Call On Tshombe To Accept Thant’s Congo Plan
U.N. Chief Says Times Has Passed For Long Delays

NEW YORK Jan 1. (Reuters)—U Thant, the U.N. Secretary General, ended his four-day tour of Africa yesterday without a meeting with Mr. Tshombe or his future career, and called on the Katanga leader to accept his plan for a national reconciliation “within a few days.”

The Central Government Accuses Katanga Leaders For Duplicity

A white paper published here yesterday, “The Study of Diplomats,” which marked the Addo-Tshombe talks shows that the Katanga leaders have been duplicitous in their dealings with the Congolese State, the Central Government and the U.N. force in the territory.

The white paper said nevertheless the Central Government was “considerably impressed” that it had been possible to bring about a “neutral, non-aligned, non-partisan” solution of the Katanga problem.

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PROBLEMS OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Domestic Sources of Financing Development Programmes

By TUKERATI

In our last article on domestic and international sources of financing development programmes we mentioned that through the establishment of these programmes, the government is seeking to improve the economic situation of the country. However, it is a fact that it is necessary to have domestic and international sources of finance in order to ensure the success of the programme.

Domestic sources of finance

The domestic sources of finance are divided into two categories: those that are self-generated and those that are generated from outside the country.

Self-generated sources

These sources are generated within the country and are used to finance the programme. The main sources of these funds are:

1. Taxes: This is the most important source of income for the government. Taxes are levied on various types of income, such as earned income, property income, and capital gains. In addition, taxes are also levied on specific goods and services, such as sales tax and excise duties.


3. Import duties: Import duties are levied on goods imported from outside the country. These duties are used to finance the programme and also to regulate the balance of payments.

4. Loans: Loans can be obtained from various institutions, such as banks, financial institutions, and other governmental bodies.

5. Grants: Grants are given by foreign countries and international organizations to help finance development programmes.

International sources of finance

These sources of finance are generated outside the country and are used to finance the programme. The main sources of these funds are:

1. International organizations: The World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and other international organizations provide loans and grants to the country to finance development programmes.

2. Foreign governments: Foreign governments also provide grants and loans to the country to finance development programmes.

3. Private investors: Private investors, both domestic and foreign, invest in the country's development programmes.

The main critical direction for achieving our development goals is to generate self-generated sources of finance, as these are the most reliable and sustainable sources of finance. Therefore, the government should focus its efforts on generating self-generated sources of finance to finance the development programme.

CEYLONSE PRIME MINISTER ARRIVES IN PEKING

Handfuls and thousands of people had thronged to the Padon Ching's palace in the heart of the Chinese metropolis. There, Prime Minister Mrs. Bandaranaike was greeted by thousands of Chinese people. The Prime Minister was received by members of the Chinese government, who welcomed her warmly with speeches of welcome and congratulations.

Mrs. Bandaranaike, accompanied by her husband, Mr. Bandaranaike, arrived in Peking on Saturday night. This is the first official visit of a Premier to China after the Sino-Ceylon relations were established in 1972.

Mrs. Bandaranaike arrived at the Beijing airport on Saturday night and was met by Chinese officials from the Chinese government. The Prime Minister was received by the Chinese Premier, who welcomed her warmly with speeches of welcome and congratulations.

The Prime Minister's visit to China is significant because it is the first official visit of a Premier to China after the Sino-Ceylon relations were established in 1972. This visit is expected to strengthen the economic and cultural relations between the two countries.

The Prime Minister is expected to hold talks with Chinese officials on various matters, including economic cooperation, cultural exchanges, and other bilateral issues.

The Prime Minister is expected to visit various cities in China, including Beijing, Shanghai, and Wuhan.

The Prime Minister is expected to return to Ceylon on Monday afternoon.

U.S. Plans to Land Robots On Mars

The United States plans to land robots on Mars as soon as 1984 to search for life there. The United States has already sent the Viking lander and returned samples of Martian soil to Earth. The landing is expected to cost about $200 million.

The landing would start the first stage of a five-year mission to search for signs of life on Mars. The mission would also include a landing on the moon and a mission to Jupiter. The mission would be carried out by the robotic explorers of the United Nations' space program.

The robotic explorers would be equipped with a range of scientific instruments to analyze the Martian soil and search for signs of life. The explorers would be able to send data back to Earth through a network of satellite links.

The robotic explorers would also be able to search for signs of life on Mars by examining the Martian soil and searching for organic compounds. The robotic explorers would also be able to search for signs of life on the moon and the moon's cratered surface.

The robotic explorers would be able to search for signs of life on Jupiter by examining the Jovian atmosphere and searching for organic compounds. The robotic explorers would also be able to search for signs of life on the moon's cratered surface.

The robotic explorers would be able to search for signs of life on the moon's cratered surface by examining the moon's soil and searching for organic compounds. The robotic explorers would also be able to search for signs of life on Jupiter by examining the Jovian atmosphere and searching for organic compounds.
Tshombe Agrees to Go To Elisabethville
Demands Complete Freedom Of Movement

LEOPOLDVILLE, July 2, 1963 (AP)-Provisional Prime Minister Tshombe of Katanga said on Tuesday he had decided to go to Elisabethville to negotiate a settlement of the flap with the United Nations, according to reports reaching here.

Speaking from his office in Elisabethville, Tshombe said he would continue to work on the Katangan problem without the United Nations' intervention. He added that he would continue to work on the United Nations' request without the United Nations' intervention. He added that he would continue to work on the United Nations' request.

The United Nations had earlier ordered Tshombe to appear in Elisabethville and submit his proposals to the United Nations' representatives. Tshombe had refused to do so, saying he would not accept any condition that would weaken the Katangan government.

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He said the United Nations' intervention was a threat to the Katangan government and would lead to a collapse of the Katangan administration.

Tshombe also said he was determined to meet Chou en-Lai, the Chinese Premier, who is due to arrive in Elisabethville later today. He said Chou en-Lai had expressed his support for the Katangan government and was determined to meet him.

The United Nations' representatives had earlier arrived in Elisabethville to negotiate a settlement of the flap with the Katangan government. Tshombe had refused to meet them, saying he would continue to work on the Katangan problem without the United Nations' intervention.

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