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VOL. III, NO. 146

# His Majesty Tells Nation He Hopes Loya Jirga Will **Protect Security, Prosperity**

N a speech marking the inauguration of the festivities of the 46th anniversary of Afghan independence, His Majesty the King told his nation that he prayed Almighty God that the result of the work of the representatives of the Loya Jirga, to convene in less than two weeks' time, will safeguard the security and prosperity of the country and guarantee individual

His Majesty in a nationwide address on Aug. 23 from the I Jeshan grounds said what the fulfillment of independence demands is the discernment of national objectives and the finding of a path for their realisation. "This could be realised by everincreasing efforts towards the expansion of our educational system and economic and financial structure, the development of industries and lastly by ensuring individual rights and social justice." Text of His Majesty's speech:

My Dear Countrymen In the history of every nation

there are days which have changed the course of its destiny and have determined its fate.

Celebrating the unforgettable moments which are being hailed by every member of our society with the deepest of emotions is in fact the reminder of those days of pride during which the Afghan nation succeeded in regaining its national sovereignty.

On this day, I deem it as my duty, while thanking God for His kindness, to congratulate everyone of you on the occasion of this auspicious celebration and pray for the souls of the martyrs of

freedom.

The more time separates usfrom them, the more imposing becomes their everlasting role in history and the more our respect for them increases in our hearts.

The ideals of freedom and liberty which are the basis of human dignity have had an important part to play throughout human history. Nations and societies in the world have each, for a time, experienced the misery and misfortune of captivation and deprivation of different kinds. The colonialism of the past two hundred years which swept throughout the world after the industrial revolution in Europe, left many dead in the ruins of the world. During those years, the people of Afghanistan stood up against that onslaught with all the strength they had; and after a series of struggles succeeded in inflicting the first breach on the edifice of colonialism.

If today we are recalling the memory of our ancestors it does not mean that we are renewing past enmities and if today we are celebrating the country's anniversary of independence, it is not only a matter of pride but it is a commemoration of the sacrifices of our dear ones for freedom and the triumph of the concept of liberty over the superstition of

colonialism and slavery. My dear countrymen: we should not forget that our struggles for the fulfifillment liberty have not ended with the sacrifices of our ancestors, but the invaluable gift which they have given us is a trust which we should, with the acceptance of every kind of sacrifice, pass on to the next generation.

What the regaining of independence demanded was the sacrifice of life but what its fulfillment demands is the discernment of national objectives and the finding of a path for their realisation. This could be realised by ever-increasing efforts towards the (Contd. on page 4)

rights, social justice and national interests. A BRIEF REVIEW

# **OF ACTIVITIES DURING JESHAN**

KABUL, Aug. 26.—His Majesty the King delivered his inaugural Jeshan speech at 7:45 a.m. on Aug. 23. He arrived at Jeshan grounds amidst the cheers of thousands of women and men who had lined on both sides of the Ghazi Akbar Khan Watt.

Their Royal Highnesses Prince Ahmad Shah and Marshal Shah Wali Khan Ghazi and Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf accompanied His Majesty in a military jeep from which he inspected the Royal Army and received

The units of the army were introduced to His Majesty by General Khan Mohammad, the Minister of National Defence. After inspecting the units, His Majesty paid tribute to His Majesty late King Mohammad Nadir Shah by facing his masoleum on Maranian hill. A twenty one gun salute was fired as the band played Afghanistan's national anthem.

After delivering his speech, His Majesty proceeded to the saluting stand to watch the

Her Majesty the Queen, Their Royal Highnesses the Princes, other members of the Royal family the President of the National Assembly, clabinet ministers, high ranking officials. Pakhtunistanis residing in Kabul and members of the diplomatic corps also watched the military parade.

A number of small aircrafts took the lead by flying woven pictures of His Majesty the King, the royal and national flags over the pa-

This was followed by a helicopter squadren which dropped cards of felicitations and greeting on the occasion. The army band then took its place before the reviewing stand. The guns and cannons which were used to win the battle of Tal were passed in review, decorated with wreaths of flowers. This was followed by units of officers and students of the Military Academy and the Air Aca-

The reserve officers then marched by, and were followed by heavy artillary cannons, motorised units, anti-aircraft units, engineering units, | communications units, guided missiles, rocket launchers, parachutist units armed with up to date arms and equipment.

When the motorised units were passing by before the reviewing stands, jet squadrons buzzed over the parade route.

His Majesty the King expressed his appreciation to General Khan Mohammad and to the commanding generals of the Royal army at the order and progress achieved by the army.

The President of National Assembly, members of the Cabinet later expressed to Their Majesties their felicitations on the occa-

This was followed by the placing of wreaths of flowers on the mosoleum of His Majesty late King Mohammad Nadir Shah. The (Contd. on page 4)



delivering his inaugural speech at Jeshan grounds on August 23. His Majesty

## **U. Thant Proposes** \$ 104.6 Budget For U.N. In 1965

UNO-New York, Aug. 26 (DPA). -UN Secretary-General U Thant last night published his budget proposal for 1965, providing for total expenditure of 104.6 million dollars or 3.3 million dollars more than last year.

The net expenses to be met by the memeber nations contribu- national life. tions are estimated to reach 88 million dollars, or 1.8 million dollars more than 1964.

Higher expenses will be incurred next year by the creation of 294 new jobs in the UN Secretariat, by the interest to be paid for UN debentures, and for construction costs, and by expenses for conferences.

The Secretary-General announced he would submit a detailed report on the UN's overall financial situation to the next General Assembly which has to approve the budget.

He called the budget the result of contrasting factors—the precarious financial situation on the one hand, and the urgently necessary expenditure for the UN programmes on the other.

The organisation could only continue to grow, he said, if all members were prepared to accept a sensible increase in the annual budget proposals.

Together with the budget proposal U Thant published suggestions for economising made by the Administration and Budget Committee which provide for the lowering of the net expenses proposed so that the increase would amount to only 118,000 dollars instead of the envisaged 1.8 million dollars.

### Mikoyan Returns To **Bucharest After Visit** To Galati Region

BUCHAREST Aug. 26, (Tass). -The Soviet party and government delegation, headed by Anastas Mikoyan, member of the Presidium of the CPSU Central Committee and the President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR, returned to Bucharest last night after a visit of the judicial branch coincide to Galati region.

# **Prime Minister Asks Nation** ToCo-operate In Implementing **New Phases Of National Life**

KABUL, August, 26.— DRIME Minister Mohammad Yousuf appealed to the nation Monday to work together for the betterment of Afghanistan through these important days of change.

In a nationwide broadcast over

"Now it is up to us to traverse this path of prosperity and pride which our forefathers have opened through valour, sacrifice and wise action," he said.

He charged his countrymen to take "firm steps and to build an edifice of comfort and progress for our people and our country."

In tracing the developments of the government during his 18 months as Prime Minister, Dr. Yousuf stressed the importance of the new constitution which has been so widely discussed and which goes before the Lova Jirga for discussion next month.

The constitution draft, he said, has been compiled by a number of the able and wellknown figures of the nation who have debated and discussed it in its drafting stages.

They have been inspired by experiences of nations and the different systems of the world and by the desires and necessities of their country," he said. "From the sum of these factors they have created a comprehensive and complete constitution which opens the way for newer developments in the country."

He said that while the constitution is based on the necessities and conditions of our present and future life, it will retain the link between the historical facts and national culture of the country.

The Prime Minister also discussed the re-organisation of the government into 28 provinces to give "a closer approach by governors and other officials to the affairs of the people." He said this would "bring a spiritual closeness between the people and officials."

He also stressed the importance of the judicial reforms which hold a special place of importance. "The purpose of these reforms is to make the activities with the provisions of the new

Radio Afghanistan, Dr. Yousuf constitution and the necessities reported on the historical aspects of a democratic life so that it will of independence and the prog-ress being made in all areas of duty which it will bear in the future through the preservation of justice in the rights of individuals and those of the society,"

> "In the economic field," he added, "the progress of affairs continues satisfactorily. In certain fields the results are even greater than estimated before-hand."

> He cited some of the important projects completed during the past year, including Kabul Airport, the new University buildings, Habibia High School, the second part of Ghori Factory, Wazir Mohammad Akbar Khan Hospital, and other institutions.

Other large projects nearing completion are Salang Highway Kabul-Torkham Road, the wool factory, the new studios of Radio Afghanistan, the Darunta power plant, and the original Nangarhar Canal, he said.

On the financial side, the Prime Minister reported on the efforts being made at eleminating graft, smuggling, and other, forms of anti-social behavior, as well as stabilising the national currency.

Internationally, he said, Afghanistan is moving toward greater friendship with all her neighbours and other nations. He praised the economic aid being provided by many countries to help raise Afghanistan's educational and economic standards.

In conclusion, he invited the entire nation to "co-operate" in the implementation and preservation of the new constitution and to support sincerely the democratic system in Afghanistan and I am sure that with the exigencies of the time and the discernment of the common duty we have for the coming generations, you will give a positive and practical reply to this

invitation." (Text of Prime Minister's speech will be presented in installments from tomorrow)

## KABUL TIMES

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# KABUL TIMES

AUGUST 26, 1962.

After The Jeshan

The three day Jeshan holi-days are over and the Afghan nations while celebrating their most honoured occasion of the year with pride and joy heard from their leaders of the great historic responsibilities entrusted upon them during this phase of their national

When His Majesty the King, through his nationwide speech, inaugurated the Jeshan festi-vals, he told us of the job to be done when the Loya Jirga convenes in less than two weeks time. He said that while deliberating and debating the new constitution, the members of that grand national assembly are in fact acting on the future path the nation should follow.

To adopt the new constitution. will mean to safeguard and consolidate our national security, prosperity, human dignity and individual rights. His Majesty the King as a benevolent and democratic monarch is spearheading the changes which are taking place right now in the country. These changes are on the basis of the wishes of our enlightened circles and in accordance with the traditions of the nations.

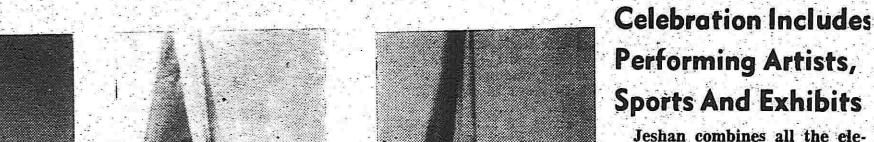
The Jeshan holidays provide our leaders to tell us about their views and wishes for the welfare of the nations and the job to be done. Prime Minister lights speech to the nations is. also presented in this issue, has spoken not only about the achievements of this country during the past year, but also he has invited the people and particularly the enlightened circles to see that the new Constitution is implemented, The fact that we all want to see a kind of society emerge in this country in which individual liberities may flourish and the nation may achieve its most noble aims cannot be denied. We are all one in this.

That the Jeshan is being followed by a historic eventthat of the convening of Loya Jirga to pass a decision on the new constitution—our thoughts are indeed focused on that very occasion. The new constitution is a well balanced document meant to realise justice and equality, establish political, social and economic democracy. organise the functions and branches of the state in such a way as to ensure liberty and welfare of the individual and to maintain general order.

# Pictorial Review Of Jeshan



Their Majesties the King and Queen review the military parade on Sunday, marking the opening of Jeshan. At left of His Majesty's is General Khan Mohammad, Minister of Nation al Defence. At far left is Lt. Col. Abdul Wali, son-in-law of Their Majesties



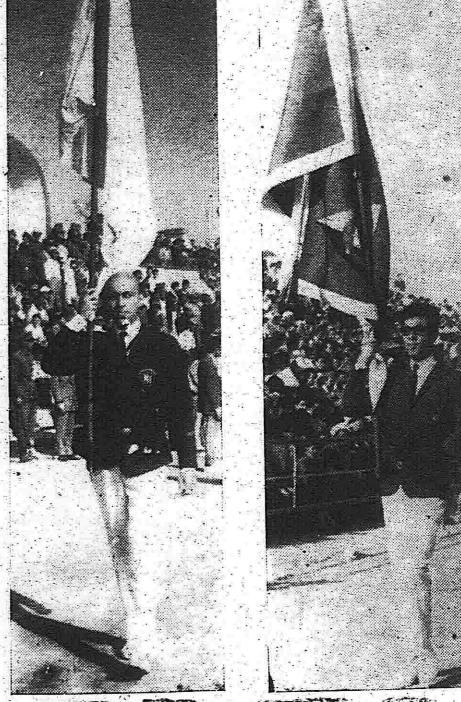
Jeshan combines all the elements of a three-ring circus, plus a variety of other spectacles that make it a unique ex-

As these photos show, Jeshan is parades, horses, stage shows, acrobatics, and exhibits.

But it is far more than that. Jeshan is a harvest festival, an independence celebration. and a long-anticipated holiday greeted with great joy by the Afghan nation.

These photos capture only a mail gumpse of Jeshan. Although the official holiday is finished, the sporting events, performing artists, and national dances will continue all week. The exhibits will be open until

Don't miss it.





Pakistani sportsmen receive royal welcome from His Ma jesty The King.



Police Academy Athletes form living pyramid during athletic day activities at Ghazi Stadium Monday.



KABUL TIMES

AUGUST 26, 1964



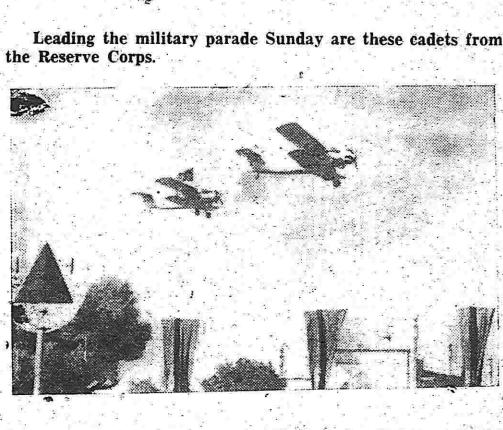
Shown with His Majesty the King on the opening day of the exhibitions are Prime Minister Mohammad Yousuf and Princess Bilguis.



Performing artists from People's Republic of China m eet His Majesty during opening night at Kabul Nandary Theatre on Sunday.



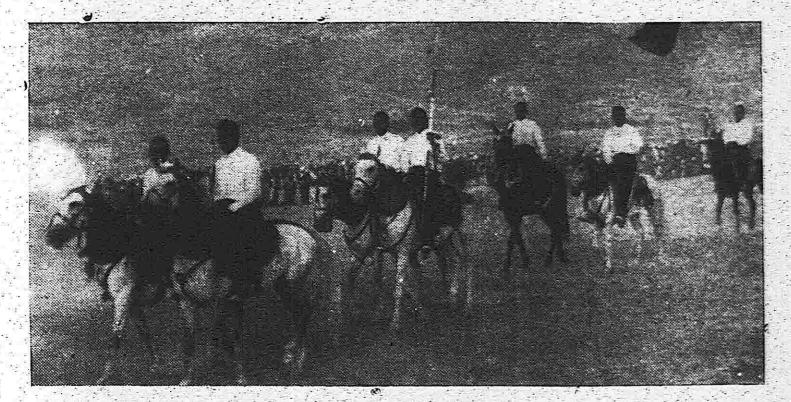
Leading the military parade Sunday are these cadets from



planes.



Hundreds of groups of students, Scouts, and athletes marched in the parade at Ghazi Stadium Monday afternoon, including this group of girls from Kabul University.



The military parade included these low-flying training Jeshan is not confined to Kabul. Celebrations are held in each province, including Wardak where these fine horses performed at tent-pegging and bu zkashi,

### Jeshan Accounts

(Contd. from page 1) parade ended at nine twenty THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE

On the first evening of Jeshan, Their Majesties attended the opening of the theatrical performances of the artist delegations from People's Republic of China, India, the Soviet Union, the Federal German Republic and Pakistan in Kabul Nandary Theatre.

The Royal salute was played when Their Majesties entered the Royal loge. Mr. Latifi, the President of the Pohany Theatre welcomed the artist delegation to Kabul. The chiefs of the five visiting delegations each offered felicitations at the 46th anniversary of the independence of Afghanis-

The performances at opening night included acrobatic acts, dancing and singing.

At the end of the perfomances the artists were introduced to Their Majesties the King and Queen while the Chinese, Indian Soviet, German and Pakistani Ambassadors were present. His Majesty expressed pleasure at the participation of the artists during the national celebrations of the country. He also praised the artists for their performances.

#### EXHIBITION OPENED

On the second day of Jeshan His Majesty the King inaugurated the national exhibition, displaying latest achievements by Afgha-

Upon His Majesty's arrival at the exhibition grounds the Royal salute was played and portraits of His Majesty the late King Mohammad Nadir Shah and those of His Majesty the King along with the national and royal flags were displayed into the air by firework.

Her Royal Highness Princess Bilguis accompanied His Majesty the King.

His Majesty the King then shook hands with Dr. Mohammad Yousuf the Prime Minister, members of the cabinet, high ranking civil and military officials, Pakhtunistanis residing in Kabul and chief of foreign missions to Kabul who were awaiting His Majesty's arrival in front of the exhibition building.

In a brief statement before the opening of the exhibition, Mr. Mohammad Sarwar Omer the Minister of Commerce, said that industrial development in Afghanistan, under the guidance of His Majesty the King is progressing well as progress is also being achieved in civil and social fields. One of the important factors which makes progress in all fields a reality and makes industries prosper is the utilisation of the capabilities and capacities of the people and encouraging them to further use these assets.

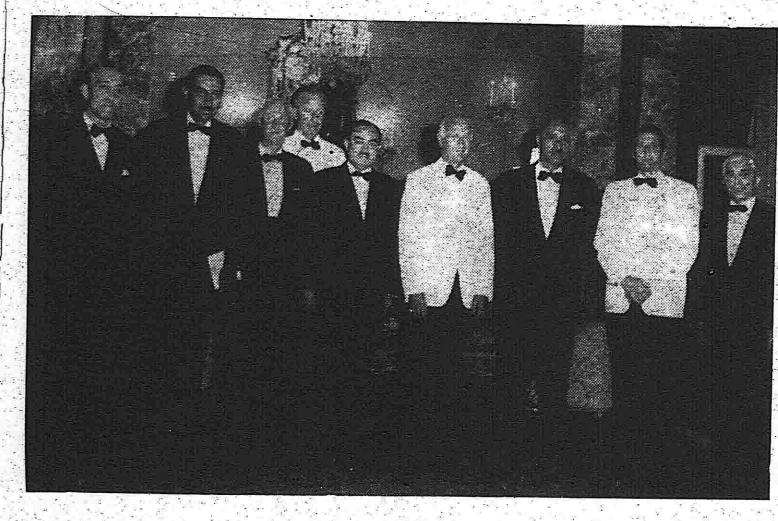
His Majesty the King toured the different exhibitions and pavilions and at the end expressed his satisfaction to Dr. Mohammad Yousuf at the order of the exhibition and progress achieved in the economic, industrial fields during the past year.

SPORTSMEN PARADE

In the afternoon of the second day of Jeshan Their Majesties the King and Queen watched the parade, at Ghazi Stadium by Afghan and foreign sportsmen, boy and girl students of the Ministry of Education. More than 7500 sportsmen, university and school students participated in the parade. Following the salute by President of the Afghan Olympics Federation, the Director-General of Athletic and vice-President of the Afghan Scout Association, Their High Royal Highnesses Princes Mohammad Nadir, Shah Mahmoud and Mehammad Daoud Pakhtunyar carried the flags of the Olympics, the education and scouts.

Then, the parade by the school boy and girl students, and Afghan and foreign sportsmen took place. At the end of parade, gym- movie Star.

# HIS MAJESTY RECEIVES MAYOR OF HAMBURG



KABUL, Aug. 26.—His Exc ellency Mayor Dr. Nevermann President of the Senate of the Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg was received in audience by His Majesty the King at Gul Khana Palace at 8-30 p.m. Tuesday.

Present were also Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf, Mr. Ali Mohammad Minister of Court, Mr. Nour Ahmad Etemadi Secretary-General of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Ghulam Farouq, former Afghan Ambassador to Bonn, Dr. Gerhard Moltmann Ambassador of the Federal Republic of Germany at the Court of Kabul and the entourage of Dr. Nevermann.

Dr. Nevermann dinned with His Majesty the King at the Royal table. Earlier in the evening, Dr. Moltmann, held a reception in honour of Dr. Nevermann which was attended by Mr. Ali Mohammad the Minister of Court, some cabinet members, high ranking civil and military officials, and some members of diplomatic corps.

# S. Vietnam President Resigns As Rioters Urge Revision Of Present Constitution

SAIGON, August, 26, (Reuter).— STUDENT and Buddhist opposition Tuesday swept President Nguyen Khanh from power and forced South Vietnam's military Junta to scrap the nine-day-old provisional constitu-

tion and promise to dissolve itself. Four days of political and re-communique capitulating. It proligious unrest, in several cities, mised to elect a new head of staviolent demonstrations and the the sacking of public buildings, culminated in clashes and killings

in central Vietnam Tuesday. In Saigon, 20,000 demonstrators surged to General Khanh's office after he had issued a communique promising revision of the constitution. shortening of the night. curfew by an hour, creation of a press council to take over censor- Defence Minister and armed forship and punishment of mistakes ces Commander-in-Chief, Lieutemade by local authorities.

Students occupied the padio station, but were unable to broadcast, as programmes continued from other studios.

The junta met and issued a

nastic shows by the Police Academy, and boy and girl students were performed.

Mr. Farouq Seraj, President of the Afghan Olympics Federation then introduced the Soviet, Indian and Pakistani sportsmen to His Majesty the King.

His Majesty expressed delight at the participation of the sportsmen of the three countries in Afghanistan's independence celebrations.

A group of children also prsented flower bonquets to Their Majesties.

In addition to foreign artists and sportsmen several personalities from the friendly countries also were invited to attend the celebrations. Among them are:

Dr. Nevermann, President of the Senate of the Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg, Mr. Barooah the Minister of Education from Assam, India, Mr. Alexander the Vice-Mayor of Moscow, Mrs. Amina Karima, the Vice Mayor of Doshenbe, Tajekestan, Mr. Baqi Rahim Zadeh writer and poet of the Tajekistan and Mr. Delip Kumar famous Indian realise that he was in fact no dic-

testo replace Major-General Khanh. The junta would then dissolve itself and its 58 members would return to their military

Some sources do not rule out the possibility that General Khanh will be elected to succeed himself as chief of state Wednesday. But the hottest tip is that the present

nant-General Tran Thien Khiem, will be chosen. General Khanh met the American ambassador Maxwell Taylor,

for an hour just after the junta's communique was published this afternoon.

U.S. embassy said that although American officials were advised in advance of what the junta was going to announce, there was no question of the Vietnamese asking for American approval.

General Khanh was reported last night as still feeling he was in command of the situation and that there was a good chance of his being re-elected.

Some observers believed this might result from fears by the junta that the Buddhist leaders are becoming over-powerful.

The main Buddhist charges against General Khanh were that he had taken dictatorial powers, that he was allowing elements of the hated Ngo Dinh Diem regime to continue holding power, and that he had removed the leaders of last year's anti-Diem coup.

They also accused him of persecution of Buddhists in certain areas of central. Vietnam in recent months.

General Khanh took a deliberate gamble in not putting down the current demonstrators by force. He hoped that after letting off steam the demonstrators would tator. But the gamble failed.

## Inaugural Speech

(Contd. from page 1) expansion of our educational system and economic and finanical structure, the development of industries and lastly by ensuring individual rights and social justice in the country.

"Fortunately we see that the efforts of the government and the sincere and frank co-operation of the people in all fields being felt in the improvement of the internal conditions of the country.

"Afghanistan's foreign policy is based on neutrality, free judgement, non-alignment in military pacts, mutual respect and adherence to the Charter of the United Nations. This policy has throughout the years taken to itself the form of a tradition. These in themselves confirm the love which the people of this country have for peace. We note with pleasure that the pursuit of this. policy has in actual practice given desirable results in Afghanistan's relations with all peoples and nations of the world.
"Afghanistan supports every ac-

tion for the consolidation of peace, elemination of international tensions and peaceful co-existence in the world. Afghanistan participated in the first conference of non-aligned nations held three years ago in Belgrade and will take part in the second conference of no-aligned nations to be held soon in Cairo. Afghanistan expects that fruitful results will be achieved for world peace.

"In these days when our people are celebrating the regaining of their independence they are aware that to deprive human societies of their right to freedom is contrary to international justice and to the conditions of world peace. The people of Pakhtunistan are still suffering from such a deprivation. At this moment the thought of every individual our country is focussed on them. The efforts of Afghanistan, in support of the wishes of our Pakhtunistani brethern, continue and we hope that the day will come when the Pakhtunistan issue will be resolved through peaceful means according to the wishes of the leaders and people of Pakhtunis-

"Dear countrymen;

# **U.S. Belgium Arms** Aid To Congo **Assailed By USSR**

MOSCOW, Aug. 26, (AP).—The Soviet denounced Tuesday Belgian and US "armed intervention" in the Congo and said "the Congolese people have real friends in Africa-and not only in Africawho will be able to render them necessary asistance."

The statement, published by the Soviet news agency Tass, said the United States is moving in hundreds of paratroopers and heavy weapons and accused the United States of launching military operations against the Congolese people.

It also said the Belgian military forces are becoming more active in the Congo.

"No matter what sums are allotted by Washington to perpetuate the colonial regime in the Congo, one can be sure that they will not be able to buy the support of African peoples to colonial adventures, in suppressing the struggle of the Congolese patriots." the statement said.

"The Congolese people, backed by African and other peace-loving states, will muster their strength to cut short foreign intervention in their domestic affairs and to expel the colonialists," it added.

The statement accused the United States and its partner in the North Atlantic Alliance of preparing for a long time to intervene in the Congo "ignoring both the United Nations and the states directly affected by the events in the center of Africa."

"The colonialists want to introduce into the Congo troops of the United States, Belgium and other NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organisation) countries to replace the recently evacuated UN force under whose cover the patriotic forces of the Congo were hardly dealt with and (former premier) Patrice Lumumba was perfidiously murdered," the Soviet statement claimed.

Meanwhile the US State Departhave resulted in such activities ment restated Tuesday the official the positive results of which are position that the new Congo crisis is an African issue to be solved through the co-operation of African countries.

> "I do not propose to go into this issue." State Department Press Officer Robert McCloskey told a news conference, when asked to comment on news dispatches on the recruitment of mercenaries to fight rebels in the Congo.

McCloskey said that the United States maintains that the government of Premier Moise Tshombe should "look to Africans to help the government of the Congo to find an African solution to its problems of internal security".

Beyond this, however, McCloskey refused to answer a number of questions, especially asking for State Department reaction on a Leopoldville datelined story in the New York Times Tuesday suggesting, among other things, that the United States has "participated" in planning for a mercenary force for the Congo.

"As all of you know a few days after this national festival, the Loya Jirga of Afghanistan will be convened in the capital to study and debate the draft of the new Constitution. I pray God Almighty to grant every one of your representatives the power so during this great national assembly the result of their work may safeguard the security and prosperity of the country, and guarantee individual rights, social justice and pational interests.

I once again congratulate all the women and men of this country on the occasion of these joyous days and prey for the soul of the martyrs of independence and their great leader, His Majesty the late King, Mohammad Nadir Shah.