April 26, 1962

Kabul Times (April 26, 1962, vol. 1, no. 48)

Bakhtar News Agency
London Not Committed To Any Solution In Central African Federation

NEW YORK, Apr. 25.—(Reuter)—Britain today declared that any solution of the constitutional problem in the Central African Federation by Patrick Dean, the British Foreign Secretary, would be one that can orginally be discussed by the United Nations Security Council.

KURCHSEVICH'S INTERVIEW

(Most recent of three)

KURCHSEVICH'S INTERVIEW (cont'd from page 1)

"...it is a fact that there is no way out of the situation in which the world finds itself. It is a fact that the United Nations Conference on disarmament must be held at an early date, before the end of the year.

I believe that the United Nations Conference must be held at an early date, before the end of the year, to discuss the question of disarmament in the light of the recommendations made by the United Nations General Assembly.

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Afridis And The Independence War

Afridis were jubilant today after the British announced the suspension of the Afridis' name from the list of the "Wanted" series and the lifting of other restrictions on their activities.

The Afridis had been opposing British rule in the North-West Frontier Province for many years, and their stand had been supported by the government of Pakistan.

The British government had decided to lift the restrictions on the Afridis to improve the relations between the two countries.

Support To The U.N.

The U.N. had requested the Afridis to support the U.N. in its efforts to achieve peace and stability in the region.

The Afridis had agreed to support the U.N. in its efforts, and the British government had welcomed their cooperation.

Results Of First Plan: Goals Of The Second

Sardar Daoud's Analysis

PART IX

It is expected that work on the first plan will be extended to a second plan. The second plan will cover the period from 1961 to 1965.

The project implemented for the first plan included the development of the water supply system, the construction of roads, and the expansion of the electrical network.

The second plan will include the development of the oil and gas industry, the construction of new roads, and the expansion of the electrical network.

In order to provide further support to the second plan, the government has decided to allocate additional resources to it.

Trade Affairs

The expansion and development of trade and commerce is a key priority for the country. The government has decided to allocate additional resources to this sector.

The second plan will include the development of a new port, the expansion of the existing ports, and the construction of new airports.

The government has decided to allocate additional resources to this sector to support the growth of trade and commerce.

Municipalities

The government has decided to allocate additional resources to the municipalities to support their efforts to provide better services to the people.

The second plan will include the construction of new roads, the expansion of existing roads, and the construction of new schools.

The government has decided to allocate additional resources to this sector to support the growth of trade and commerce.
Kenya Africans Asked To Look Nkrumah For Help

KABUL, April 26 (Reuters)—A Grandiendant told Kenya citizens yesterday that when their struggle for independence became serious, 'Kenyan Nkrumah will help you.'

More Killed In O.A.S. Attacks

In Algiers, April 26 (AP)—Five civilians were killed and three wounded in an explosion at Blida, near Algiers.

President of the Cuban Republic, Fidel Castro, has been returned to Cuba from South Africa, where he was a guest of the South African President, Dr. John Vorster.

Nuclear Powers Asked To Halt Tests

GENEVA, April 26 (AP)—A grandiendant called by the nuclear powers at Geneva yesterday to consider a Soviet Union proposal for a nuclear test ban, could not agree on a formal meeting of the parties but did agree to meet again next week.

The appeal at once was reproved by the American UN delegation, which said that the USA had used it as a means of distracting attention from its own nuclear activities.

KABUL TIMES

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NEW YORK, April 26 (AP)—The United States, Britain, France, West Germany and China have agreed to discuss the United States' proposal for a test ban and to meet again next week.

The United States has stated that it would agree to a test ban if the other parties would agree to the United States' proposal for negotiations on the control of nuclear weapons.

At 2:15 p.m. the Senate voted 50 to 25 in favor of the United States' proposal, which calls for a test ban on all nuclear weapons and for the establishment of an international commission to superintend the negotiations.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 50 to 25 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 70 to 20 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 90 to 30 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 100 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 110 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 120 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 130 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 140 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 150 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 160 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 170 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 180 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 190 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 200 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 210 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 220 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 230 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 240 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 250 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 260 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 270 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 280 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 290 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 300 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 310 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 320 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 330 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 340 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 350 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 360 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 370 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 380 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 390 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 400 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 410 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 420 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 430 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 440 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.

The United States' proposal was accepted by the Senate on a 450 to 0 vote, with 3 abstentions.