can forget all conflicts and work to achieve our goals in harmony.

Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, prominent opposition leader and social member of the Indian Parliament now on a visit to Kabul, in an interview with the Kabul Times welcomed the coming elections in Afghanistan.

He said: "I must give full marks to the government of Afghanistan for arranging these elections. Adult suffrage at a single leap and for women in a country where the veil was until yesterday universal is a grand achievement. I know that there are no political parties nor publicised programmes. One might say this is placing the cart before the horse or counting chickens before they are hatched. But I genuinely and sincerely welcome these elections for they might be a totally new thing in human affairs, namely, democracy, and I do not mean basic democracy but real and active democracy through an incubator. "Some persons may be inclined to whittle down the importance of these elections as an attempt to get a democratic facade. I am inclined to look upon them as an effort to breathe new life into the people."

Afghanistan occupies a very privileged position probably unequalled in the world today. It can cock a snook at anybody and that is a first necessity for dynamic non-alignment. Its government or its opposition can propose a policy of real co-existence in the world's councils. What we need today is co-existence built on approximation. Afghanistan is in a peculiar position to further a first item of such co-existence with approximation, that is, to bring the Soviet Union and the United States together in all kinds of joint endeavours.

Dr. Lohia suggested that it would be useful if the Afghan government proposed a half yearly meeting between the Prime Minister of the Soviet Union and the President of the United States. These meetings must take place whether the atmosphere is hot or cold or only pleasantly warm or pleasantly cool. Their chief object should be to remove world poverty and reduce armament and to approximate in all possible ways.

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## PRESS At a Glance

Yesterday's Islah carried an article by Mir Inayatullah Hubab entitled "Democracy and Discipline." In a genuine democracy, it said, crime diminishes because criminals are punished by law and without much hesitation. It is discipline that paves the way for the development of real and stable democracy. This is especially true in countries where a democratic way of life is being introduced.

In Afghanistan, said the writer, we are in a position to develop democracy through legislation and discipline. Some of the laws such as the Electoral Law have already been promulgated and others are under consideration. Under the Electoral Law the electorate will have the freedom to express their views. In a system where elections are held in the interests of the public it is certain that other laws too will be drafted and promulgated in the same manner.

Besides the Press Law and the Electoral Law we need a host of other laws to regulate the conduct of day-to-day affairs. The existence of comprehensive laws helps a nation to advance on the road to progress and prosperity. With proper laws in existence the nation will not suffer from indecision or wasted time in trying to find solutions for various problems and punishment for various crimes.

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Radio Afghanistan  
Programme

THURSDAY

Foreign Services,  
Western MusicUrdu Programme:  
6:00-6:30 p.m. AST 4 775 Kcs on 62 m band.English Programme:  
6:30-7:00 p.m. AST 4 775 Kcs on 62 m band.Russian Programme:  
9:00-9:30 p.m. AST 4775 Kcs on 62 m band.Arabic Programme:  
9:30-10:00 p.m. AST 11945 Kcs on 25 m band.German Programme:  
10:00-10:30 p.m. AST 9635 Kcs on 31 m band.The above foreign language programmes all include local and international news, commentary, articles on Afghanistan, and Afghan and western music.  
WESTERN MUSIC  
Daily except Friday 1:05 p.m.—1:30 p.m.  
Friday 12:30 p.m.—1:00 p.m.  
On short wave 41 m band.

## Air Services

FRIDAY

Kandahar-Kabul  
Arrival-1000  
Peshawar-Kabul  
Arrival-1050Khost-Kabul  
Arrival-1330  
Kabul-Peshawar  
Departure-0830Kabul-Tehran-Beirut  
Departure-1100  
Kabul-Khost  
Departure-1100Beirut-Tehran-Kabul  
Arrival-1420  
Mazar-Kunduz-Kabul  
Arrival-1435Kabul-Kunduz-Mazar  
Departure-0845  
Kabul-Kandahar  
Departure-1330New Delhi-Kabul  
Arrival-1210  
Kabul-New Delhi  
Departure-1300Peshawar-Kabul  
Arrival-1105  
Kabul-Peshawar  
Departure-1145INDIAN AIRLINES  
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Departure-1300Peshawar-Kabul  
Arrival-1105  
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Departure-1145Bakhtar News Agency  
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Aeroflot 22300  
AETCO 24550-21504  
TMA 22255  
PIA 22155-22855-22866  
CSA 21022  
KLM 20987  
Iranian Airways 24714-21406  
Indian Airlines 22527  
BOAC 20220Fire Brigade 20121-20121  
Police 20507-211 22  
Traffic 20159-24041  
Radio Afghanistan 24883  
New Clinic 24272  
D'Afghanistan Bank 20045  
Pashany Tejaraty Bank 22092  
20703  
20502Bakhtar News Agency 20413  
Afghan National Bank 21771  
Airport 22318Ariana Booking Office 24731-24732  
22501Lufthansa  
Aeroflot 22300  
AETCO 24550-21504  
TMA 22255  
PIA 22155-22855-22866  
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World exhibitions of photography have become a passion of West German exhibition organisers and visitors alike. The best shots taken by press photographers from all over the world, the most effective photos of other professional

camera artists and the best amateur photographs have thus been collected and displayed. This photo, symbolising a photographer's hard job in humorous fashion, is exhibited at the "IFA 1965" and was

taken by Cologne photographer Ingwald Janza. The exhibition recently opened in Hamburg. It will then travel to Munich and will also be shown in a number of other West German cities.

Marastoon Seeks To Train Poor  
To Resume Useful Place In Society

Marastoon is the Dari name for the Institute for the Needy. There are at present, two established Marastoons in Afghanistan, one in Kabul and the other in Kandahar. Three others, in Mazar-i-Sharif, Herat and Jalalabad have recently been started.

The Kabul Marastoon was started in 1930 under the Prime Minister's office and was taken over by the Red Crescent Society in 1964. It is located just off the road to Spozhni cafe.

At present, 300 people live there. They include poor families, physically and mentally handicapped patients, and orphans.

The facilities at Marastoon are varied according to the needs of the inmates. Families live in small houses of one or two rooms. The children are housed in a brand new modern dormitory and the mental patients live in another building. Everyone is given food, clothing and free medical care. There is a doctor and a medical hospital on the premises.

The requirement for entrance into Marastoon is inability to support oneself. The programme there is aimed at helping these people so that they can eventually leave the institute and resume a useful place in society.

The small children are cared for in a nursery kindergarten. They play games and learn basic habits of cleanliness and health. Often they are taken for short trips in the vicinity of Kabul. The older children are sent regular to Kabul schools every day. Higher education is encouraged and it is hoped that many will continue at the university.

There is a re-training programme with workshops in handicrafts, tailoring, shoemaking and carpentry. Besides teaching skills, these activities help the people earn extra money and thus to feel useful again. The women make a set of seven kitchen towels with the days of the week embroidered in Dari on them. These are available at Marastoon for Af. 150 per set. Knitting machines have been donated by the Volunteer Women's Society and there are plans to produce items for sale with them.

In 1964, when the Red Crescent Society took charge of the Marastoon, a five-year plan was inaugurated.

The Society hopes to work in closer co-operation with the police and with the Municipality to get beggars off the streets and into Marastoon. At present, this is not forced to go. Also, it is hard to distinguish between profes-

sional beggars and those really involved if they can remain at home.

In addition to this, there are plans to expand Marastoon to meet increasing needs. A large centre at the present site, which will include a large hospital, new dormitories, a cinema and a swimming pool, is planned. The new children's dormitory and a new bath house have already been erected as part of this plan. An increased staff is also needed especially a resident psychiatrist to work with the mental patients.

Among the mourners were the Academy award winner's colleagues, including directors, producers, actors, actresses and stagehands. Fans also attended.

They heard Dr. Algernon Black, President of the Ethical Cultural Society of New York, described the stage and screen star as one who had "given more of a sense of honour" to the world of the theatre.

He said Miss Holliday, who once scored 172 in an intelligence quotient test, brought a fine intelligence to the theatre and was a person who had integrity, grace and a love of people.

But Jose Mora, added that the OAS would not leave the Caribbean island republic in the lurch. He said the OAS would continue to seek solution fair to all parties—including the conservatives and the rebels.

Mora said that a government of experts—Independent both of "conservative" leader General Antonio Imbert Barrera and "rebel" leader Colonel Francisco Camacho Dena—was needed.

He said one of the troubles of the Dominican Republic was the result of 31 years of dictatorship of Rafael Leonidas Trujillo.

Mora said another reason for the Dominican crisis was the multitude of parties existing there.

The Council of the Organisation of American States last night decided on forming a preliminary fund of \$200,000 for the stricken Dominican Republic.

The Council also confirmed that the inter-American conference—postponed several times—would be held on August 4 in Rio de Janeiro.

The conflict between the conservative "Junta" and the rebels in the Dominican Republic is expected to be one of the focal points of the meeting.

Also to be discussed is the U.S. proposal to form a permanent peace-keeping force for Latin America.

Balloon Brings  
Bicycle To Italian  
From Hungarians

VIENNA, June 10, (DPA).—A 13-year-old Italian girl tied a note to a balloon and let the balloon soar away.

The note said that she had a long way to go to school and needed a bicycle.

The balloon landed on a co-operative in Hungary and pretty soon young Maria Concetta Ferri of Asolo got word that she'd have her bicycle.

The Hungarian co-operative workers said they buy it for her. They also invited the Italian girl to spend her summer vacations in Hungary.

Final Tribute Paid  
To Actress Holliday

NEW YORK, June 10, (AP).—The U.S. theatre world paid its final tribute Wednesday to Judy Holliday, the actress who won stardom as the dumb blonde in "Born Yesterday."

More than 350 persons attended services of her in a funeral home and about 100 others tried to get in, unsuccessfully.

Among mourners were David Oppenheim, her ex-husband, Sydney Chaplin, who played opposite her in "Bells Are Ringing," and jazz saxophonist Gerry Mulligan, with whom she recently had been writing lyrics.

Miss Holliday died Monday of cancer. She was 41. Holding back tears during the 26-minute, non-denominational service were Miss Holliday's son, Jonathan, 12, and her mother, Mrs. Helen Tuvin.

Among the mourners were the Academy award winner's colleagues, including directors, producers, actors, actresses and stagehands. Fans also attended.

They heard Dr. Algernon Black, President of the Ethical Cultural Society of New York, described the stage and screen star as one who had "given more of a sense of honour" to the world of the theatre.

He said Miss Holliday, who once scored 172 in an intelligence quotient test, brought a fine intelligence to the theatre and was a person who had integrity, grace and a love of people.

U.S. Paper Sees Summer  
As Critical In Vietnam

WASHINGTON, June 10, (AP).—The Washington Evening Star had these editorial comments Wednesday on the use of U.S. troops in South Vietnam:

"From now on American troops are to be authorized to engage in combat operations along with Vietnamese forces when and as they are needed. This is another indication that the war on the ground has entered a critical phase and is another sign of American determination to make whatever commitment may be necessary to prevent a Viet Cong military victory in coming months (there is no reason to assume that the present limited schedule of air attacks is without deterrent effect on the Hanoi government. The fact that it has not succeeded yet does not mean that it has failed. There are many indications that the Viet Cong realize time is running out and are gambling heavily on a decisive military victory on the ground before it does. The time for critical decisions—in both Hanoi and Washington—will come after the critical summer months."

Free Exchange Rates At  
D'Afghanistan Bank

KABUL, June 10.—The following are the exchange rates at the D'Afghanistan Bank expressed in Afghani per unit of foreign currency.

Buying Af. 72.00 (per U.S. dollar) 72.50  
Af. 201.60 (per one pound sterling) 203.00  
Af.



## Home News In Brief

KABUL, June 10.—Jamil Wafi, the Turkish Ambassador in Kabul met Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf last night.

He said that he would soon leave for home and had had talks with the Prime Minister on matters of interest to both countries.

KABUL, June 10.—Mir Mohammad Siddique Farhang, Deputy Minister of Planning, returned to Kabul yesterday after attending the ECAFE conference held in New Zealand and the Conference on Trade and Development in New York. He visited various places of interest in the United States at the invitation of the U.S. government.

KABUL, June 10.—Mir Mohammad Akbar Reza, Deputy Minister of Agriculture and President of the Department of Water and Soil Survey, returned yesterday to Kabul for inspecting irrigation projects in the Kokcha Valley in northern Afghanistan.

He said the repair work on the Sharawan Canal has been completed. The canal irrigates about 25,000 acres of land.

Reza said the foundation-stone of the building for the administration department of the Punjab and River multi-purpose project in Hazrat-Imam woloswalai.

KABUL, June 10.—Khan Abdul Ghafar Khan, the veteran leader of Pakhtunistan left Kabul for Kandahar province yesterday. On the way to Kandahar he was greeted by the Governor and dignitaries of Wardak province.

He spent the night in Ghazni.

## FAO Contribution To Students Discussed By Ministry Of Education

KABUL, June 10.—Distribution of foodstuffs contributed by the World Food and Agriculture Organisation to the students was discussed in a meeting held yesterday at the health department of the Education Ministry.

The organisation began making contributions of wheat, vegetable oils, cheese, powdered milk and tea to the students of boarding schools two years ago and this programme is expected to last another three years.

A representative of FAO also attended the meeting yesterday.

## Ayub, Nasser To Hold Talks On Algiers Meeting

RAWALPINDI, Pakistan, June 10, (AP).—President Nasser of the UAR and President Ayub Khan of Pakistan will have important discussions on the forthcoming Afro-Asian conference in Algiers and other matters, Pakistan Foreign Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto said Wednesday.

He told newsmen Ayub's Cairo meeting with Nasser June 14 will be an important one because of the present Middle East and Asian political situation.

He said they will discuss their attitude on the Algiers conference scheduled for June 29.

Ayub will attend the Commonwealth Prime Ministers' conference in London and will later participate in the Algiers meeting.

## Pakistan Arrests, Jails Pakhtunistan Nationalists

KABUL, June 10.—A report from Peshawar, Central Occupied Pakhtunistan says that three residents of Kohat were recently arrested and jailed by the Pakistan government for taking part in nationalistic activities.

The report added that several people have also been arrested in Ahmad Khail village and are under police surveillance.

## U.S. Troops In Vietnam Only For Defence, Johnson Says

WASHINGTON, June 10, (Reuter).—

PRESIDENT Johnson's administration has amended an earlier statement that U.S. forces might go over to the offensive in Vietnam if the Saigon government asks for it.

## Vietnam Villagers Airlifted To Safety By Marines

KHE TRE, South Vietnam, June 10, (AP).—A U.S. marine helicopter squadron evacuated an entire Viet Cong threatened village Wednesday, hauling everything from children with dogs to sacks of rice and bales of tobacco.

A government outpost that protected this village, 33 miles northwest of Da Nang, was overrun two weeks ago and a relief column sent to its assistance was ambushed.

Total government casualties were more than 80 killed and wounded.

Civilian morale plummeted.

The villagers had been forcibly removed from the coastal area 10 miles to the west of Khe Tre more than three years ago by the regime of the late President Diem. They appeared excited and happy when the helicopters from marine helicopter squadron 163 began landings were taken out.

In all, some 2,600 persons and more than 60 tons of personal belongings were taken out.

The villagers, many of them terrified by their first ride on any type of aircraft, were taken to a village five miles from the ancient capital of Hue.

They were to stay overnight there and then be moved by truck to the area they were forced to leave earlier. Since this is also the home of their ancestors, the Buddhists felt a strong urge to return.

The villagers carried everything they had with them, either on their backs, suspended from shoulder poles or in large hand-held baskets. The only exceptions were several bags of seed rice.

## Greek Cypriots Try To Wreck Talks, Turks Say

ANKARA, Turkey, June 10, (AP).—Turkey Wednesday accused Greek Cypriots of trying to wreck Turkish-Greek relations on the eve of bilateral talks on the future of Cyprus.

A foreign office spokesman also claimed Cyprus President Makarios' government is trying to poison the atmosphere of the forthcoming Afro-Asian conference in Algiers.

Referring to Athens press reports which claimed Turkey has asked for 430 square miles of land, either on Cyprus or Greece, in exchange for ENOSIS (Union of Cyprus with Greece), Greek newspapers said the proposal was made by Turkish Foreign Minister Hasan Isik to the new Greek Ambassador to Ankara, Alexander Sgourdeos.

Reiterating a denial of the reports, the spokesman said:

"We want an independent Cyprus and we do not covet anybody's territory, either in Cyprus or Greece."

Isik said Tuesday the Turkish-Greek talks on Cyprus are scheduled to start in the next few days after Sgourdeos presents his credentials to President Cemal Gursel, but Turkish press reports say the talks have already started here.

A statement from the White House yesterday denied there has been a change in the defensive mission of troops in Vietnam. It said their primary mission was still to secure important military installations and the defensive areas around them.

The formal statement, approved by the President, tried to counter the widespread belief that U.S. forces were on the point of engaging in a major combat operation against the Viet Cong.

Some 2,000 demonstrators staged a one-mile walk in New York the previous night after a mass rally in Madison Square Garden to protest against U.S. policy in Vietnam.

The influential New York Times yesterday accused the Johnson administration of transforming U.S. support for South Vietnam under Presidents Eisenhower and Kennedy into an "American war against Asians."

According to AP Viet Cong Wednesday threatened it would call for international help if American troops fight alongside government forces in the Vietnam war.

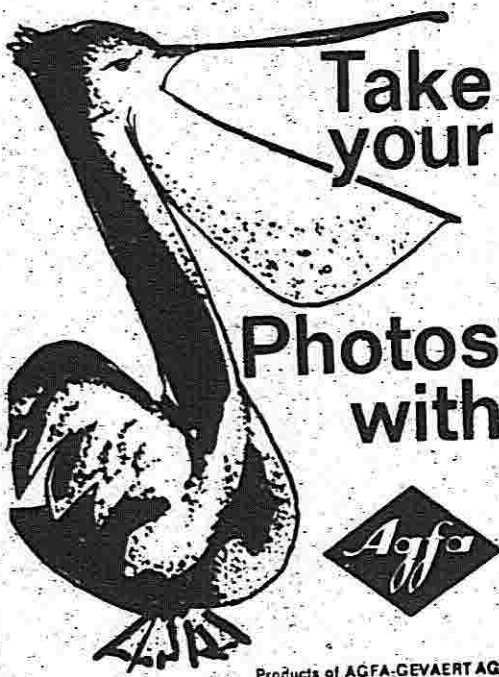
"If the U.S. government gives itself the right to order the U.S. troops to take part in fighting in South Vietnam, the Viet Cong can also give itself the right to call when necessary for volunteers from the armies of North Vietnam and of friendly countries to go south to oppose U.S. aggression," it said in a statement carried by Hanoi Radio.

Hanoi Radio said the statement was released Wednesday by a spokesman of the liberation front. The statement commented on a U.S. State Department declaration Tuesday that the U.S. military command in South Vietnam has been authorized to send American troops into combat alongside Vietnamese forces if such "combat support" is requested by South Vietnam. This was interpreted by some as opening the way for American troops in Vietnam to go on the offensive.

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## Gagarin Sends Congratulations To Gemini Crew

ABOARD THE WASP, June 10, (AP).—America's two Gemini astronauts received a congratulatory telegram Wednesday from the first man ever in space, Soviet cosmonaut Yuri Gagarin.

Gemini command pilot James McDivitt, reading the message in translation from the Russian, said: "Isn't that great?"

The message was addressed to command pilot McDivitt and said:

"We send you our congratulations after the success we witnessed of the spaceflight of ship Gemini 4."

"We express hope that spaceflights will be to serve the world and make progress for humanity."

Gagarin's pioneering space flight was one orbit long on April 12, 1961.

With home just over the horizon and McDivitt on the eve of his 36th birthday, the ship was due to dock at Mayport, Florida, at 8:15 a.m. (1315 GMT) Thursday. The U.S. navy declared the Mayport docking facilities open to the public. Sightseers will get a brief view of astronauts McDivitt and Edward White as they transfer to a waiting plane for the flight to Houston and their families.

## Shastri To Meet West German Minister

BONN, June 10, (Reuter).—Dr. Ludger Westrick, West German Minister for Special Talks, will greet the Indian Prime Minister, Lal Bahadur Shastri, during his brief stop at Frankfurt Thursday on his flight from Cairo to Ottawa to begin an official visit to Canada.

A government spokesman said Dr. Westrick, Chancellor Ludwig Erhard's right-hand man, would review international questions with the Indian leader.



## PARK CINEMA:

At 2:30, 5:30, 8, 10 p.m. New American film PAUL NEWMAN is "HUD".

## KABUL CINEMA:

At 1:30, 4:30, 7 p.m. Indian film DUNYA JAKTIHE.

## BEHZAD CINEMA:

At 2, 5, 7:30 p.m. Russian film ZABK with Tajiki translation.

## ADVTs.

## Secretary Wanted

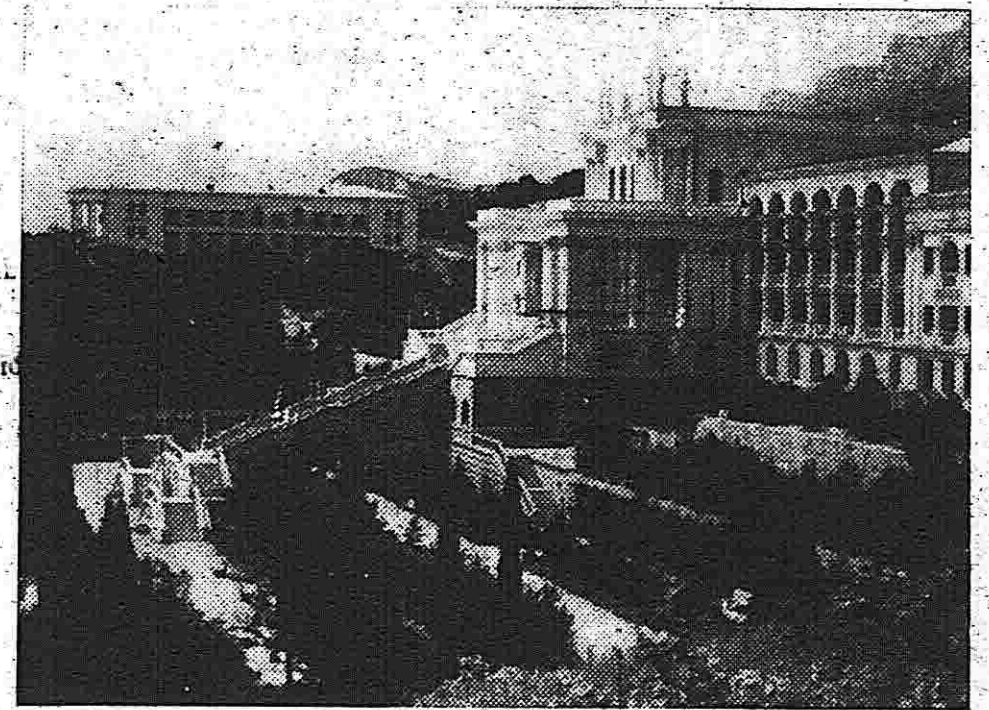
German and shorthand essential, English wanted but not required. Please apply to HOCHTIFE Tel. 22208

## INTERNATIONAL CLUB

Friday, June 11, 10 a.m. Pentathlon Sports 3 p.m. Tennis Match. Germans and British, 8 p.m. Horse Racing. Non-members Af. 50. Saturday June 12th 7 p.m. Dinner, Dance, Black Tie, members and their guests only.

## Fashion Show

The American Women's Association will present "5,000 Years of Fashion", Saturday, June 19, at the American Embassy Residence. Tea will be served at 5 p.m. with the Fashion Show following. Tickets are Af. 100 and can be obtained from the reception desk at the U.S. Embassy, Personnel Office at USAID, and ASTCO. Men are welcome.



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