

Economic Development Data and Applications

Nebraska Department of Economic Development

Nebraska Data Users Conference: Aug 19, 2015



Introduction

- Explore important economic indicators and measures needed to make decisions or forecast the economy
- Provide sources of data
- Discuss basic applications of data



Outline of Presentation

- Key economic indicators and measures and where to find these data
- Application examples
- Links to data sources



Motivation for Indicators

- Economic growth is not a steady phenomena
 - -Periods of above average growth
 - -Periods of negative growth
- Business cycles are measured in terms of economic output, Gross Domestic Product
 - But all economic data is affected by business cycles

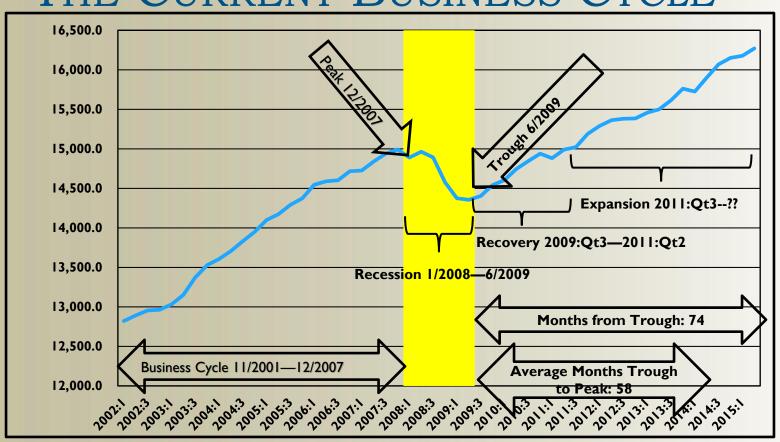


Business Cycles

- Phases of a Business Cycle
 - Peak: high point before drop
 - -Recession: start of drop to trough
 - Trough: low point
 - -Recovery: start of increase to previous peak
 - Expansion: previous peak to new peak



THE CURRENT BUSINESS CYCLE



Source: BEA, NBER Business Cycle Dating Committee



Economic Indicators and Data

 GDP: total value of all goods & services made in the US

Spending on personal consumption (≈67%)

-Spending on Investments (≈17%)

-Exports (≈11%)

-Imports (≈-15%)

– Government spending (≈20%)



Uses of GDP Data

- Best overall indicator of economy's direction
- Businesses use GDP to
 - Develop business plans
 - Make hiring decisions
 - -Forecast sales growth
- Investors use GDP to
 - Refine investment strategies

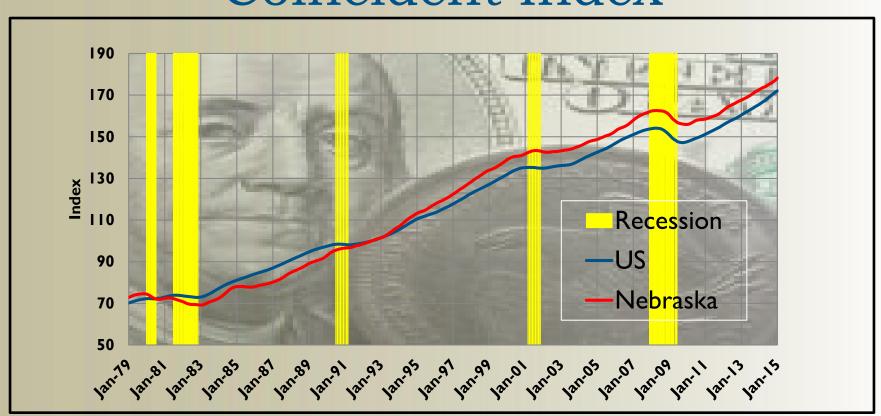


Economic Indicators and Data

- Gross State Product
- GDP is also reported by BEA for each state on an annual basis
- Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia calculates monthly index based on GDP to give early indication of each state's GDP growth.



Coincident Index



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia



Personal Income & Spending

 Personal income is the money received by households before taxes

- Employee compensation	(57.2%)
-Proprietor's income	(8.9%)
-Rental income	(2.8%)
-Dividend and interest income	(15.5%)
- Transfer payments	(15.6%)

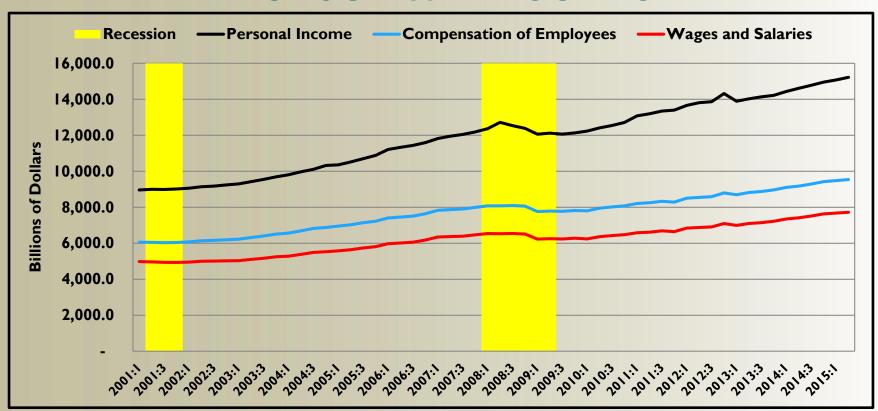


Personal Income & Spending

- Disposable personal income
- Personal spending on goods and services
- Personal savings
- Per capita personal income
- Real personal income



Personal Income



Source: BEA, National Economic Accounts



Uses of Personal Income Data

- Indicator of consumers ability to spend
- Businesses uses
 - Indicator of future demand for goods & services
 - -Indicator financial stress
 - Indicator of increasing or decreasing inflation



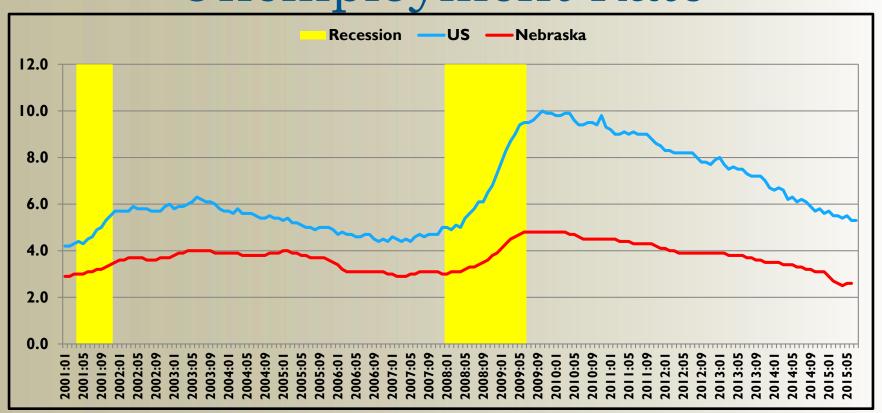
Labor Force Indicators

- Employment Situation
 - Household survey
 - Civilian labor force
 - Unemployment rate
 - Labor force participation rate
 - Employment-population ratio
 - Duration of unemployment

Source: BLS, Dept. of Labor

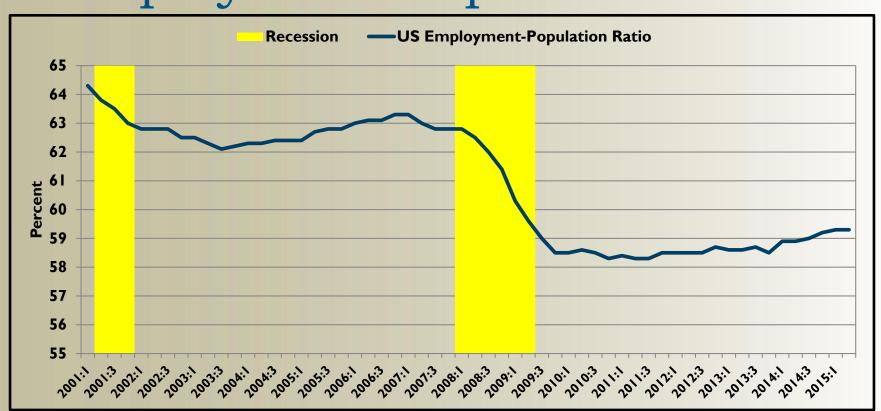


Unemployment Rate



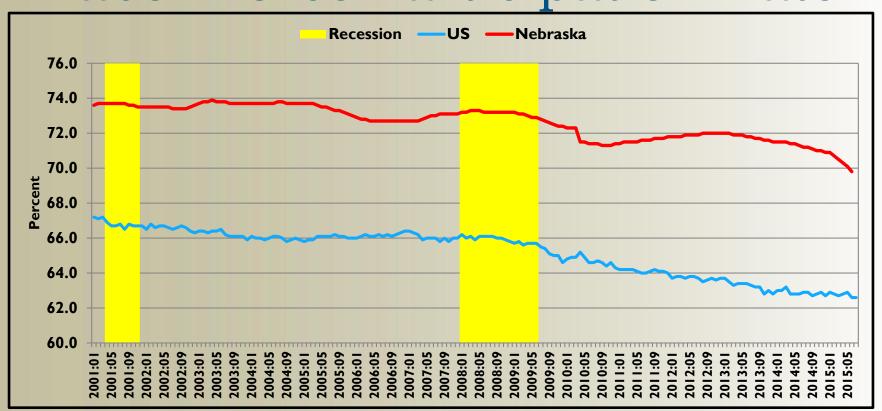


Employment-Population Ratio



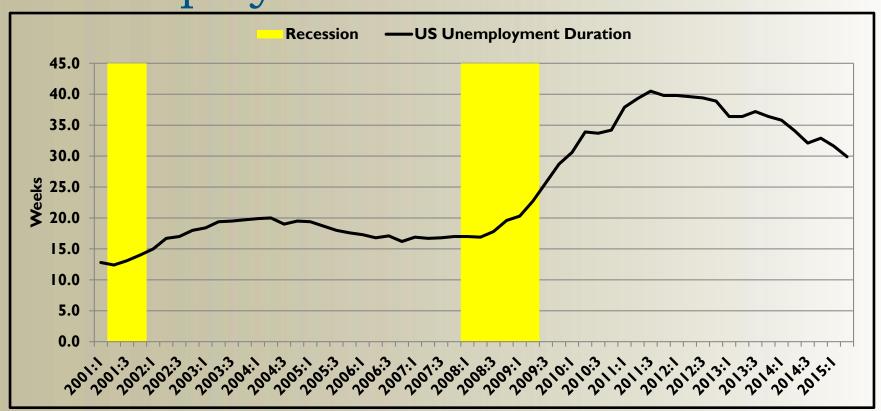


Labor Force Participation Rate





Unemployment Benefits: Duration



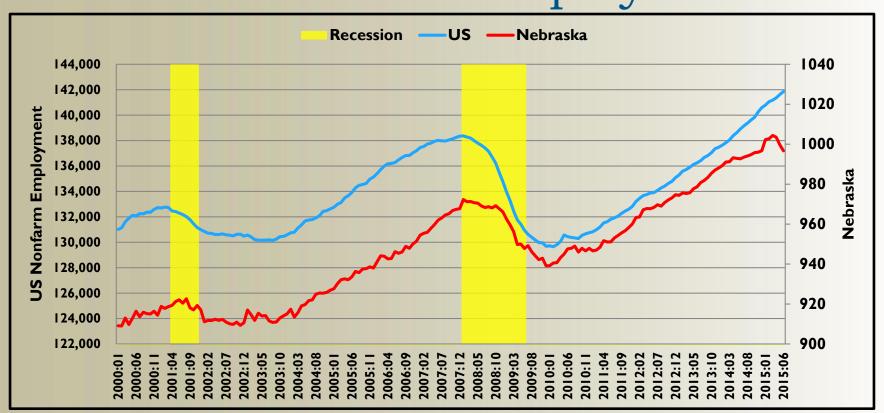


Labor Force Indicators

- Employment Situation
 - Establishment survey
 - Total nonfarm employment
 - Employment by industry
 - Average weekly hours
 - Average hourly earnings

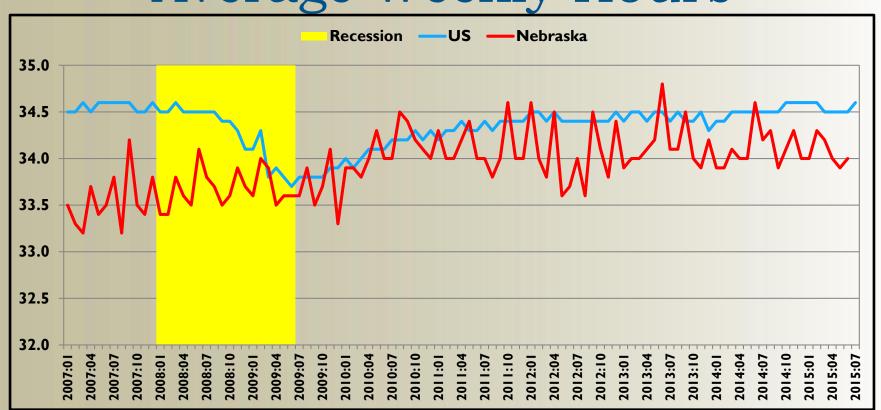


Total Nonfarm Employment



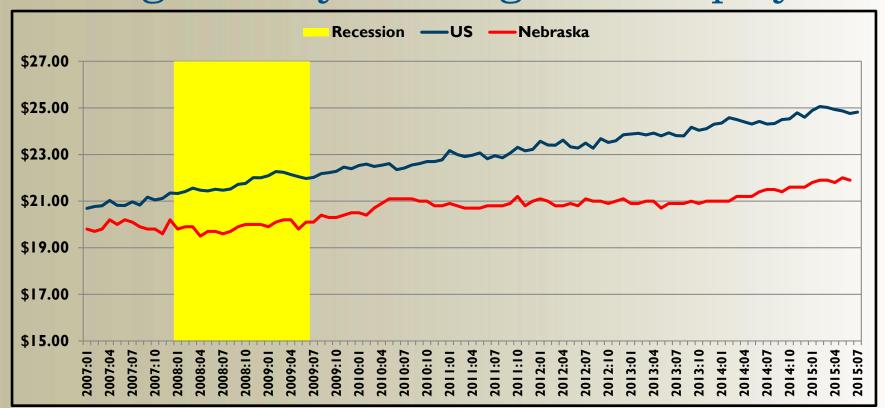


Average Weekly Hours





Average Hourly Earnings: All Employees



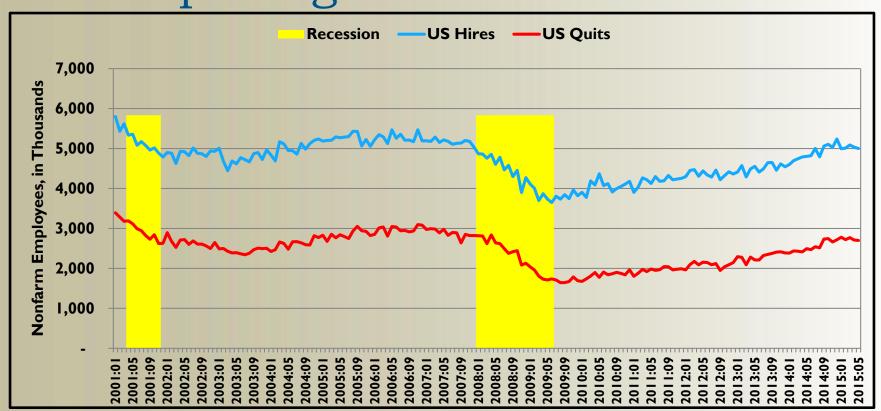


Labor Force Indicators

- Weekly claims for unemployment insurance
 - Number of new filers for unemployment insurance
 - Overall number of workers receiving state unemployment benefits
- Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey
 - -Number of new hires and separations

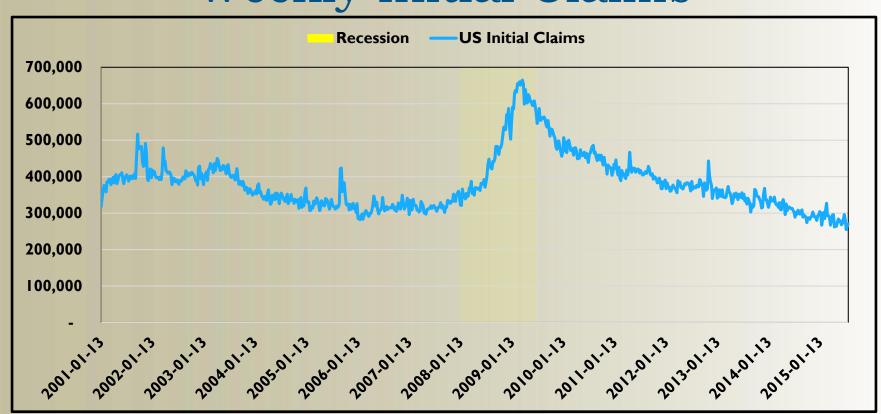


Job Openings and Labor Turnover





Weekly Initial Claims



Source: US Dept of Labor, Employment & Training Administration



Sources of Data

- Nebraska Department of Labor, Labor Market Information
 - -State level data for Nebraska
 - Employment
 - Unemployment
 - Wages
 - Hours

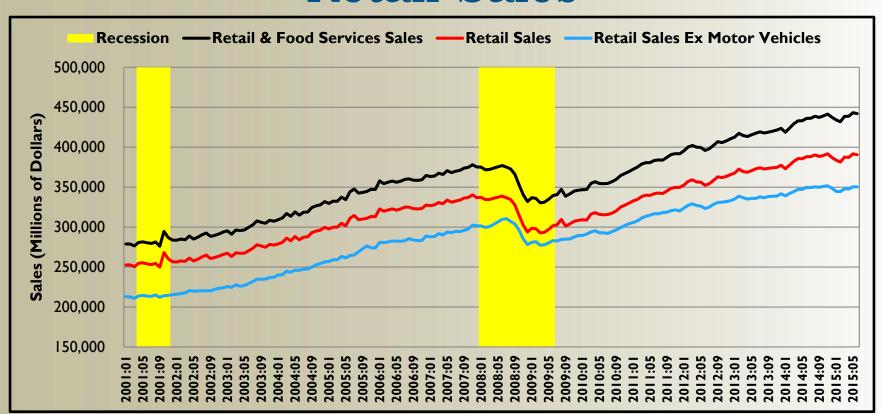


Sales Indicators

- Retail sales
 - -Sales by kind of retail business
 - -Change in sales by kind of retail business
- Nebraska net taxable sales
 - Total sales of all goods subject to Nebraska sales tax
 - Motor vehicle and nonmotor vehicle sales



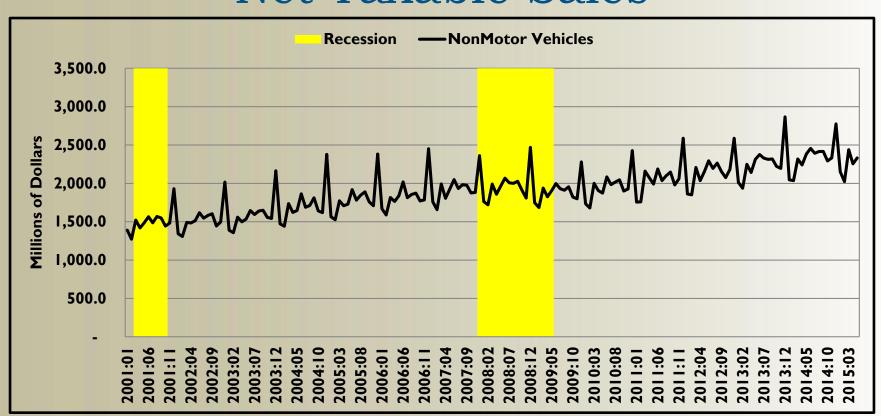
Retail Sales



Source: US Census



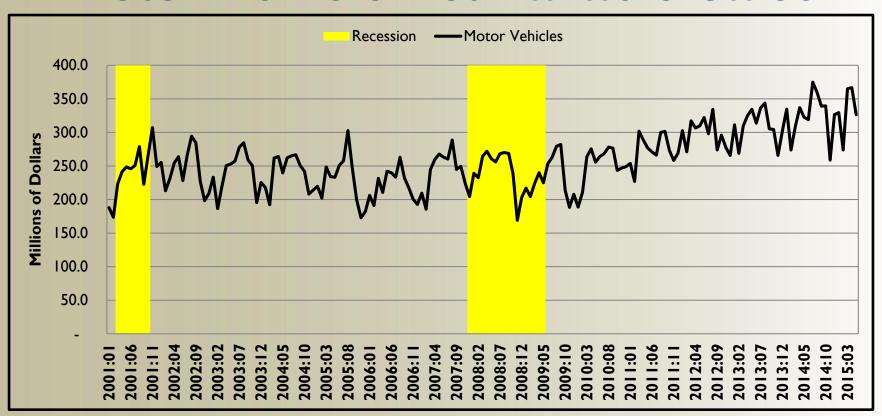
Net Taxable Sales



Source: Nebraska Department of Revenue



Motor Vehicle Net Taxable Sales



Source: Nebraska Department of Revenue



Sales Indicators

- Housing starts and building permits
 - Number of new homes being built and permits for future construction
- New home sales
 - -Number of new single-family homes sold
 - -Median and average prices of new homes



Housing Starts



Source: US Census

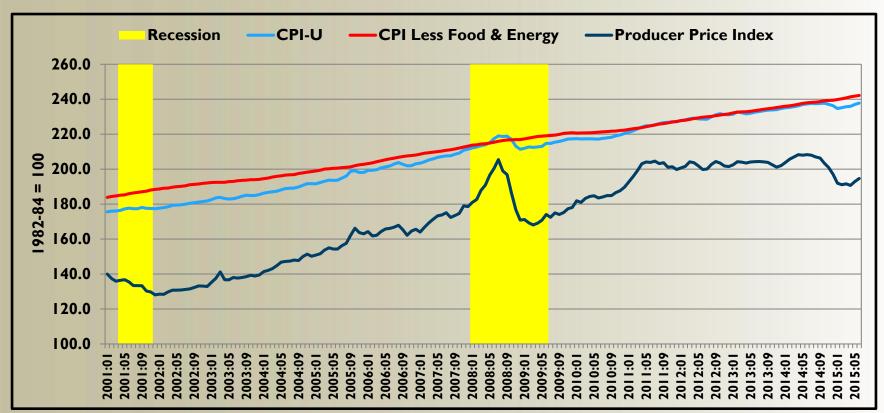


Price Indicators

- Consumer price index (CPI)
 - Measures changes in prices of consumer goods
- Producer price index (PPI)
 - Measures changes in prices paid by businesses



CPI & PPI Price Indexes





- Nebraska Department of Economic Development—Research Division:
 - http://www.neded.org/business/data-a-research
- GDP data:
 - http://www.bea.gov/index.htm
- NBER Business Cycle Data:
 - http://www.nber.org/cycles/cyclesmain.html



- State level GDP:
 - http://www.bea.gov/regional/index.htm
- State Coincident Indexes:
 - https://www.phil.frb.org/
- BLS Employment Situation release:
 - http://stats.bls.gov/news.release/empsit.toc.htm



- Job Openings and Labor Turnover
 - http://www.bls.gov/jlt/
- Initial Claims data:
 - http://www.oui.doleta.gov/unemploy/ claims_arch.asp



- Retail sales data:
 - -http://www.census.gov/retail/index.html
- Nebraska taxable sales data:
 - http://www.revenue.nebraska.gov/
- Housing starts:
 - http://www.census.gov/construction/nrc/pdf/ newresconst.pdf



- Consumer and Producer Price Indexes
 - http://www.bls.gov/cpi/
 - http://www.bls.gov/ppi/



Conclusion