KABUL, July 15.--Hundred umts of Soviet made diesel tractors will be distributed by the Ministry of Agriculture to the farmers in Mazar Yrovmce in the near future: The tractors have a four cylinder engine, with a traction capacity of 45 horse power. In one hour it can plough more than one acre of land.

Mr. Moaad Ali Akbarzadeh, director of the technicum and engineering section of the Ministry, told a Bakhtar reporter there were two kinds of agricultural machinery at the Ministry, manually operated machines including gadgets for weeding, sowing and ploughing. This equipment increases work efficiency about 20 percent as compared with tools available locally. Heavy and light tractors, these machines, range in traction capacity between five and twenty-five horse power.

Referring to the import of these machines, he said samples were requested and put into experimental use. Those which were most suited for the agricultural conditions of the country were then ordered.

The contract for the purchase of 100 tractors for Mazar farmers has already been signed with a Soviet tractor firm.

The farmers will pay for the tractors in instalments: facilities are partly being manufactured in the Jangalak factories or they are being imported, he added.

The Ministry of Justice, several district governors and other important officials were present at the ceremony.

Afghan tractors will be distributed to farmers in Mazar Yrovmce. (PHOTO)

**Vast Development Programmes For Alikabd Hospital**

KABUL, July 15.—More than a hundred and fifty acres of land around Alikabd Hospital in the capital were handed over to the Hospital authorities.

The third ceremony figured when Mr. Ali Alikab, chairman of the Governors' Board, participated in the latter ceremony. Mr. Alikab handed over the land to the Governor.

The former director of the hospital, Mr. Abdoul-Walid Alikab, said the hospital is a modern institution and that the new building will improve its facilities.

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**No Plans For De Gaulle To Visit USA, Says Salinger**

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Senator David M. Salinger said today that De Gaulle was not invited to the United States by Salinger.

Salinger said he had received no request from the French leader.

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The ultimate goal
Prime Minister Dr. Mokmer Dhal said that in addition to the structural task of the present Constitution, establishing and initiating the necessary steps for the implementation of the three branches of the government, and the preparation of the required legislation for the promotion of these institutions, the other important function was to work in conjunction with these fundamental principles to achieve the purpose of creating a feeling of security and identity in the African people, and to safeguard their rights.

Dr. Mokmer Dhal said that his government was working to make the government functionally independent of the European powers, and that this was being done by bringing about a new sense of independence in the minds of the African people, and by ensuring that they understood their rights and responsibilities.

The government was also working to ensure that the African people had a sense of security and identity, and that they were able to take pride in their heritage and culture. This was being done by promoting the development of African education and culture, and by ensuring that the African people were able to participate in the government and its decisions.

In conclusion, Dr. Mokmer Dhal said that the government was committed to ensuring that the African people had a sense of security and identity, and that they were able to participate in the government and its decisions. He said that this was being done by promoting the development of African education and culture, and by ensuring that the African people were able to take pride in their heritage and culture.
S. AFRICA WITHDRAWS FROM U.N. ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR AFRICA

Pretoria, Thursday, July 24. (Reuters).—South Africa has decided to withdraw from the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa in view of the hostility new members of the UN may express toward the apartheid system in South Africa. Dr. Hendrik Verwoerd, former Prime Minister, announced the withdrawal last night.

The African members of the organ composed of 30 countries concerning economic and social questions in the African continent. The Commission is one of the four regional commissions of the UN.

After the withdrawal, the Commission will continue to function with 56 members, including South Africa.

The Commission organ includes many developed countries, such as the United States, Canada, and European countries.

In a statement issued at the head office of the UN in New York, Dr. Verwoerd said: "We have decided to withdraw from the UN Commission because we are not prepared to participate in an organization that is not in accord with the principles of the UN.

We are determined to continue our own development and to maintain our sovereignty. We believe that the UN Commission is not in line with these principles."

Dr. Verwoerd said that the withdrawal would be effective immediately.

The African members have expressed their wishes to withdraw from the Commission in the past. However, this is the first time that any country has actually done so.

The decision to withdraw from the Commission is expected to have a major impact on the Commission's work. The Commission's activities include the promotion of economic and social development in the African continent.

No Nuclear Wea...