3-15-1962

Kabul Times (March 15, 1962, vol. 1, no. 13)

Bakhtar News Agency

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.unomaha.edu/kabultimes
Part of the International and Area Studies Commons

Recommended Citation
https://digitalcommons.unomaha.edu/kabultimes/13

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the Digitized Newspaper Archives at DigitalCommons@UNO. It has been accepted for inclusion in Kabul Times by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@UNO. For more information, please contact unodigitalcommons@unomaha.edu.
AFGHANISTAN IN THE
U.N. GEN. ASSEMBLY.

KABUL TIMES.

MAURICE THOMAS.

MARCH 12, 1962.

S. VIETNAMESE PLAN
TO FIGHT GUERRILLAS

"Strategic" Hamlets To Be
Established

SAIGON, Mar. 14 (Reuters)—South Viet Nam Ministers have accepted a plan to introduce a "strategic" hamlet policy to combat the guerrillas, based on the principles of impres- surization, population evacuation, and finally to vastly secure information to Saigon.

Under this plan, several hamlets, or similar villages, will be evacuated and a system of "strategic" hamlets will be established in their place. The evacuation will involve the removal of the population from the area, in order to prevent them from joining the guerrillas. The "strategic" hamlets will be established in the evacuated areas, providing a more secure environment for the remaining population.

Claim Over Part
Of Br. Guiana

VENEZUELA TO SUBMIT
FORMAL DEMAND

CARACAS, Venezuela, Mar. 14 (UPI)—Venezuela is preparing to submit a formal demand for the "blue zone" of Spanish Guiana to the United Nations. The "blue zone" refers to the boundary area between the two countries.

Venezuela has ordered the armed forces to take control of the "blue zone" in case a military conflict breaks out between the two neighboring states. This area has been a source of tension between Venezuela and Spain, as it is claimed by both countries.

U.S.S.R.

Measuring Energy
Of Cosmic Rays

NEW INSTALLATION IN U.S.S.R.

THIRLSTON, March 14 (UPI)—A new installation to study the structure of the universe by means of cosmic radiation has been completed in the U.S.S.R. The installation is located in the Institute of Cosmology and Space Science.

This installation will be used to study the origin of cosmic rays, which are high-energy particles that can travel through space for billions of years. The study of cosmic rays can provide insights into the nature of the universe.

U.S.S.R. MARKS 1st ANNIVERSARY

Soviet News.

KABUL CINEMA.

At 4:30 and 7:30 p.m. American Cinema, Thursday.

VIZA.

DRAMA. Starring From Trac, Moscow.

U.S.S.R. MARKS 1st ANNIVERSARY

FLY BY AEROFLOT

(SOVIET AIRLINES)

Do you wish to visit KABUL MOSCOW, London and other cities? For business and private trips. It is expensive to fly so

On board AEROFLOT

ABROAD, passengers wear unlimited quantities of cargo for transportation from KABUL to Europe via Moscow.

Payment for conveyance is made in Afghanisk with reduced rates.

IN KABUL, TO

ONE WAY

ROUND

MOSCOW

7557.50

7957.50

86.66

94.22

8.03

10.10

COペンHAGEN

7803.50

8203.50

94.22

10.10

1.00

1.25

OSLO

7809.50

8209.50

94.22

10.10

1.00

1.25

APPLY FOR INFORMATION TO AEROFLOT REPS.

AEROFLOT, KABUL, 2916.
AGHANISTAN AND WORLD PROBLEMS IN 16TH SESSION OF U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Omar

With the establishment of a single country, called Oman, and the settlement of the controversy, Afghanistan has once and for all satisfied the need for the establishment of the General Assembly. The Oman issue, before the 16th session of the General Assembly, presented itself as a world problem, and the General Assembly was called upon to discharge the duty of ending the controversy. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

This time took a serious turn when the 16th session of the General Assembly became the center of attention. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

The Oman smont customers of the 16th session of the General Assembly became the center of attention. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

The Oman issue became before the 16th session of the General Assembly, presented itself as a world problem, and the General Assembly was called upon to discharge the duty of ending the controversy. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

This time took a serious turn when the 16th session of the General Assembly became the center of attention. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

The Oman issue became before the 16th session of the General Assembly, presented itself as a world problem, and the General Assembly was called upon to discharge the duty of ending the controversy. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

This time took a serious turn when the 16th session of the General Assembly became the center of attention. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

The Oman issue became before the 16th session of the General Assembly, presented itself as a world problem, and the General Assembly was called upon to discharge the duty of ending the controversy. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

This time took a serious turn when the 16th session of the General Assembly became the center of attention. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

The Oman issue became before the 16th session of the General Assembly, presented itself as a world problem, and the General Assembly was called upon to discharge the duty of ending the controversy. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

This time took a serious turn when the 16th session of the General Assembly became the center of attention. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

The Oman issue became before the 16th session of the General Assembly, presented itself as a world problem, and the General Assembly was called upon to discharge the duty of ending the controversy. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.

This time took a serious turn when the 16th session of the General Assembly became the center of attention. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance. On the one hand, the national interests of Oman were to be protected; on the other hand, the national interests of Afghanistan were to be safeguarded. The problems of Afghanistan and the consequences of the establishment of the General Assembly were to be considered. The situation was one of national, international and communal importance.
THE NEWSPAPER

PEACEFUL CO-EXISTENCE WITH OTHER STATES

Brezhnev's Emphasis at Moscow Meeting

MOSCOW, Mar. 15 (TASS) -- Mr. Leonid Brezhnev, President of the Soviet Union, declared in Moscow yesterday that the Soviet Union would continue its peaceful passion for the cause of nations and peoples with different social systems.

There is no question of taking sides in the world, Brezhnev said, and that all countries, with no exception, are to be treated as equals, despite their differences in social systems.

The President made his remarks at the meeting of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR.

Mr. Brezhnev told the meeting that there is no question of taking sides in the world, and that all countries, with no exception, are to be treated as equals, regardless of their differences in social systems.

Brezhnev said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to maintaining peace and stability in the world, and that it has always been the advocate of peace and cooperation.

He also said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to supporting the cause of nations and peoples with different social systems, and that it has always been the advocate of peaceful coexistence.

Brezhnev said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to maintaining peace and stability in the world, and that it has always been the advocate of peace and cooperation.

He also said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to supporting the cause of nations and peoples with different social systems, and that it has always been the advocate of peaceful coexistence.

Brezhnev said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to maintaining peace and stability in the world, and that it has always been the advocate of peace and cooperation.

He also said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to supporting the cause of nations and peoples with different social systems, and that it has always been the advocate of peaceful coexistence.

Brezhnev said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to maintaining peace and stability in the world, and that it has always been the advocate of peace and cooperation.

He also said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to supporting the cause of nations and peoples with different social systems, and that it has always been the advocate of peaceful coexistence.

Brezhnev said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to maintaining peace and stability in the world, and that it has always been the advocate of peace and cooperation.

He also said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to supporting the cause of nations and peoples with different social systems, and that it has always been the advocate of peaceful coexistence.

Brezhnev said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to maintaining peace and stability in the world, and that it has always been the advocate of peace and cooperation.

He also said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to supporting the cause of nations and peoples with different social systems, and that it has always been the advocate of peaceful coexistence.

Brezhnev said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to maintaining peace and stability in the world, and that it has always been the advocate of peace and cooperation.

He also said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to supporting the cause of nations and peoples with different social systems, and that it has always been the advocate of peaceful coexistence.

Brezhnev said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to maintaining peace and stability in the world, and that it has always been the advocate of peace and cooperation.

He also said that the Soviet Union has always been committed to supporting the cause of nations and peoples with different social systems, and that it has always been the advocate of peaceful coexistence.