8-11-1963

Kabul Times (August 11, 1963, vol. 2, no. 137)

Bakhtar News Agency

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.unomaha.edu/kabultimes

Part of the International and Area Studies Commons

Recommended Citation
https://digitalcommons.unomaha.edu/kabultimes/407

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the Digitized Newspaper Archives at DigitalCommons@UNO. It has been accepted for inclusion in Kabul Times by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@UNO. For more information, please contact unodigitalcommons@unomaha.edu.
Adhis Ababa Picked-Up
For OAU's
August 15, 1963
(THE FOREIGN MinisteRial Press) — Abhis Ababa has been
picked-up by the Organization of African Unity (OAU) as its
new capital.

The decision was taken at the 12th Session of the General
Assembly of the OAU held in Bangkok, Thailand.

The capital of the new capital will be
on the outskirts of the city of Addis Ababa.

A joint declaration by the
OAU members stated that the decision was made
without prejudice to the sovereignty of the
countries concerned.

The declaration also stated that the
new capital would be used for the
advancement of African unity and
development.

Rusk to Visit
Bonn on Way
To Washington

On August 15, Mr. Henry Kissinger, the
US secretary of state, will visit Bonn on his
way to Washington.

Mr. Kissinger will meet with Mr. Willy
Brandt, the German chancellor, to discuss
issues of mutual interest.

Rusk will also hold talks with top
German officials on a range of
international issues.

The joint communiqué said leaders
discussed the situation in the Middle East
and the need for a peaceful solution to the
conflict.

The communiqué also stated that
the leaders agreed to continue their
cooperation in the fight against apartheid in
South Africa.

The communiqué further stated that
the leaders also discussed the
situation in the United Nations and agreed
on the need for meaningful reforms.

The communiqué also praised the
joint efforts of the USA and the
German government in the global
fight against terrorism.

The communiqué concluded by stating
that the leaders agreed to continue their
cooperation in the global effort against
terrorism.

Kabul, Afghanistan

Taliban Officially
Announces
Kabul
as Capital

On August 15, the Taliban announced
Kabul as the new capital of Afghanistan.

The announcement was made by
Maulawi Samiullah Marzuk, the
Taliban's chief spokesman.

The announcement was met with
mixed reactions from the international
community.

Some countries welcomed the
announcement, while others expressed
concerns about the Taliban's ability
to govern the country.

The announcement was
made after the Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of Afghanistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the Taliban
seized control of Kabul
and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.

The Taliban had been in power in
Afganistan for nearly 20 years.

The announcement was
made after the
Taliban seized control
of Kabul and virtually all of
Afganistan.
Way Found So W. Germany May Postive Look To Joining Test Ban Accord

Congresswoman Says Senators

U.S. Should Ratify Test Ban Accord

Jagan Says Efforts Being Made to Destroy His Govt.

New Method To Overcome Silence On Spacships

Angolan Nationalists by Portugal

U.K. Agrees To Provide U.N.

With Means To Find North Borneo Sarawak’s Views

The Weather

His Majesty’s Visit To Bavaria From Zugspitzte

Afghan Student Meeting In U.S.

Funds Allocated For Archi Canal And Alti Bolek Dam

New Role For Our Schools

Home News In Brief

Main Reason For Dispute Between Afghanistan And Pakistan Is Radio Cologne’s Commentary

In a commentary broadcast on the occasion of the celebration of the National Day of the Federal Republic of West Germany, Radio Cologne said: "The main reason for the dispute between Afghanistan and Pakistan lies in the attempts of the Pakistani government to exploit the natural resources of the Indian Ocean. The Pakistani government has been trying to establish a foothold in the Indian Ocean, which has led to tensions with Afghanistan. The Pakistani government's attempts to establish a military presence in the Indian Ocean have been met with resistance from Afghanistan, who sees this as a threat to their national security. The Pakistani government has also been accused of supporting terrorism in the region. The United States and the United Kingdom have been involved in efforts to resolve the conflict, but progress has been slow. The United Nations has been called on to play a more active role in mediating the dispute. The United States and the United Kingdom have been working to establish a mechanism to resolve the conflict, but progress has been slow."