Circadian rhythms and stride-to-stride fluctuations: is there a connection?

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INTRODUCTION

- Physiological systems exhibit rhythmic changes over the course of 24h - \textbf{Circadian Rhythms}.
- Aging and neurological diseases have an increased likelihood of circadian disruption.
- Balance and gait exhibit diurnal variations\textsuperscript{2,3}.
- Gait is characterized by stride-to-stride fluctuations\textsuperscript{4}.
- A breakdown in the temporal structure of these fluctuations has been associated with aging and neurological diseases\textsuperscript{5}.
- Circadian disruption may affect the stride-to-stride fluctuations over a 24h period.

The present study aims:

1) to investigate how stride-to-stride fluctuations vary throughout a day;
2) to examine the effects of chronotype in stride-to-stride fluctuations.

METHODS

\textbf{Subjects}:

- Three male participants (28.3±3.89yrs)

\textbf{Data Collection}:

- Chronotype (Morningness-Eveningness Questionnaire).
- 15min overground walking trials at 2h intervals (8am – 8pm), wearing insoles footswitches.

\textbf{Data Analysis}:

- Stride time was determined and we have calculated:
  - Mean.
  - Fractal scaling (i.e. temporal structure) was calculated through DFA\textsuperscript{6}.

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

- A certain cycle emerges for \textbf{daily fluctuations} of the fractal scaling of the \textbf{stride-to-stride fluctuations}. (Fig 1, upper panel)
- Consistency of the linear measures of stride time throughout the day (Fig 1, lower panel)

\begin{figure}[h]
\centering
\includegraphics[width=\textwidth]{figure1.png}
\caption{Mean group values of fractal scaling of inter-stride-intervals (upper panel) and stride time (lower panel) throughout the day.}
\end{figure}

\begin{figure}[h]
\centering
\includegraphics[width=\textwidth]{figure2.png}
\caption{Individual daily pattern of 0.06 value of stride time for three participants. Each chronotype seems to show a specific pattern of daily variations.}
\end{figure}

- Individuals with different chronotypes seem to present a specific pattern of gait variability

CONCLUSIONS

- Stride-to-stride fluctuations in gait are likely to be influenced by circadian rhythms.
- New insights of a potential increased risk of falling in older adults at specific times of the day that can be targeted of interventions.

REFERENCES


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