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Bakhtar News Agency
Britain Has Contacted USSR On Vietnam, Stewart Reports

LONDON, March 2. (Reuter).—BRITAIN has been in touch with the Soviet government as a result of Vietnam's dramatic decisions, the Foreign Secretary, Michael Stewart, said last night.

He told the House of Commons that he was now awaiting the comments on certain views which the British Ambassador had communicated to the Soviet Union on February 25. Stewart was answering a question by David Kanter, a member of the ruling Labour party.

"I am not waiting the comments on certain views which our Ambassador in Moscow communicated to his colleagues in the Soviet Union and the British and Soviet Union are co-operating together in an effort to bring about a conference which ended the seven-year war in the two French Indochina countries, Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos."

Earlier yesterday Stewart told the Commons that Britain had agreed to the Soviet proposal that they should soon publish a report of the (GATT) a series of agreements for Vietnam on the Flare-up of the fighting there in early February, which had led to an immediate increase in the number of American soldiers in Vietnam.

Observers generally believed that the weekend publication of a white paper charging North Vietnam with aggression, which had been a possible signal for more US moves to increase military pressure on the communists.

The impact of the statement made by the administration in the last week has been that the US was ready to negotiate if North Vietnam stopped alleged infiltration of the South, and that it did not believe the communist side had any intention of coming to a general solution at this time.

Therefore, the US must be prepared to follow bombing raids on targets in the North to help the difference, make up their minds that a peaceful solution is preferable.

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Irrigation Problem

The article suggests that although Afghanistan and the United Nations Special Trust Fund order should contain more than anything else the need for irrigation and agricultural development, the projects aimed at improving the level of agriculture in Afghanistan are often on the agenda of the countries and the people, generally on a loan, and the projects generally augmented a whole range of crops, including cotton, wheat, corn, rice, and vegetables, as well as the area of land irrigated. In order to ensure that the projects are viable and sustainable, the following steps need to be taken:

1. Establish a strong institutional framework to implement the projects.
2. Ensure adequate financial resources for the projects.
3. Provide technical assistance to the farmers.
4. Implement sustainable agricultural practices.
5. Promote Farmers' cooperatives.

In conclusion, the irrigation problem in Afghanistan and the need for agricultural development are crucial. The government and international community should work together to implement sustainable and viable projects that benefit the farmers and improve the country's economy.
Harriman Arrives For Visit To Kabul
KABUL, Mar. 2.—Amidst cheering crowds, American Ambassador to Afghanistan, Mrs. William J. Harriman, arrived in the capital early yesterday afternoon on the personal invitation of the Afghan king, Mohammed Zahir Shah. Mrs. Harriman is expected to remain in Afghanistan for two weeks, to discuss political, economic and cultural matters with Afghan officials. The visit is also expected to be an opportunity for Harriman to discuss trade and investment with the Afghan government.

A large crowd of Afghans and American citizens welcomed Harriman at the airport, cheering and waving flags. Harriman, dressed in a suit and tie, was met by Afghan officials upon his arrival.

In a separate statement, Harriman said, "It is a great honor to be here in Afghanistan and I look forward to making contributions to the development of this beautiful country. I will do my best to support the Afghan government in its efforts to improve the lives of its citizens."