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Kabul Times (August 28, 1965, vol. 4, no. 127)

Bakhtar News Agency

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THE WEATHER

Yesterday's Temperature
Max. +32°C. Minimum 13°C.
Sun sets today at 6:27 p.m.
Sun rises tomorrow at 5:24 a.m.
Tomorrow's Outlook: Clear

KABUL TIMES

NEWS STALLS

Kabul Times is available at:
Khyber Restaurant; Kabul
Hotel; Shar-e-Naw near
Park Cinema; Kabul Inter-
national Airport.

VOL. IV, NO. 127

KABUL, SATURDAY, AUGUST 28, 1965. (SUNBULA 6, 1344 S.H.)

PRICE Af. 2

Voting For Meshrano Jirgah Begins; Committee Calls On Public To Use Right Freely

KABUL, August 28.—

REPORTS by Bakhtar correspondents in the provinces say that elections to the Meshrano Jirgah began under the supervision of the Election Committees Thursday.

The polling will continue until elections start for Wolesi Jirgah on Sept. 10. However polling in one district cannot exceed 5 days. Election of candidates in Kabul, Kandahar and Herat is scheduled to begin September 3rd.

On the basis of the Electoral Law, one member from each of the 28 provinces in Afghanistan will be elected to the Meshrano Jirgah.

The Central Committee for Supervising Elections described Thursday, the beginning of the elections, as "a most delicate stage and the responsibilities of the Supervisory Committees as a national and historical obligation."

The announcement said that voters must not allow anyone, under any designation or name, to instruct them about casting or not casting their votes in favour of certain or specified candidates.

The announcement said that no voter should be compelled to vote against his inclination for a candidate or to create an obstacle to voting in favour of a candidate. The communiqué said that the value of all votes were equal and no voter was bound to follow the views of others.

In another clarification regarding elections to the Meshrano Jirgah, the Committee said that in accordance with the provisions of Article 45, paragraph 2, subparagraph (b) of Afghanistan's Constitution and Article 3 of the Electoral Law, one-third of the members of the Meshrano Jirgah will be elected this year; for this

pur each province will be recognised as one constituency. Under the provisions of Articles 15 and 32 of the Electoral Law, the provincial governor concerned is to establish one or more polling centres in each constituency at least 15 days before the elections; the establishment of such a centre of centres is then announced.

Also the Chairman of the Central Election Committee in a communiqué announced that in accordance with Article 19, 40 and 41 of the Electoral Law candidates for election to the Wolesi Jirgah (House of the People) and the Meshrano Jirgah (House of the Elders) must be present in person or through a legally appointed proxy during the polling and also when votes are counted.

If the candidate does not exercise this right, action in matters requiring the presence of his proxy will be taken in his absence.

Deputies Fight In Greek Parliament

ATHENS, Aug. 23, (Reuter).—Fist fights and uproar broke out in the Greek Parliament Friday night as the government of Elias Tsirimokos battled for survival.

Debate on a confidence motion was suspended for 10 minutes when deputies from the two main parties, the Centre Union and the National Radical Union, clashed in a melee in the middle of the chamber.

The clashes followed sharp verbal exchange between several deputies of the two parties who started a fight.

Other deputies from all parties separated the opponents and at one time 30 gesticulating members joined the melee.

At the same time in the centre of Athens, 5,000 anti-government demonstrators dispersed quietly after a march to the main square. Workers among them demanded the release of trade unionists arrested in riots last Friday night.

As Parliament debated a crucial confidence vote, anxious politicians openly predicted that this government—like the last—would have only a short life.

Tsirimokos is expected to wind up the debate when Parliament convenes this morning (about 0900 GMT).

The vote of confidence will then be taken.

Defeat would be a damaging setback for 25-year-old King Constantine, a key figure in the long political crisis. This was his second attempt to form a stable government to replace the fallen regime of ex-Premier George Papandreou. The first failed.

The Papandreou government collapsed after Papandreou and the King clashed over the Premier's intended purge of right-wing elements in the army.

Papandreou, leader of the majority Centre Union Party, has called for general elections to decide the issue beyond doubt.

KABUL, Aug. 28.—Leaders of the Kakar Tribal Union in a message have congratulated Their Majesties the King and Queen, Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf and the Afghan nation on the 47th anniversary of Afghanistan's independence. They have also expressed their gratitude for the support given by the government and people of Afghanistan to the rights of the people of Pakhtunistan.

He Votes Alone, As He Wants



A citizen of Chardhi enters the polling booth alone on Thursday to cast his vote for the candidate of his choice to Meshrano Jirgah. Altogether there are 5 candidates running for Meshrano Jirgah in Kabul Province.

Nasser Calls U.S. Attacks On N. Vietnam "Agression"

MOSCOW, August 28, (AP).—

PRESIDENT Gamal Abdul Nasser of the United Arab Republic Friday called U.S. attacks on North Vietnam "aggression which arouses the indignation of world opinion". Tass reported.

Nasser spoke at a banquet in his honour on the first day of his five-day stay in the Soviet Union. He reportedly came with a new peace plan for Vietnam.

"The possible dangers threatening the peoples of the world have not been removed", the Soviet news agency reported Nasser saying. "Among these is the danger of a return to the policy of strength, an instance of which is the open and daily attacks on North Vietnam."

Tass also reported that Nasser said the United Nations is suffering from paralysis and called for the admission of the People's Republic of China.

"Those who believe in peace on a firm foundation and would like to heal the UN from its ailments were stunned by the so-called financial crisis, which threatened the very existence of the UN," Nasser continued, according to the Soviet news agency.

Tass also reported that relations between his country and the USSR are "developing along the lines of positive, effective and creative co-operation in many areas."

Leonid Brezhnev, speaking at the Kremlin dinner, said that the new visit by the President of the UAR was regarded in the Soviet Union "as another important and remarkable step along the road of developing friendly relations between the USSR and the UAR."

"Our relations with the UAR," Brezhnev said, "embrace virtually all major spheres of traditional interstate relations between

Royal Audience

KABUL, Aug. 28.—The Department of Royal Protocol announces that His Majesty the King granted audience to the following during the week ended August 26.

General Khan Mohammad, Minister of National Defence; Dr. Abdul Kayyoom, Minister of Interior; Major-General Mohammad Azeem, Minister of Public Works; Dr. Abdul Samad Hamid, Rector of Kabul University; and Abdul Karim Hakeemy, Governor of Helmund Province and Chief of the Helmund Valley Authority.

Craft Will Decide

Today If Gemini-5

Will Continue

HOUSTON, Texas, Aug. 28, (AP).—Flight Director Christopher Craft was to say at 1100 GMT today whether the U.S. space capsule Gemini-5 will continue its flight for the full eight days planned.

Astronauts Gordon Cooper and Charles Conrad will have completed their 187th orbit of the earth by that time.

The astronauts reported Friday they were still and cramped from their long confinement in the spacecraft.

Temperatures fell to below freezing in the cabin overnight, but the men remained comfortable at room temperature in their insulated space suits.

Command pilot Cooper said he slept eight hours of the previous night but was "still sleepy."

However, he and Conrad showed in their conversation with mission control that they were alert, in good spirits, and determined to complete the full mission.

Difficulties with the spacecraft's attitude control (steering) system, and the steady accumulation of water being produced as a by-product of the electricity-main fuel cells were the main problems.

Until Friday night, the astronauts had compensated for the failure of four of the attitude control jets by permitting Gemini-5 to drift in tumbling flight.

They adjusted the water problem by cutting down to a minimum the use of electric power.

When power is not produced, no water accumulates in the storage tank of the fuel-cell units.

Neither the astronauts nor ground controllers know precisely how much water is in the tank. If it fills beyond capacity, it will overflow and knock out the fuel cells.

There was no danger to the astronauts, however, because they carried separate storage batteries with enough power for about nine hours—enough time to deploy recovery ships and to bring them down.

Flight director Craft said Friday: "We are doing everything we can to get eight days."

He felt that the major goal of the mission was its value for better understanding the effects of prolonged weightlessness.

For this reason he had curtailed other experiments in the final days of the flight.

Kurashov Dies In USSR

MOSCOW Aug. 28, (Tass).—

Sergei Kurashov, the Minister of Health of the USSR, died Friday after a long illness.

Kurashov, corresponding member of the Academy of Medical Sciences of the USSR, was born in 1910. He acquired medical education in Kazan, specialising in psychiatry. He worked more than 30 years in the Health service and was more than once elected deputy to the Supreme Soviet of the USSR.

Transit Accord

Papers Exchanged With Pakistan

KABUL, Aug. 28.—Instruments of ratification of the transit agreement between Afghanistan and Pakistan were exchanged in Rawalpindi Thursday. The agreement was signed by Mohammad Sarwar Omer, Afghanistan's Minister of Commerce, and Wahid-uzzaman, then Pakistan's Minister of Commerce, in Kabul in February 1964.

The agreement consists of 15 articles and supplements on customs and procedures and transportation of goods by motor trucks.

The agreement has been ratified by competent authorities in both countries and endorsed by His Majesty the King and Field Marshal Mohammad Ayub Khan, President of Pakistan.

The instruments of ratification were exchanged by Noor Ahmad Etamad, Ambassador of Afghanistan, and Ghulam Farouk, Minister of Commerce of Pakistan, Thursday morning.

(Contd. on page 4)

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KABUL TIMES

AUGUST 28, 1965

Foreign Aid For
Third Plan

It is heartening that, as announced by the Minister of Planning in his radio interview before the Jeshan, work has already begun on the drafting of the third economic development plan. Our second five-year plan is coming to an end and it is essential that in drawing the third plan we should use the experience gained from the two previous plans and do our best to avoid the mistakes committed during this period.

To take one instance, the Prime Minister in his speech to the nation on the eve of the Jeshan said that undue optimism was shown about securing foreign aid for implementation of the plan. The amount of assistance expected from foreign sources was much larger than was actually received. The Minister of Planning underscored this point by disclosing that only about 60 per cent of the total aid anticipated in the form of foreign loans and grants was obtained. The Prime Minister also complained that when the second plan was drafted a similar optimism was shown in regard to internal resources.

Afghanistan is one of the few countries which have made the maximum and most effective use of assistance offered either by friendly countries or by international organizations. This has been admitted by many experts in the field of aid to developing countries, including an important United Nations official who visited Afghanistan earlier this year. It is therefore unfortunate that enough assistance is not given to a country which has done its best to utilize the help it receives. While asking for more aid we have at the same time to increase our absorbing capacity. But, as our leaders have declared that we have not received all the assistance expected, it should be taken for granted that the aid to Afghanistan has been below its absorbing capacity.

In any case in drafting the third five-year plan we should

His Majesty The King Addresses Nation During
Forty Seventh Anniversary Of Independence

His Majesty the King addressed the nation during the 47th anniversary of the independence of Afghanistan on Monday.

I wish to congratulate you on the 47th anniversary of our homeland's independence and I wish prosperity and success to Afghanistan in a peaceful and secure world.

Nations, during their history, sometimes encounter difficulties and tribulations which test their powers of resistance. From the day that the forces of colonialism extended their tentacles toward our country, our nation found itself confronted by such a historical test. Blessed be our forefathers who under such difficult circumstances planted their feet firmly and with the help of God and national unity, succeeded in forcing the greatest colonial power of the age to recognise their independence and freedom.

This fact, while it is a source of strength and inspiration for the Afghan nation, also places upon their great obligation upon their shoulders. It is a fact that the Afghan nation has not only survived but has also achieved a great deal in the past. The Second Five-Year Economic Plan of the country is ending, and another begins. Our economic, social, and cultural establishments, especially in agriculture, industry, and commerce, have made significant progress. The right to live in freedom and to develop is a right which we must defend and protect. We must create a prosperous and progressive life for ourselves and for our children. We must build a strong and united nation, capable of defending its independence and freedom.

Last year, all our efforts were directed towards creating a new system through the new Constitution. The formulation of this great national document by the representatives of the nation constituted an important step toward the performance of this historical duty. The government of Dr. Mohammad Yusuf, which, by following the provisions of the Constitution, shoulders enormous and heavy obligations during the interim period, is discharging its duties in an admirable manner.

Afghanistan's foreign policy is

able manner. The Electoral Law, by conceding democratic principles and free, general, secret and direct elections, has been enforced after we endorsed it.

We hope that the noble Afghan nation will realise the importance of its obligations at this delicate juncture and exercise its rights with care and wisdom. After the formulation of the new Press Law our country faces yet another important and delicate test. The law governing judicial establishments and the prerogatives of the judiciary, which was formulated earlier by the caretaker government and enforced with our endorsement, places additional and important obligations upon the shoulders of not only the judicial officials but that each one of these will perform their duties well and in conformity with the provisions of the Constitution.

While these tasks for establishing a new and democratic system in the country were being accomplished, the government's activities in the spheres of international relations, economy and other subjects of national import continue to be constant. The Second Five-Year Economic Plan of the country is ending, and another begins. Our economic, social, and cultural establishments, especially in agriculture, industry, and commerce, have made significant progress. The right to live in freedom and to develop is a right which we must defend and protect. We must create a prosperous and progressive life for ourselves and for our children. We must build a strong and united nation, capable of defending its independence and freedom.

There is no doubt about the fact that increase in the volume of investment in development and reconstruction schemes will create certain difficulties for the general economy and exert a certain amount of pressure upon the State budget; these may continue until development projects become fully productive. But, vigorous measures on the part of the government and cooperation extended by the people can mitigate these.

Afghanistan's foreign policy is

Afghanistan's foreign policy is

following the traditional and unchangeable path of neutrality, non-alignment, friendship with all countries of the world and endeavour for the peace and prosperity of mankind. This policy, rests upon the principle of equality between countries, mutual respect, good-neighbourliness and non-aggression. Afghanistan by its desire to have friendly relations with all countries of the world, expects that all nations of the world may live as friends and with cooperation based upon the principle of amicable co-existence. Since the inception of the United Nations, Afghanistan has considered respect for its Charter as an integral part of its foreign policy and has supported consistently its endeavours to uphold freedom and peace. Afghanistan has also endorsed fruitful cooperation between nations.

Afghanistan appreciates the untrammelled assistance obtained by it from the friendly countries and utilises it to raise the standard of living of the people of Afghanistan and promote international co-operation. World tensions, especially the continuation and intensification of the conflict in Vietnam, are causing grave concern to us. We hope that this problem will be solved through negotiations between all parties involved, in accordance with the wishes of the people of Vietnam, and by respecting its right to peace, independence and unification.

Now that we are renewing the memory of our independence, we are deeply concerned about the people of Pakhtunistan, who are continuing the struggle to win their right to self-determination. The Afghan nation extends, and will continue in future its full support for the struggle being made by its Pakhtunistani brethren and hopes that the right of Pakhtunistan will be achieved in accordance with international justice and the wishes of the people and their leaders.

In conclusion I wish to bless the souls of the fighters and martyrs for the freedom of our homeland and their great leader, His Majesty the late King Mohammad Nadir Shah, and in the name of Almighty God I declare open the 47th anniversary celebrations of Afghanistan's independence.

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PRESS

At a Glance

Yesterday's Anis front-paged an article by a Chinese writer, Shi Swong, on the Afghan-Chinese friendship on the occasion of the fifth anniversary of the signing of the treaty of friendship and non-aggression between the two countries.

A picture depicting His Majesty the King's visit to the People's Republic of China also appeared on the front page.

On page two the paper carried the translation of an article on an American city, Beverly Hills, where, according to the article, there is neither a cemetery nor a hospital because no one dies there and no one is born.

It devoted a special page to women, carrying select articles and features on mode and fashion and interior decoration. Some readers' questions were also answered. One of the letters asked advice on a personal problem.

The problem was something like this. She loved a man some years ago and got engaged to him. The man had to go abroad for higher studies. She waited and was faithful to him all along. Now that he is back he is not the same man any more, the reason being that other interested parties have told all sorts of stories to the effect that she was not faithful to him during his absence.

"I feel very bad and am in pain as to why some people are so snobbish as to deliberately spoil things for others. I have been and still am faithful to the man I love. Can you advise me what to do?" said the letter.

The paper suggested that she tried to establish contact with her fiancé and try to explain her feelings and tried to explain things. He is bound to listen to her and understand.

The same issue of the paper devoted a full page to various fields of economic and constructional activities in the country. The general title of the page was "Afghanistan in Progress". One of the illustrated articles on this page dealt with the activities of the Afghan Construction Unit.

The paper devoted its editorial to the need for enlightened people not to let interested parties and pressure groups interfere with the normal procedure of voting. Now elections for the Meshrano Jirgah have started, said the editorial, and a great many voters are illiterate and subject to illegal approaches and persuasion. It is in our national interest to see that the voters are not influenced, tempted or frightened into voting the way they do not really want to.

When a city becomes as crowded as Kabul is at present because of the people from the provinces who have come to take part in the Jeshan celebrations, disciplinary measures and regulations aimed at smooth operation of traffic and the flow of people are bound to be violated. The provincial people are in most cases illiterate and to them lights and huge crowds and heavy traffic are disturbing factors.

The daily Islah Friday carried an editorial on this subject advising the authorities concerned to play the role of guides and show kindness to the people who may violate minor regulations unknowingly rather than be formal, harsh and unyielding towards them.

Friday's Islah also carried a picture page depicting some of the interesting scenes of the Jeshan celebrations. Another page was devoted to women.

A report on the Nazo kindergarten was one of the features on the page. The kindergarten at present has 350 children. An article on the role of women in Afghanistan also appeared on the page. The article said it is the duty of every enlightened Afghan woman to help in the literacy campaign and in educating other women.

Washington also reaffirmed that it does not regard the "National Liberation Front"—the political arm of the Viet Cong—as an independent party. However, Washington would not object if front representatives participated in peace discussions as part of the delegation from North Vietnam.

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Radio Afghanistan
Programme

SATURDAY

Foreign Services,
Western Music

Arabic Programme:
2:30-3:00 p.m. AST 11945 Kcs on 25 m band
Urdu Programme:
6:00-6:30 p.m. AST 4 777 Kcs on 62 m band

English Programme:
6:30-7:00 AST 4 775 Kcs on 62 m band
Russian Programme:
10:00-10:30 p.m. AST 47775 Kcs on 62 m band

German Programme:
10:30-11:00 p.m. AST 15225 Kcs news, commentary, talks on Afghanistan, and Afghan and Western music.

Foreign language programmes include local and international

Daily from 1:05-1:30 p.m. on short wave 41 m band
Daily except Fridays 10:40 to 10:55 p.m. Western dance music on medium wave only.

Air Services

SUNDAY

Kandahar-Kabul

Arrival-0845

Khost-Kabul

Arrival-1020

Mazar-Kunduz-Kabul

Arrival-1130

Tashkent-Kabul

Arrival-1540

Kabul-Kunduz-Mazar

Departure-0730

Kabul-Khost

Departure-0800

Kabul-Tashkent

Departure-0900

Kabul-Kandahar

Departure-1640

IRAN AIR

Tehran-Kabul

Arrival-0845

Kabul-Tehran

Departure-0940

Prague-Sofia-Athens-Kabul

Arrival-1040

Beirut-Kabul

Arrival-1100

TMA

Beirut-Kabul

Arrival-1100

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Beirut-Kabul

Arrival-1100

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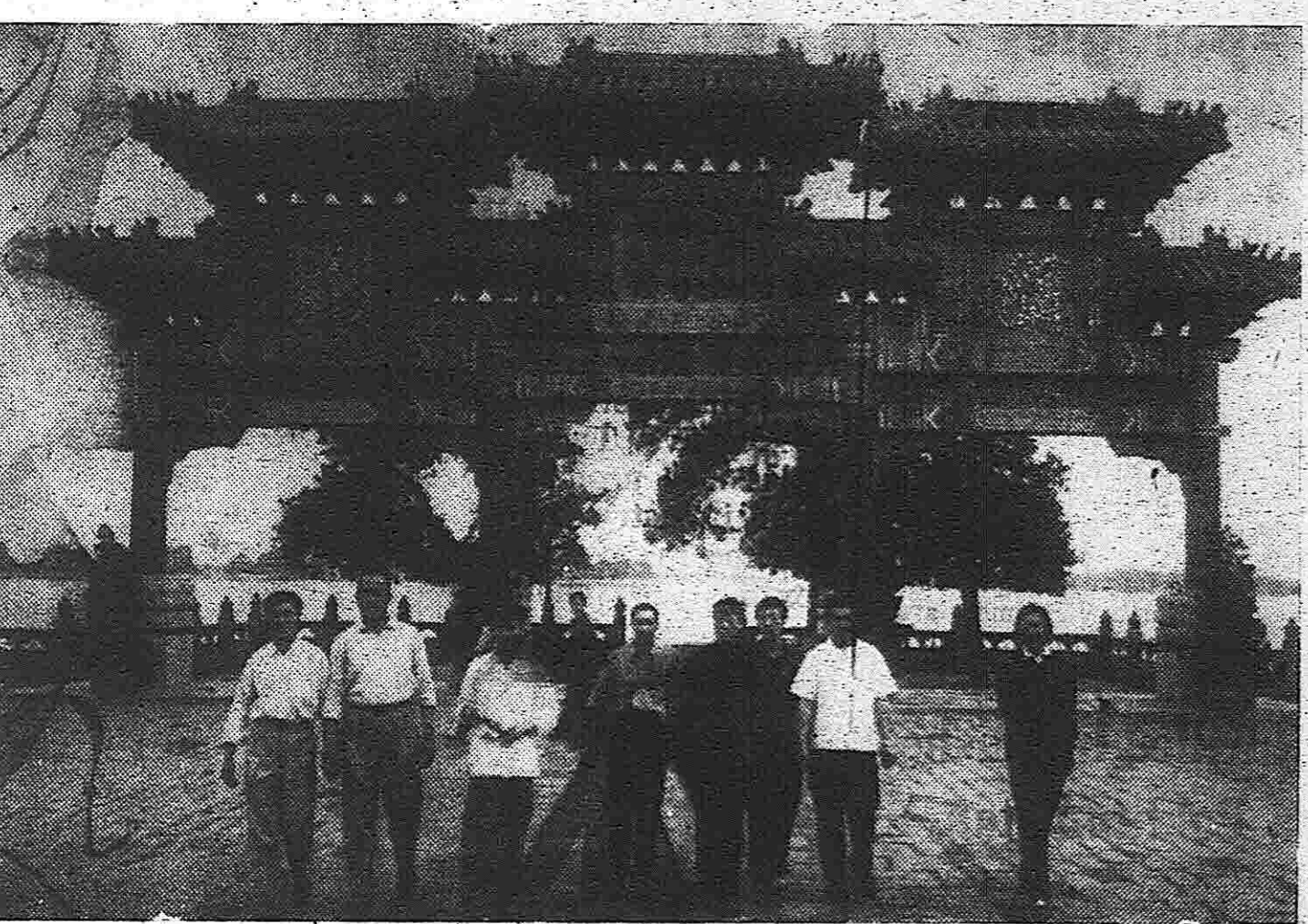
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Beirut-Kabul

AFGHAN STUDENTS IN CHINA



Sayed Sultan Shah Imam (second from right), Ghulam Mohammad Sokhanyar (fifth from right) and Qiamuddin Rayee (second from left) taking a stroll with their Chinese friends at the picturesque Summer Palace, a famous park near Peking University.

Peking University has three Afghan students. Sayed Sultan Shah Imam was a former assistant instructor and Ghulam Mohammad Sokhanyar and Qiamuddin Rayee were graduates from Kabul University.

Since their arrival at Peking University two months ago, these first Afghan students in China have impressed deans and professors as diligent students and are making rapid progress in their studies.

Prior to their enrolment at Peking University, they studied Chinese at the Peking Institute of Languages, a school established

Ten Nations Ask
UN To Debate

Seat For China

UNITED NATIONS, New York, Aug. 28. (AP)—Ten countries, communist and non-communist, formally requested Friday that the question of China's representation in the United Nations be placed on the agenda of the General Assembly as "an urgent and important matter".

The request cleared the way for another full-scale debate on the China representation issue at the 20th session of the 114-nation Assembly, which opens September 21.

It will be the 15th time the Assembly has faced the problem. The question was on the provisional agenda of the 19th Assembly session last year but no action was taken because of the U.S.-USSR deadlock over UN finances.

The Peking government is expected to make its strongest showing yet but U.S. delegation sources have expressed confidence they will be able to hold the line once more.

Sponsors of yesterday afternoon's request were Albania, Algeria, Burundi, Cambodia, the Congo (Brazzaville), Cuba, Ghana, Guinea, Mali and Rumania. A UN explanatory memorandum giving detailed arguments in favour of seating the People's Republic of China will be filed by the group next week.

Two Turks Charged With
Violation Of Election Law

ANKARA, Aug. 28. (Reuter)—The Public Prosecutor here yesterday started court proceedings against two leaders of the Confederation of Turkish Workers in connection with the alleged blacklisting of nine National Assembly deputies.

Confederation Chairman, Seyfi Demireli, and the Secretary-General, Nihal Tunc, were charged with setting against Turkey's electoral laws. Hearings will start in the next few days.

By Chang Hui-Hsien
specially for foreign students studying in China. With an ability to read and write some 5,000 Chinese characters and phrases and to speak Chinese, they entered Peking University this March for advanced studies.

Imam said he was thrilled to learn that he had been chosen to study in China. It was said in Afghanistan that only artistic people could master the art of Chinese calligraphy.

With the help of Chinese teachers he overcame the initial difficulties and made rapid progress. On October 1st last year, when he attended the Chinese national day celebrations at Tien An Men, he understood almost all of the address made by Peng Chen, the mayor of Peking.

Speaking fluent Chinese, Rayee, another Afghan student, is specialising in Chinese language and literature. At the Peking Institute of Languages, hard-working Rayee was twice commended for his outstanding records.

Rayee said he has found many Chinese phrases and expressions have their counter-parts in Afghanistan. "I am studying modern Chinese history. It will help me in my study and will also help me in my work on Afghanistan-China friendship some day," Sokhanyar said.

The three Afghans have established close friendship with the Chinese teachers and students at Peking University in the past two months.

The university has assigned tutors to help the Afghan students. They have well-appointed single rooms in the students' dormitory. Afghan dishes are available at the restaurant.

Kabul Population 1/2 Million,
Recently Held Census Shows

KABUL, Aug. 28.—Census figures show the population of Kabul to be 499,887 with a 132:130 ratio between the male and female population, according to Ghulam Ahmad Popal, Deputy Minister of Interior.

He said the annual increase in Kabul's population is 2 per cent and the number of families in the city totals 70,000. These figures, he said, do not include the cantonment and the dormitories of the Ministry of National Defence.

The survey, which ended on August 8, showed the birth rate in the city to be 4.5 per cent, death rate 2.5 per cent and the average number of persons in a family 6.5.

Popal said that the success of the survey was mainly due to the special attention paid to it by Her Royal Highness Princess Bilquis.

He said the area surveyed was north to Khairkhana Pass, south to Shewaki and Beni-Hissar, east to Puli-Charkhy and west to Kartha Dam.

The area encloses 73,500 dwellings, including houses, garages and shops. He said that detailed information about the census is usually obtained through electrical apparatus on the punching-

naughty child that he "Lets the words enter by the left ear and pass out by the right ear". "The same expression is used in Afghanistan," said Rayee.

A brilliant student with good command of Chinese, Rayee takes detailed Chinese notes during lectures.

Modest and enthusiastic Sokhanyar, the third Afghan student at the university, is studying Chinese history. He said the friendship between Afghanistan and China dates back more than 2,000 years. The world famous "Silk Road" on the Pamirs was a joint project by Afghans and Chinese.

Ancient Chinese travellers wrote valuable material for Afghan historians. Like the Chinese people, the Afghans have waged struggles against colonialism since the 19th century, said the history student.

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Bad Liver Causes

Stomach Ulcers

By Dr. Johann Mauthner

What causes ulcers? Up until a short while ago this seemingly simple question was one of medical research's most difficult problems. It was only known that the dread ulcers can be caused when the stomach produces too much acid. But it remained unclear just how this over-production came into being as well as the additional factors that lead to stomach ulcers. For the frequent diagnosis "too much gastric acid" does not necessarily mean that the patient is well on his way to a stomach ulcer.

West German physician, Professor Friedrich Stelzner has now discovered the primary cause of stomach ulcers. Stelzner, head physician of the Surgical University Clinic in Hamburg, was able to prove in animal tests that each stomach ulcer is preceded by a certain liver disorder.

Past tests have proven that roughly 70 per cent of all patients with stomach ulcers also suffer from liver disorders. This led to the supposition that the considerable changes in the stomach's functions as caused by stomach ulcers also affect the liver. Professor Stelzner was recently able to prove with great certainty that the disorders first occur in the liver and then lead to the formation of stomach ulcers.

One of the liver's many duties is to process the hormone "gastrin" in the back part of the stomach. In such a manner that only a small portion reaches the front part of the stomach via the blood circulation. The liver acts as a chemical scales and determines how much "gastrin" is needed. The surplus amount of the hormone is retained by the liver and chemically dissolved. When a liver disorder occurs during this process, the front part of the stomach receives too much "gastrin" and this in turn can lead to the formation of stomach ulcers.

Professor Stelzner's further conclusions are also noteworthy: a substance is apparently formed in the liver that dissolves superfluous amounts of "gastrin". If this substance could be discovered and chemically isolated, doctors would then have won the most effective means of combating stomach ulcers. They would be able to use this liver substance the same way that insulin is used to combat diabetes. Professor Stelzner was recently awarded the Hamburg University's "Martini Prize" for outstanding medical research for his discovery.

U.S.-Europe Ties Reaffirmed By Rusk; Says No Apologies For Attention To Asia Events

WASHINGTON, August 28, (DPA)—

U.S. Secretary of State Dean Rusk last night reaffirmed Washington's determination to abide firmly by its commitments in Europe.

At a press conference Rusk was asked for his opinion on fears expressed by West German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer that the war in Vietnam attracted Washington's attention so much that it might be distracted from Europe.

Apparently in view of the current West German campaign for the September 19 elections, Rusk did not want to give a concrete answer to that question.

But he expressed his hope that "our friends in Europe" might learn to understand that the United States abides firmly to all its commitments and that it is just for that reason that American soldiers were dying in Vietnam day by day.

The Secretary of State said that American readiness to fulfil all commitments all over the world was of greatest importance to the Europeans whose security was dependent on that readiness.

He emphasised that he did not want to apologise to anyone for the great attention the United States was paying to events in Asia.

As a European he would however pray that the United States pay attention to things in Asia, because in that area there was a danger also for Europe, he added.

As to the diplomatic efforts aimed at exploring a basis for peace talks on Vietnam, Rusk stated he could not say that there had been any reaction from north Vietnam so far which indicated any movement towards peace.

Such probings should however be continued with the assistance of all interested governments and via many contacts throughout the world, the U.S. Secretary of State said.

Transit Accord

(Contd. from page 1)

Present at the ceremony were Azimussabir Kazimi, Commercial Counsellor to the Afghan Embassy in Karachi, and Abdulla Kadir, Charge d'Affaires of Afghanistan in Rawalpindi, Aslam, Deputy Minister of Commerce of Pakistan, and a number of officials of the Pakistan Commerce Ministry.

The parties to the agreement have adhered to its terms and provisions since it was signed in Kabul.

The agreement will be valid for five years beginning from Thursday and will be renewed automatically for another five-year term if neither of the parties cancels it prematurely after giving a six-month notice.

It was in this way that other crises had been solved before, he added.

"Our aeriels are ready to receive a signal from Hanoi at any time," Rusk stressed.

He turned down as an "overstatement" a New York Times report that the U.S. had offered an air raid stop to North Vietnam in exchange for the withdrawal of the 325th North Vietnamese army division from South Vietnam.

31 Killed In Clashes In Pakhtunistan

KABUL, Aug. 28.—Mari and Bugti tribal nationalists of Baluchistan in Southern Occupied Pakhtunistan in recent armed clashes with Pakistani troops are reported to have occupied a town in which five Pakistani troops were killed.

The report from Baluchistan adds that the activities of Baluch nationalists have been intensified and their attacks on Pakistani governmental installations are continuing.

The report said that the nationalists raided the home of Nek Mohammad, a Pakistan government agent, killed him and set fire to the house. Tribal nationalists everywhere have begun an intense campaign and Pakistani establishments near Sibi in the Loralai area and Lasbela are under strong attack. In these raids, two Tehsildars, one police officer and ten Pakistani troops are reported to have been killed and the installations damaged.

The report went on to say that the growing activities of nationalists in Baluchistan have been described as revolutionary and serious by Pakistanis residing in Kalat, Lasbela, Wud, Sohrab, Kahan, Derabugli and Loralai.

According to another report from Southern Occupied Pakhtunistan, the struggle against the interventionist policy of the Pakistan government is continuing in Baluchistan. In a recent incident in the Jhalawan-Sohrab area, Baluch tribal nationalists ambushed a Pakistani convoy and looted it. The nationalists also attacked a motor vehicle carrying government officials in the area killing two of the occupants.

The report added that attacks by the nationalists are being intensified and the nationalists in an attack upon a caravan of camels loaded with arms and ammunition near the Kahan mountains killed ten Pakistani troops and captured the caravan.

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New Movie Theatre Opens

KABUL, Aug. 28.—The new movie theatre built by the Kabul Municipal Corporation on Nadir Pashtun Road was opened on Thursday evening with a show of the American film "Mutiny on the Bounty" and a number of Soviet and American documentaries.

The function was attended by a number of dignitaries. Esmatulla Enayat Seraj, Chief of the Building Department of the Municipality, in a speech said that the two-storey movie theatre was equipped with the most up-to-date equipment and could accommodate 650 persons.

The theatre has modern heating and all other facilities. It was built at a cost of Af. 9.5 million out of the municipal budget.

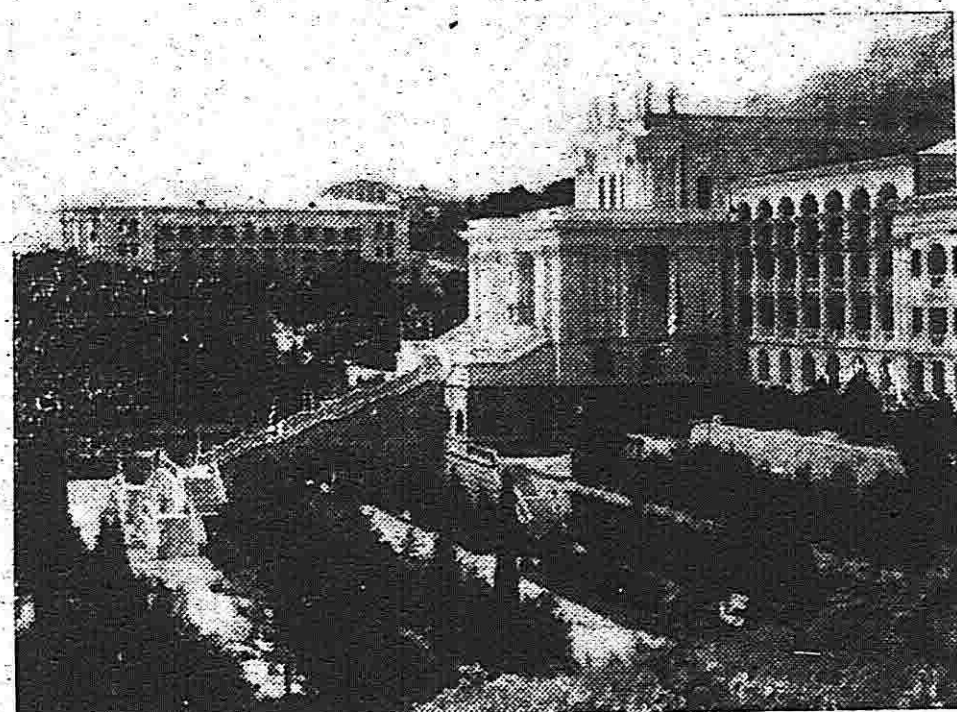
This theatre and Park Cinema will henceforth be administered by a separate department.

KABUL, Aug. 28.—On the fourth day of the Jeshan festival Thursday a number of sports events, watched by large crowds, were held at Ghazi Stadium.

A handball match between Kabul University and the Military Academy ended in favour of the University 5 points to 4. A Ministry of Education team won 66 to 54 in a basketball match with the Peace Corps team. The hockey match was won 1-0, by the team of the Central Garrison.

Premier's Broadcast

The full text of Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yusuf's broadcast to the nation on the "eve of the Jeshan" will be published tomorrow.



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NOTICE

The last and most attractive tent-pegging match will be played today in the Jeshan area (Chaman-i-Hozoori). Tickets will be available at Af. 30.00 at the site.

AT THE CINEMA

PARK CINEMA:

At 2:30, 5:30, 8, 10 p.m. American film **SODOM** and **GOMORRAH** with Dari translation.

ARIANA CINEMA:

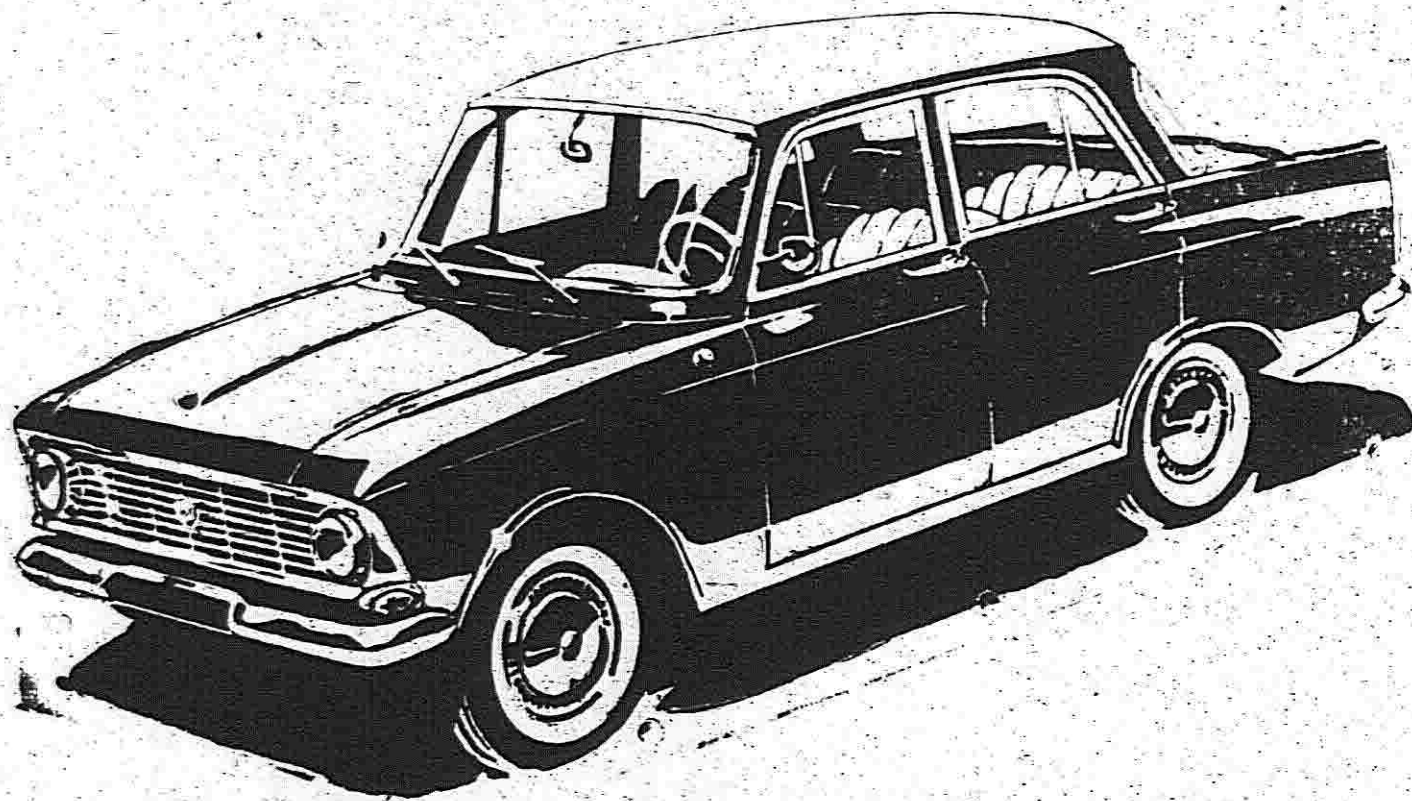
At 2, 5:30, 9 American film **MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY** starring Marlon Bando.

KABUL CINEMA:

At 9 a.m. 1:30, 5:30 p.m. Indian film **SANGAM**.

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